

Be Good Live Good

Teacher Manual

Class-1 to 8



BE GOOD LIVE GOOD-1

1. Patience of Little Girl

- A.** 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (d) 4. (a)
B. 1. town 2. fought 3. brought 4. Reward
C. 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F
D. 1. The shortage of food occurred in that country. 2. The servants brought out loaves of bread. 3. Molly found two rupees in the loaf. 4. The rich man gave not only those two rupees, but two rupees more as a reward.

2. The Milk Maid

- A.** 1. (b) 2. (a) 3. (c) 4. (a)
B. 1. Milk maid 2. Princes 3. Pride 4. ground
C. 1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T
D. 1. The milk maid was carrying a pitcher of mil on her head. 2. Milk maid was going to market to sell the milk. 3. The milk maid did really toss her head in false pride. 4. Princes would come to marry the milk maid.

3. Raju and His Camel

- A.** 1. (a) 2. (d) 3. (b) 4. (c)
B. 1. sleeping 2. standing 3. awoke 4. shiver
C. 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F
D. 1. Camel was standing outside the tent. 2. Camel pushed Raju outside to shiver in the cold. 3. The camel stood completely inside the tent. 4. The camel awoke Raju at midnight.

4. The Dog and the Donkey

- A.** 1. (a) 2. (b) 3. (c) 4. (d)
B. 1. washerman 2. thief 3. soundly 4. brayed
C. 1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T
D. 1. The dog used to keep watch. 2. The donkey used to carry the washerman's cloth or load. 3. The washerman was sleeping soundly. 4. Dog did not bark at the thief.

5. The wolf in Sleep's Skin

- A.** 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (b) 4. (d)
B. 1. sheep 2. shepherd 3. feast 4. servant
C. 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. T
D. 1. The wolf was walking in the village. 2. The wolf found sleep-skin spread on the ground. 3. Shepherd shut the wolf in the sheep pen. 4. The guest had the wolf for supper.

6. The Wise Judge

- A.** 1. (a) 2. (b) 3. (c) 4. (d)
B. 1. two 2. quarrel 3. live 4. crying
C. 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F
D. 1. Two ladies were fighting. 2. Both ladies were brought before the king Solomon. 3. The second lady said, "oh king! Do not believe the first lady. She is not the mother. 4. The crying lady gets the baby in the last.

7. Laziness

- A.** 1. (a) 2. (c) 3. (b) 4. (d)
B. 1. Time 2. singing 3. same day 4. Circus show

C. 1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T

D. 1. The name of the lazy was Anthony. 2. Anthony used to avoid the work and other important things. 3. Anthony's father called Anthony one day. 4. Anthony learnt a lesson from this incident.

8. Harry and Garry

A. 1. (a) 2. (b) 3. (d) 4. (c)

B. 1. Friends 2. money 3. merchant 4. Garry

C. 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F

D. 1. Harry and Garry were two boys. They were friends. 2. Harry thought that it is foolish to draw water in a cane basket. 3. Garry saw some gold coins in the basket. 4. Merchant rewarded Garry and gave him a job too.

9. Concentration

A. 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (b) 4. (d)

B. 1. shooting 2. Alex 3. Saint 4. advice

C. 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F

D. 1. Saint started laughing at John. 2. John went to saint and he asked "why are you laughing?". 3. Saint smashed all the pots one by one. 4. Alex asked the saint if he is magician.

10. A Teacher and His Students

A. 1. (a) 2. (b) 3. (d) 4. (c)

B. 1. Fred 2. dogs 3. journey 4. hurdles

C. 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F

D. 1. Mr. Daniel was a teacher. 2. Fred was a student. 3. Fred used to live with Mr. Daniel. 4. Mr. Daniel said, "you should have faith in God. He will save you from all the problems".

11. Two Friends and a Rope

A. 1. (c) 2. (b) 3. (d) 4. (a)

B. 1. walking 2. rope 3. middle 4. pulling

C. 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F

D. 1. Mike and Jack saw a nice rope lying by its side. 2. Both wanted to have the rope. 3. A passer-by was watching the fight between the Mike and Jack. 4. Passer-by said "Fighting for a thing always gives bad results".

12. A Dog and A Cat

A. 1. (c) 2. (b) 3. (a) 4. (d)

B. 1. summers 2. tired 3. vultures 4. lives

C. 1. F 2. F 3. T 4. T

D. 1. The dog went first to the pool to drink water. 2. Both of them wanted to drink the water first. 3. The dog and the cat heard the screams of vultures. 4. That was friendship which saved the life of the dog and the cat.

13. The Ant and the Grasshopper

A. 1. (c) 2. (d) 3. (a) 4. (b)

B. 1. ant 2. listen 3. plenty 4. begged

C. 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. T

D. 1. The grasshopper laughed at the little ant because she was always busy in gathering food. 2. The grasshopper said to the ant that come into sunshine and listen my merry notes. 3. The grasshopper had nothing to eat in winter so he went to the ant and begged for her for a little corn. 4. The reply of the ant was "No" when the grasshopper begged for a little corn.

14. Bell the Cat

A. 1. (c) 2. (b) 3. (b) 4. (d)

B. 1. grocery 2. cat 3. move 4. old

C. 1. F 2. F 3. T 4. T

D. 1. Plenty of mice were lived in the grocery shop. 2. The grocer got rid of mice to buy big fat cat. 3. To get rid of the cat, the mice thought that they should tie a bell around her neck. 4. The old mouse asked, “ Who would bell the cat?”.

BE GOOD LIVE GOOD-2

1. Half of the Reward

A. 1. (b) 2. (a) 3. (d) 4. (c)

B. 1. reward 2. fisherman 3. lashes 4. reward

C. 1. F 2. F 3. T 4. T

D. 1. The rich man could not get the fish. 2. The fisherman brought a big fish. 3. The gatekeeper said to the fisherman, “you have to promise me, that you will share half of your reward with me. 4. The gatekeeper dismissed from the service because he demanded half share of the reward from the fisherman.

2. The Silver Key

A. 1. (b) 2. (a) 3. (c) 4. (d)

B. 1. locked 2. Silver key 3. box 4. Come in

C. 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F

D. 1. Jonathan was a traveller and he lived a hotel. 2. When Jonathan knocked the door, the gatekeeper said, “I have lost the key and the door cannot be opened unless you have a silver key with you”. 3. Money meant by silver key. 4. Jonathan’s box was left outside.

3. An Astronomer

A. 1. (b) 2. (c) 3. (a) 4. (c)

B. 1. astronomer 2. stars 3. moving 4. groans

C. 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F

D. 1. Prabhakaran was an astronomer. 2. Prabhakaran used to go out every night and watch stars. 3. A man passing by heard the groans of Prabhakaran. 4. The passer-by man said in the last, “Helping you would be stupidity”.

4. The Four Travellers

A. 1. (a) 2. (d) 3. (b) 4. (c)

B. 1. belongings 2. noble 3. shepherd 4. money

C. 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F

D. 1. The four travellers were a Merchant, a Noble, a Shepherd and a Prince. 2. Suddenly a storm occurred and all the travellers were thrown by waves on an unknown island. 3. The Merchant and Prince decided to teach and Noble decided to open schools for subjects. 4. The Shepherd earned money by selling twigs in the market and with that money he bought some food for all.

5. The Parrot and the Prince

A. 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (d) 4. (a)

B. 1. sparrow 2. father 3. Prince 4. Parrot

C. 1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T

D. 1. Prince and baby parrot were very fond of each other and grew up together. 2. When they were playing together, Parrot and Sparrow started fighting and the parrot pecked the sparrow. The shocked Prince picked the died Sparrow and in anger he killed the parrot. 3. The father of baby

Parrot heard the sad news. 4. The Prince requested to the father of baby parrot, "Forget all that has happened and please return".

6. The Farmer's Wife and a Crow

- A.** 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (b) 4. (d)
B. 1. eggs 2. vegetables 3. carelessly 4. ground
C. 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F
D. 1. The farmer grew the vegetables on his farm. 2. The farmer's wife was riding carelessly and was dreaming of things she would buy with the money. 3. The farmer's wife blamed the Crow for broken eggs. 4. The farmer's wife realised her mistake and apologised to the crow in the end.

7. The Two Lizards

- A.** 1. (d) 2. (a) 3. (c) 4. (a)
B. 1. dreaming 2. frightened 3. pounced 4. deer
C. 1. F 2. F 3. T 4. T
D. 1. The young lizard was unhappy. 2. The lizards were sitting on a wall of an old mill. 3. Suddenly both the lizards saw some dogs that were chasing a deer. 4. The young and unhappy lizard said 'no one notice us. We are small and have dull lives'.

8. The Girl and the Spider

- A.** 1. (a) 2. (c) 3. (a) 4. (d)
B. 1. climbing 2. frock 3. Web 4. time
C. 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F
D. 1. Amelia was climbing the stairs to the attic to play with her toys. 2. When Amelia saw the torn cloth piece of her favourite frock, she became very sad. 3. A spider came out from the web. 4. Spider had made its home

yesterday only. Amelia's maid removed it away.

9. A Dove and a Bull

- A.** 1. (a) 2. (b) 3. (c) 4. (d)
B. 1. Village 2. sitting 3. horn 4. down
C. 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F
D. 1. Bull was sitting in the cool shade of tree and he was chewing cud with his eyes half-shut. 2. A dove came there suddenly. 3. Dove wanted to show its cleverness. 4. The dove felt ashamed.

10. A Lion Going to War

- A.** 1. (d) 2. (c) 3. (b) 4. (a)
B. 1. war 2. scare 3. plots 4. victory
C. 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F
D. 1. The king of the forest called for a meeting. 2. The king said to the elephant, "you should carry all the weapons of the war on your and fight with great strength". 3. The lion told the bear that you prepared yourself to rush in while the war is on, we may need you if the enemy is pushing us over. 4. The lion said for the donkey that you shall be our trumpeter, to scare our enemy.

11. A Selfish Crow

- A.** 1. (a) 2. (b) 3. (a) 4. (d)
B. 1. grains 2. Homeless 3. pigeons 4. forced
C. 1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T
D. 1. The owner of the farm kept the pigeons. 2. Crow decided to share the feed. 3. When One day, after feed, crow could not control himself and started crying, then the pigeons came to know that crow was not one of them. 4. The crow flew away and went

straight to his brothers to save his life

12. A Peacock's Sadness

A. 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (b) 4. (a)

B. 1. crying 2. sad 3. unhappy 4. weakness

C. 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. T

D. 1. Peacock was dancing happily in the forest. 2. The peacock saw a nightingale sitting on a nearby tree. 3. Nightingale has got the sweet voice. 4. Do yourself.

13. The Foolish Wolf

A. 1. (d) 2. (c) 3. (a) 4. (b)

B. 1. large 2. music 3. flute 4. wolf

C. 1. F 2. F 3. T 4. T

D. 1. When a wolf about to kill the lamb, an idea struck in the lamb's mind. 2. The last wish of the lamb was listening to the music. 3. The shepherd and the dogs were searching the lamb. 4. When wolf was playing the flute loudly, shepherd and dogs heard the sound and they came running to catch the wolf.

14. Freedom and Slavery

A. 1. (c) 2. (d) 3. (b) 4. (d)

B. 1. horse 2. man 3. rifle 4. freedom

C. 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. T

D. 1. The horse frightened from the tiger. 2. The horse asked the man, "Sir, aren't you afraid of lions and tigers?". 3. The man replied to the horse, "If any animal approach me I can kill him by my rifle". 4. The man left the horse in the stable.

BE GOOD LIVE GOOD-3

1. A Mouse Belief

A. 1. (c) 2. (b) 3. (d) 4. (a) 5. (a) 6. (c)

B. 1. jungle 2. Laurel 3. Clapping 4. Deaf 5. Encouraging 6. jumped

C. 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. F

D. 1. The two mice named Laurel and Hardy was fell into the pit full of water. 2. Laurel and Hardy began to jump in order to come out from the water pit. 3. Laurel stopped jumping to hear what the other mice were saying. 4. Hardy jumped harder and finally came out from the water pit.

2. The Lazy Farmer

A. 1. (a) 2. (d) 3. (b) 4. (d) 5. (a) 6. (b)

B. 1. Vegetables 2. stuck 3. wheel 4. mud 5. luck

C. 1. F 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. F

D. 1. Raju was going to market. 2. Raju was a farmer. 3. During Raju's journey his cart was stuck into the mud. 4. God appeared before the Raju. He said to Raju, "Nobody will help you unless you make some effort to help yourself". 5. Raju bend down and put his shoulder to the wheel and urged on the horses after the advice of the god. 6. Raju thanked to the God

3. Shankar and His Kindness

A. 1. (a) 2. (b) 3. (a) 4. (a) 5. (c) 6. (a)

B. 1. thirsty 2. water 3. forest 4. Wounds 5. Old man 6. hill

C. 1. F 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. F 6. T

D. 1. Shankar wanted to give food to the old man. 2. Shankar wanted to give water to the deer. 3. Shankar fell down the hill. 4. Old man pulled Shankar up and deer brought herbs for Shankar. 5. Do yourself. 6. Deer quickly went to the forest and brought some herbs for Shankar to cover his wounds.

4. Three Types of People

A. 1. (a) 2. (b) 3. (d) 4. (c) 5. (b)

B. 1. three 2. learnt 3. third 4. first 5. trust 6. emotions

C. 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. F 6. T

D. 1. Mr. Alfred was a teacher. 2. Mr. Alfred showed three toys to the students. 3. Students observed the holes in the toys. 4. The third toy represented those people who will keep the trust you have in them. 5. Do yourself.

5. A Little Boy and His Anger

A. 1. (c) 2. (b) 3. (c) 4. (d) 5. (b) 6. (d)

B. 1. temper 2. classmates 3. hammer 4. reduced 5. discovered 6. control

C. 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. T

D. 1. Andrew was a boy who lived in a small town. 2. Andrew often fights with his friends and classmates in his anger. 3. Andrew's father decided to teach Andrew a lesson. 4. Andrew hammered nails on the fence. 5. Do yourself

6. A Demanding Boy

A. 1. (a) 2. (d) 3. (c) 4. (a) 5. (c) 6. (b)

B. 1. father 2. thought 3. sweets 4. Saints 5. ourselves

C. 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T 6. F

D. 1. Kishan's father could not afford sweets for kishan. 2. Kishan's father decided to take the boy to the holy man. 3. The holy man gave up sweets in one month. 4. Kishan stopped asking for the sweets from when the holy man said to the boy "My dear child, will you stop asking for sweets which your father could not afford to give you". 5. A person's example is

much more powerful than words.

7. A Clever Boy

A. 1. (a) 2. (d) 3. (b) 4. (d) 5. (a) 6. (c)

B. 1. Hari 2. Donkey 3. Brij 4. Donkey 5. Judge

C. 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. T 6. F

D. 1. Hari and his donkey were going to the market. 2. Donkey was carrying two sacks of wheat. 3. Hari rested under a tree because he was tired. 4. Hari was searching his donkey everywhere when he woke from his nap.

8. Home Sweet Home

A. 1. (d) 2. (a) 3. (c) 4. (d) 5. (a)

B. 1. shades 2. friends 3. City 4. Leftovers 5. attacked

C. 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T 6. F

D. 1. Spotty was a dog and lived in small town. 2. The shortage of food occurred in the town. 3. Pet dogs attacked on Spotty. 4. Spotty ate leftovers every day in the city. 5. Spotty's old friends greeted him when he returned to his town.

9. Donkey and His Dream

A. 1. (a) 2. (b) 3. (c) 4. (d) 5. (c) 6. (a)

B. 1. master 2. barley 3. master 4. Daughter 5. Potter 6. brother

C. 1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T

D. 1. Donkey's cousin came to meet donkey. 2. Potter was the master of donkey 3. Donkey's master put a heavy load on his and started beating with a stick. 4. Donkey offered his cousin grass and barley to eat. 5. Donkey's cousin burst into laughter and he said to the donkey, "You are silly my dear brother. The day will

never come when the potter will marry off his daughter to you". 6. Do yourself.

10. Mouse and the Eagle

A. 1. (d) 2. (b) 3. (a) 4. (c) 5. (d) 6. (c)

B. 1. mouse 2. playing 3. year's 4. bird-catcher 5. strength

C. 1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T

D. 1. Eagle had made his nest high up on a tree. 2. The mouse requested to the eagle, "Please spare my life. I want to live, just as you want to live". 3. One day, Eagle caught the mouse while he was playing outside. 4. Bird-catcher spread his net where the mouse and the eagle lived. 5. The mouse started cutting up the net with its sharp teeth to free the eagle. 6. Eagle thanked the mouse for saving his life.

11. The Foolish Guard

A. 1. (a) 2. (d) 3. (b) 4. (d) 5. (b) 6. (a)

B. 1. appointed 2. chase 3. face 4. sword 5. King's 6. head

C. 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. T 5. F

D. 1. One day, the King decided to keep the monkey as his personal guard. 2. Having been appointed as the king's personal guard made the monkey happy and proud. 3. The monkey tried to chase the bee away by using his fan when he saw the bee. 4. The monkey in his devoted zeal to protect the king drew out the king's sword promptly and struck at the bee on the king's forehead 5. Do yourself.

12. The Disobedient Son

A. 1. (b) 2. (a) 3. (a) 4. (d)

B. 1. two 2. younger 3. huge 4. bad

C. 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. T

D. 1. The younger son demanded his share of property. 2. The younger son sold his share. 3. With his share, the younger son travelled a distant country where he did all he wished. 4. The younger son returned to his country to his parents when he understood his mistake.

13. Harry—"Mr. Hurry"

A. 1. (c) 2. (b) 3. (a) 4. (d)

B. 1. burger 2. mother 3. boys 4. Jordan

C. 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. T 5. F

D. 1. Jordan and Harry were the best friends. 2. After the incident, Harry used to do everything with patience. 3. Harry pushed the door very strongly. 4. Harry always insisted his parents to buy him a burger every day. 5. Harry's father scolded to Harry. 6. Do yourself

BE GOOD LIVE GOOD-4

1. Strange Bird with Two Heads

A. 1. (b) 2. (c) 3. (a) 4. (a) 5. (d)

B. 1. opponents 2. sky 3. praised 4. second 5. stomach

C. 1. F 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T

D. 1. The strange bird lived in a big banyan tree, along the bank of a river. 2. The first head of the bird saw the bright red fruit. 3. The first head said to the second head in anger, "I only saw the fruit and I have the right to eat it without sharing with anyone". 4. The second head saw the pink fruit. 5. When second head ate the pink fruit in a few minutes, the strange bird with two heads died.

2. Cocoon and the Butterfly

A. 1. (a) 2. (c) 3. (d) 4. (a) 5. (d)

B. 1. caterpillar 2. Cocoon 3. butterfly
4. struggles 5. wings

C. 1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. F

D. 1. Bruce had craze for butterflies and its wonderful combination of colours. 2. Bruce tweaked the cocoon to make larger opening for the butterfly and removed the remaining cocoon with the pair of scissors. 3. When butterfly emerged without any struggle, neither its wings expanded or enlarged nor its swollen body reduced. 4. Bruce was happy because he made the butterfly come out of the cocoon without any more struggles. 5. The wings of the butterfly made through the continuous efforts of it to come out from the cocoon will let the fluid stored in the body convert into wings.

3. The Lazy King

A. 1. (c) 2. (b) 3. (d) 4. (a) 5. (a)

B. 1. happy 2. worry 3. king 4. enormously 5. active

C. 1. F 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. F

D. 1. The people were not happy with the king because the king was too lazy and would not do anything other than eating and sleeping. 2. The people started worrying about the king because the king became potato couch. 3. The holy man heard about the ill health of the king. 4. The minister became very happy because the holy man informed the minister that he could easily cure the king. 5. The king regained his health with the help of walking

4. The Broken Horse

A. 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (b) 4. (d) 5. (a) 6. (c)

B. 1. six 2. uncle 3. horse 4. mother 5.

little 6. lunch

C. 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. T 5. F

D. 1. Tina was a six years old cute girl. She was very fond of wooden toys. 2. Tina's uncle gifted Tina the wooden toy. 3. While Tina was packing things with her brother Alex as they planned to return home, the wooden horse fallen down and one of the legs was broken. 4. Tina's mother requested her to eat food. 5. Tina replied to Alex, "Yes brother you are right. It will not be a major issue for you even if the horse is broken into pieces at your age. But if you are in my age, if you had a pet like I had, you will feel how painful it would be to even if a small part of horse is broken!."

5. The Bicycle

A. 1. (b) 2. (d) 3. (a) 4. (c) 5. (d)

B. 1. carpenter 2. bicycle 3. depressed 4. injured 5. hospital

C. 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. F

D. 1. Sam was badly injured because he was riding the bicycle faster. 2. Mike's father promised to Mike to buy him a bicycle. 3. When Mike saw Sam got injured, he rushed to him and helped him stand up and provide him water. 4. Mike said to Sam's parents about Sam's bicycle, "bicycle is too small for Sam to ride and that's why he was injured." 5. Sam got a new bicycle and he came to know that Mike does not own a bicycle. Thus he gave his old bicycle to Mike in the end.

6. Golden Windows

A. 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (b) 4. (d) 5. (b)

B. 1. trees 2. neat 3. Princess 4. mountain 5. dreamt

C. 1. F 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. T

D. 1. The house of the Molly was constructed on the banks of a beautiful river, near the mountain. 2. Molly's house was surrounded by huge trees and beautiful plants. It was a single bedded house, made of woods. 3. Molly's mother allowed her to move around her house. 4. When Molly reached at the top of the mountain she saw a dirtiest house, in fact the damaged castle with dark windows. 5. Molly was upset because the golden windows she saw from the lap of the mountain were in fact the reflection of the dark and dirty windows. She lost words and her desire got vanished. 6. In the end, Molly realized that the sun rays reflecting in the water makes the window glows.

7. True Wealth

A. 1. (d) 2. (b) 3. (a) 4. (c) 5. (d)

B. 1. wealth 2. vacation 3. trip 4. garden 5. cultivate

C. 1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. F

D. 1. Shah was a very rich and wealthy man. 2. Shah wanted to show off to his son how rich his father was and how he made him very proud. 3. Shah planned for a day visit to the entire town to show his son the life of the poor people. 4. Shah was stunned to hear Salem's words and he was completely speechless. 5. Salim thanked his father in the last because his father showed him who is rich and who is poor.

8. Nimi and her Dream

A. 1. (c) 2. (b) 3. (d) 4. (a) 5. (b)

B. 1. plants 2. Seasonal 3. Village 4. Dream 5. laughed 6. realized.

C. 1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. F 6. T

D. 1. Nimi and her family lived in a beautiful village surrounded with beautiful nature. 2. Nimi saw her deceased grandmother in her dream. And Nimi wished to her that she would like to go city to enjoy the city life as she always desired. 3. When Nimi recalled her dream, she realised that what she having now is more than enough and joyful. 4. Nimi visited movie theatre, restaurant and huge mall in the city. 5. Do yourself.

9. Nick and his Father

A. 1. (b) 2. (a) 3. (c) 4. (d) 5. (c)

B. 1. parents 2. Conversation 3. Hourly 4. three 5. speechless

C. 1. F 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T

D. 1. James was a businessman and he could hardly spend time with Nick. 2. Nick was surprised because he saw his father at home in the evening. 3. Nick brought a piggy bank from his room. 4. Nick wanted to go to beach and have dinner with Mr. James. 5. Nick was a ten years old boy. He was the only son to his parents.

10. The Tree and the Travellers

A. 1. (a) 2. (b) 3. (c) 4. (d) 5. (c)

B. 1. travellers 2. branches 3. journey 4. breeze 5. climb

C. 1. T 2. F 3. F 4. F 5. T

D. 1. The big tree was more than hundred years old and located at the centre of four different towns. 2. Two travellers was travelling from the distant place. 3. One of the travellers decided to climb the branches to see

whether the tree has any fruit. 4. The traveller who climbed the tree started cursing the tree because the tree was not a fruit bearing tree. 5. The tree said after listening to the cursing words, "You cannot be so ungrateful to me. Just look back at the condition when you reached here in the hot and dry sun! I offered you cool and comfortable place to rest and sleep with soothing breeze. If I was not here when you were very tired you would have died now! I saved your life from the hot sun, but you humiliate me!"

11. The Three Different Fishes

- A.** 1. (a) 2. (c) 3. (d) 4. (b) 5. (c)
B. 1. bigger 2. lazy 3. intelligent 4. escape 5. lake
C. 1. F 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. F
D. 1. The first fish always dwell in past and very lazy. The fish did not believe in preparing for the future. 2. The second fish lives for the present. It was a little bit wise and tends to make some good decisions in the last minute. 3. The third fish was an intelligent one. It usually thinks a lot, make the decision wisely and always carry smart and interesting ideas, suggestions and plans to live happily and safely. 4. When the second fish caught it acted dead for escape the fisherman 5. The first fish was caught in fisherman's net

12. A Potter's Donkey

- A.** 1. (d) 2. (c) 3. (a) 4. (b)
B. 1. barley 2. master 3. daughter 4. Master
C. 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F
D. 1. Potter was the master of donkey.

2. Donkey offered his cousin grass and barley to eat. 3. Donkey's cousin came to meet donkey. 4. Donkey puts the heavy loads for his master.

13. The Brahmin and the Crooks

- A.** 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (b) 4. (c) 5. (d) 6. (b)
B. 1. crooks 2. brahmin 3. trick 4. Temper 5. Temper 6. stopped
C. 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. F 6. T
D. 1. Brahmin was holy, dutiful and very superstitious. 2. The hungry crooks crossed the Brahmin's path. 3. The crooks made a plan to take the goat away. 4. In the last, the Brahmin was getting scared and threw the goat to the ground and ran away from there. 5. Crooks laughed at the Brahmin for his stupidity.

BE GOOD LIVE GOOD-5

1. Emi and the Owl

- A.** 1. (b) 2. (c) 3. (a) 4. (d) 5. (c)
B. 1. food 2. Lakeside 3. owl 4. Inauspicious 5. archer 6. gypsies
C. 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. F 6. T
D. 1. Emi was a swan king and he lived by a lake in a dense forest. 2. Death came to meet Emi in the guise of owl. 3. Emi flew to Lotus glove to meet his friend owl who lived there. 4. Emi died hitting by the arrow. 5. The owl lived in a tree hole.

2. The Camel with a Bell

- A.** 1. (d) 2. (d) 3. (a) 4. (c) 5. (d)
B. 1. poor 2. under 3. owner 4. jungle
C. 1. F 2. T 3. F 4. F
D. 1. Ratan singh was a cart-maker he wanted to leave the town because there was no work for him. 2. When Ratan Singh and his family was still

deep in the jungle, the sun set and cart-maker saw a female camel, suffering from labour. Soon, she gave birth to a baby camel and cart-maker took care of them until female camel fully recovered. 3. The cart-maker's behaviour was good with his servant. He paid him one baby camel every year and also gave him camel milk every day to drink in return for his services. 4. The other camels said for the camel with a bell, "this foolish fellow always strays away and walks behind us with his bell ringing. One day he will fall in the clutches of a wild beast". 5. When the lion heard the sound of the bell, he followed the sound and saw a caravan of young camels moving ahead.

3. When Villagers Saw the Heaven

- A.** 1. (d) 2. (a) 3. (c) 4. (b) 5. (a) 6. (c)
B. 1. foolish 2. needles 3. blind 4. Gangu 5. blind
C. 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. F
D. 1. Bhilu use to do some foolish act every now and then, and, as a result suffer. Occasionally, he would break his leg or hurt himself on account of his foolish deeds. 2. Bhilu pierced needles in both his eyes as a result he became blind. 3. Gangu was a villager and he also pierced the needle in his both eyes as Bhilu did. 4. Bhilu was telling to everyone after becoming blind that I can see the Heavens now. 5. All villagers became blind in the last.

4. The Old Wise Crow

- A.** 1. (a) 2. (c) 3. (b) 4. (a) 5. (a) 6. (d)
B. 1. night 2. drama 3. crows 4.

ministers 5. cave

- C.** 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. F

D. 1. The crows lived in a huge banyan tree. 2. The owls lived in a mountain cave. 3. Thousands of crows were killed and eaten up by the owls. 4. The reason behind calling the meeting of crows was the loss of lives of thousands of crows that were killed and eaten up by the owls. 5. In the last, the seemingly wounded and weak crow piled up thousands of wooden logs at the mouth of the owls' cave and put fire into it. The fire flames leapt up high and all the owls in the owls' kingdom, inside the cave, were burnt to ashes.

5. The Horse and the Lion

- A.** 1. (a) 2. (c) 3. (d) 4. (b) 5. (a) 6. (b)
B. 1. servant 2. Sadness 3. dead 4. animal 5. horse 6. dead
C. 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. F 6. F
D. 1. The horse lived in farmer's house. 2. The farmer asked the horse to bring a lion because he wants a lion's skin. 3. Fox helped the horse in the forest. 4. The fox tied the horse's tail with the leg of the lion and the horse ran fast as he could by the horse bring the lion to his master's house. 5. The farmer was happy because the horse brought a dead lion and he allowed the horse to stay at his house as long as he wished in the last.

6. Tree Devta and the Weaver

- A.** 1. (c) 2. (d) 3. (a) 4. (b) 5. (c) 6. (b)
B. 1. handloom 2. tree 3. Trouble 4. weaver 5. intelligence
C. 1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. F

D. 1. Mantharaka was the name of the weaver. 2. Mantharaka decided to go a nearby forest because he wanted to repair his handloom. 3. The weaver heard a voice, "Stop! Please do not cut this tree. It is my home", when he started cutting the tree. 4. The barber suggested a wish to the weaver that it would be wise of you to ask for a kingdom. Once the boon is granted you will become a king and there will be no scarcity of any kind in your life. 5. The weaver's wife suggested a wish to the weaver that ask tree devta for two more hands and one more head, so that you could weave more cloth and earn more money by selling more cloth in the market.

7. The Merchant and the Barber

A. 1. (c) 2. (d) 3. (a) 4. (b) 5. (c)

B. 1. dream 2. Manibhadra
3. basement 4. invitation 5. barber

C. 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. T

D. 1. Manibhadra was a merchant who was lived in a town known as Patliputra. 2. Manibhadra saw a Jain monk in his dream. The monk hit on his head with a stick and he turned into solid gold. 3. Manibhadra's wife called the barber to massage her feet. 4. The head monk refused the invitation of the barber and said, "we are not Brahmins, who are invited by people to eat. Everyday, we collect alms and accept food only from the first devotee of the day. We eat to live only and not live to eat".

8. The Hunter and the Doves

A. 1. (b) 2. (c) 3. (a) 4. (d) 5. (b)

B. 1. homes 2. rice 3. net 4. dove 5. mouse

C. 1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. F 6. F

D. 1. When the doves came down on the ground to eat the grains of rice, as they started eating the rice, a huge net fell over them and they trapped in the fowler's net. 2. The king dove planned and said to his followers that we should all fly up together clutching the net in our beaks. 3. The mouse was frightened because he heard the doves making noise in front of his hole. 4. Mouse helped the doves by cutting the net. 5. The king dove said, "first set my followers free" because a king cannot keep his subjects in pain and enjoy the freedom for himself. 6. The mouse praised the king dove for his nobleness and after that cut the portion of net, which would set free the other doves first and later he freed the king dove.

9. The King and His Son

A. 1. (a) 2. (b) 3. (c) 4. (d) 5. (a) 6. (c)

B. 1. bad 2. courtiers 3. garden 4. message 5. confidence

C. 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. T 5. F

D. 1. The king offered saint a hermitage in his palace because the king came to know that the saint was trying to find out a good dwelling place for himself. 2. The people of the kingdom called the Prince as "unworthy" because he was very ill-tempered and bad mannered. 3. The saint took the prince for a walk through the garden of the palace. And there saint asked the prince to eat a leaf of a plant. 4. The prince pulled the tiny plant out of the ground

because he thought that if it is allowed to grow into a big tree, it may prove dangerous for the health of many people. 5. The prince understood the message of the saint in the last and after that he tried to grow humble and kind hearted, full of mercy and love.

10. The Marriage of a Snake

A. 1. (b) 2. (d) 3. (c) 4. (a) 5. (b)

B. 1. snake 2. basket 3. son 4. girl 5. snake

C. 1. F 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T

D. 1. The brahmin couple prayed day and night to the god because they had no baby. 2. Daughter of Brahmin's friend married the Brahmin's snake son. 3. After a few moments a young man came out of the room that night when the snake crawled out of the basket into the room. 4. The secret about which the Brahmin and his wife come to know was that their snake son slipped into the empty shell of the snake and then came out of it again transformed into a man. 5. One night, the Brahmin kept a watch over his son. As soon as his son came out of the snake's body transformed into a young man, the Brahmin got hold of the snake's empty outer covering and threw it into the fire. Thus the brahmin saved his son's life

11. Sammy and Timmy

A. 1. (d) 2. (a) 3. (b) 4. (c) 5. (b)

B. 1. parents 2. pen 3. fast 4. Sammy 5. love

C. 1. F 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. T

D. 1. Sammy was a good boy. He was good in his studies, obedient to his parents, more intelligent than many

other boys in his class and kind to everyone. 2. Timmy was not good at studies and always liked to play during school hours. He misbehaved with his parents, disturbs his classmates and even ill-treated Sammy. He always tried to put Sammy down. 3. Timmy stole Sammy's pen because that was very beautiful pen and it could help one write very fast. 4. When Sammy came back in the class and could not find his pen, he informed his class teacher. The class teacher ordered the class monitor to search the bag of every child inside the class by this Sammy got the missing pen back. 5. Sammy was a kind boy; he had no ill-feeling against his classmate. He requested his class teacher not to take any action against Timmy, this behaviour of Sammy opened the Timmy's eyes.

12. A Common Man

A. 1. (d) 2. (a) 3. (b) 4. (c) 5. (d) 6. (a)

B. 1. twelve 2. doctor 3. studying 5. hand

C. 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. F

D. 1. Raj was a middle aged man. He was born in a poor family, but raised well by his father and mother. 2. Raj's father owned a welding shop and used to work for more than twelve hours a day to lead a decent living. 3. Raj's dream was to become a doctor. 4. Arjun was a toy selling boy and Raj met him while he was on an official tour. 5. Arjun's father lost his one hand in an accident and after that accident his father was unable to work.

13. The Wicked Friends

- A.** 1. (b) 2. (a) 3. (b) 4. (b)
B. 1. jackal 2. cried 3. lion 4. Camel
C. 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. T
D. 1. On seeing extra ordinary animal, the lion said, "go and ask him where he comes from". 2. One day the lion had a fight with mad elephant and became wounded by the elephant's sharp tusk. 3. On hearing the wicked words of the jackal, lion cried out furiously, shame on you, you rascal! Say that again and I will kill you on the spot! How can i kill the camel when I've assured him that his life will be safe? 4. Lion Killed the camel to satisfy his hunger.

BE GOOD LIVE GOOD-6

1. The Princes and the Water-Sprite

- A.** 1. (a) 2. (d) 3. (c) 4. (b) 5. (a)
B. 1. Sun prince 2. twenty-first 3. Queen 4. fairies 5. Water-sprite
C. 1. The queen 2. King 3. King 4. Stars prince 5. Sun prince
D. 1. The name of the first son was Stars Prince. The next was called the Moon Prince and the third was called the Sun Prince. 2. The king promised to gave the queen any boon she might asked because he was very happy when the third son was born. 3. The king sent his sons to forest because he feared that queen would do harm to the older princes to get them out of the way of the Sun Prince. 4. Sun prince went to take water from the pond. 5. The eldest son wanted to bring back the youngest one because it was on his account that our father sent us away.

2. A Mischievous Boy

- A.** 1. (b) 2. (c) 3. (c) 4. (a) 5. (d)
B. 1. problem 2. helpful 3. eerily 4. cricket 5. doorstep
C. 1. Vikas 2. Parents 3. Father 4. Rooni 5. Monster 6. Rooni
D. 1. The name of Ronni's parents was Neha and Rahul. 2. Ronni spent his time in the house of his friend by reading stories and looking at the pictures in some of Vikas's exciting monster books. 3. The park had fallen eerily silent and he heard a human noise that was came from behind him when he was returning through the park. 4. The human voice said to Ronni, "Guess what I can do with my long bony finger and my long pointed teeth"? 5. When Ronni was sitting on his doorstep, then he opened his left eye a teeny weeny bit and saw the monster was right before him.

3. The Moon Lake

- A.** 1. (d) 2. (a) 3. (d) 4. (d) 5. (a)
B. 1. thirst 2. water 3. elephants 4. messenger! 5. moon 6. shocked 7. head 8. happily
C. 1. King elephant 2. King elephant 3. A little rabbit 4. A little rabbit 5. King elephant 6. A little rabbit
D. 1. King elephant was a huge, majestic tusker. He looked after herd of elephants with love and care. 2. When drought hit the area, birds and animals died of thirst. The wild elephants suffered for want of water. 3. When elephants made their way to the lake, they had to pass through colony of rabbits. Thousands of rabbits were trampled to death and

thousands more were injured. 4. The rabbit messenger said to the king elephant, "I am a messenger from the mighty moon. But you must not be angry with me. Please remember that a messenger is never punished or what he has to say. He is only doing his duty." 5. When the king elephant dipped his trunk into the water, the water was disturbed and the moon seemed to move to and fro.

4. Karna – The Greatest Donor

- A.** 1. (a) 2. (d) 3. (b) 4. (a) 5. (b) 6. (d)
B. 1. Kunti 2. Sun 3. Karna 4. Indra 5. Armour 6. amogha
C. 1. The Sun God 2. Karna 3. Karna 4. Indra 5. Indra
D. 1. Karna was the eldest son of Kunti. 2. Karna had natural armour round his chest. 3. Indra came to seek alms from the Karna. 4. Indra asked from Karna, "Don't you ever call yourself the greatest donor if you cannot give away the desired alms. Here I go empty handed." 5. Indra gave the amogha weapon to Karna. 6. Arjuna was the sworn enemy of Karna.

5. The Faithful Sheepdog

- A.** 1. (b) 2. (b) 3. (c) 4. (a) 5. (a) 6. (d) 7. (a)
B. 1. friend 2. overhead 3. woods 4. deceive 5. shepherd
C. 1. Shepherd 2. Shepherd's wife 3. shepherd 4. wolf 5. Baru 6. wolf
D. 1. The name of the sheepdog was Baru. 2. The shepherd wanted to shoot the Baru because he had grown old and was not useful anymore. 3. The wolf said to Baru, "I'll run out of

this woods, snatch the baby up and run away with him. You must chase after me just as fast as you can. When I drop him, you must pick him up". This idea was planned by the wolf to help the Baru. 4. Baru was given a treat of a splendid feast because he had saved the life of shepherd's son. 5. The wolf wanted to steal away one lamb in return for his favour. 6. The shepherd decide to shoot the Baru and Baru was terrified because he had only one day to live. 7. The shepherd's wife screamed in terror because the wolf snatched the child and ran away.

6. Knowledge that Saves

- A.** 1. (c) 2. (d) 3. (a) 4. (c) 5. (b)
B. 1. argue 2. huge 3. Shastras 4. possible 5. knowledge
C. 1. Rama Shastri 2. Boatman 3. Rama Shastri 4. Boatman 5. Boatman 6. Rama Shastri
D. 1. Rama Shastri was a great pandit. He knew many Shastras by heart. 2. The simple villagers would wonder how so small a head could contain so much knowledge. 3. Rama Shastri was going to river ghat because he wanted to attend a debate to be held in a town on the other side of the river. 4. The pandit started conversation with the boatman to spent the time on the boat. 5. According to the pandit, the purpose of human life is to learn as many Shastras as possible.

7. Jacky – The Wicked Tiger

- A.** 1. (b) 2. (b) 3. (a) 4. (a) 5. (b) 6. (c) 7. (a) 8. (c)
B. 1. wooden 2. cage 3. idea 4. dumb 5. Ungrateful 6. long

C. 1. Jacky 2. Mohit 3. Mr. Bray 4. Miss Mare 5. Riya 6. Riya 7. Jacky 8. Mohit

D. 1. One day when Mohit was walking down a path, he saw a large tiger trapped in a wooden cage. 2. Jacky pleaded to Mohit, "I am so thirsty. Please open the cage so that can get a little drink. There is no water here". 3. When Jacky pleaded to Mohit, he replied if I let you out, you would jump on me and eat me up. 4. Mr. Bray said 'let the Jacky eat you' because Mr. Bray declared the humans are an ungrateful race. 5. Jacky called out a girl named Riya in the end. 6. Miss mare was unable to eat up because her back was aching from dragging heavy loads.

8. Positive Thinking

A. 1. (b) 2. (d) 3. (c) 4. (a) 5. (c) 6. (a)

B. 1. succeeded 2. depends 3. negative 4. determined 5. positive

C. Do Yourself

D. 1. When your mind is filled with positive thoughts, it is called positive thinking. 2. to 5. Do yourself

9. Good Habits

A. 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (d) 4. (b) 5. (a)

B. 1. character 2. Practices 3. Repetition 4. convenient 5. river

C. 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. F 6. T

D. 1. Good habits are practices that help us in our daily life and that are pleasing to people we meet. 2. Rajat's bad habit of being late had affected his life. Hence, he lost his job also. 3. Do yourself. 4. A man of experience says that there are four good habits—

punctuality, accuracy, steadiness and efficiency.

10. Six Feet Land

A. 1. (a) 2. (c) 3. (b) 4. (b) 5. (c)

B. 1. Mathura 2. requested 3. farmer 4. narrated 5. Six feet

C. 1. F 2. F 3. T 4. F

D. 1. Mathura was a small farmer who had small land-holding and a few cattle. 2. Mathura made up his mind to sold his belongings and settled somewhere else because he wanted to expanse of land and more cattle. 3. Mathura was envious of his wife's younger sister and her husband because they were wealthy and had modern means of cultivation. 4. The head Bashir offered to Mathura that he had reached a place where he could have land to his heart's content. 5. The next morning the Bashirs set up a tent on the hillock which was also the starting as well as the terminating point for Mathura.

11. Common Sense

A. 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (d) 4. (c) 5. (b) 6. (d)

B. 1. book 2. fourth 3. friend 4. prevent

C. 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. T

D. 1. The fourth scholar was not as well read as rest three scholars, this was the difference between them. 2. One day when all scholars were together, the first scholar said, "though we have studied a lot and gathered so much knowledge, it's of no use to us because we are stuck in this little town. Why don't we set out of seek our fortune in foreign lands? If we go to the faraway courts of great kins, our

wisdom will surely earn us fame and fortune". 3. The scholars found the skin and bones of a died lion while they were crossing the dense jungle. 4. The fourth scholar climbed the tree because the rest three scholars are ready to bring the died lion to life. 5. At the end, the third Brahmin scholar breathed life into the lion and the lion leapt upon the three scholars and tore them to pieces.

12. The Chair

- A.** 1. (a) 2. (c) 3. (a) 4. (a) 5. (c)
B. 1. Carpenters, 2. Idea, 3. Design, 4. Honourable
C. 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F
D. 1. The king noticed that no one except himself had a comfortable seat. 2. The king announced that a handsome cash award for the winner who would present the suitable model of the chair. 3. Cobbler made the chair. 4. When the suitable seat arrived in front of the king, he asked the honourable men to name the suitable seat. Suggestions started flowing. No two persons agreed and tempers were rising high. The honourable men started hurling the seats at one another. Hence all the seats got smashed.

BE GOOD LIVE GOOD-7

1. The New Girl in the Team

- A.** 1. (b) 2. (d) 3. (c) 4. (a) 5. (c) 6. (a)
B. 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T 6. F
C. 1. public 2. displeasure 3. Support 4. Team-mates 5. Delicate
D. 1. Shelly was ill-treated by her classmates because she was too low in

status by their standards. 2. The coach supported Shelly by encouraging her. 3. Do yourself. 4. Do yourself. 5. The remark of the coach "Maybe this year Reema you will finally win because of Shelly", touched Shelly.

2. Being a Responsible Citizen

- A.** 1. (b) 2. (b) 3. (c) 4. (c) 5. (b)
B. 1. computer, fan, 2. Water, 3. Soap, 4. Neighbours, 5. Mops, buckets
C. 1. mother 2. mother 3. resident 4. Rohit 5. Residents
D. 1. Rohit was a careless boy and his mother is always asked him to turn off the computer, lights, and fan. 2. Rohit forgot to close the tap before going to tuition classes. 3. When the water supply resumed, the water started draining off. 4. Rohit's father rushed home from office and offered to pay for another tanker for the building but the residents decided to pool money. 5. Rohit was really ashamed for his carelessness.

3. Method of Working

- A.** 1. (a) 2. (b) 3. (d) 4. (c) 5. (a) 6. (b) 7. (d) 8. (a)
B. 1. nest 2. dirty 3. room 4. wooden 5. eggs 6. nestling 7. cursing 8. peg
C. 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T 6. F 7. F 8. F
D. 1. Our success depends on the method that we choose. 2. Rohit made a wooden nesting house for the birds, so that they might have a secure house where they could make their nest, lay their eggs and hatch them. 3. Rohit removed the nest from the electric tube because he was not willing to allow the birds to continue with their nest at the electric tube. 4. When the

female pigeon could no more postpone laying eggs, it laid its eggs sitting on the fan itself and all the four eggs fell down and broke because there could not have been any other way. 5. When we choose an inappropriate method, success may elude us, so it is necessary that we should choose a suitable method. 6. If the method we have chosen not working properly, we should go for another method which can be suitable. 7. Do yourself.

4. Riya – A Clever Girl

A. 1. (a) 2. (b) 3. (a) 4. (a) 5. (c) 6. (c)
B. 1. wooden 2. Friendly 3. tiger 4. Strongly 5. Sharpening 6. Cruel 7. Hungry 8. suitably
C. 1. sherkhan 2. Josef 3. sherkhan 4. Miss Mare 5. Sherkhan
D. 1. Sherkhan was trapped in the cage because he had stolen lambs. 2. When Sherkhan saw a little boy, he said, "Hey you little boy!" "I am so thirsty. Please open the cage so I can get a little drink. There is no water here". 3. Josef was a friendly boy. He opened the door and let the tiger out when he pleaded to Josef. 4. Mr. Bray said 'let Sherkhan eat you' because he thought that humans are an ungrateful race. 5. Miss Mare answered, "There was a time when I was free to roam the forests. Then one day, my master captured me. He put a saddle on my back and a bridle in my mouth. He rode me hard. I have carried his children and grandchildren on my back. But now that I am old he makes me drag this cart. 6. Sherkhan called a

girl named Riya in the end. 7. Sherkhan said to the Riya, "Dear child, you have a fair face. I know you will be fair and just. So the matter is that Josef freed me from a cage. But I am a tiger and I want to eat him. Can I or can't I?" 8. Riya said to the sherkhan in the end, "you have been very wicked and ungrateful. I hope you are locked up for a very long time".

5. Leadership

A. 1. (d) 2. (a) 3. (c) 4. (a) 5. (d) 6. (a)
B. 1. F 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. F 6. T 7. T
C. 1. Scientist 2. Boss 3. Scientist's wife 4. Scientist 5. Scientist's wife 6. Boss
D. 1. The very basic form of responsibility is when a child is small, he is given toys and is asked to keep those toys well. 2. A responsible student completes his assignments and projects on time. 3. A child, who completes his assignments and projects on time, steals a march over other children in becoming a leader. 4. The 70 scientists were frustrated due to the pressure of work and the demands of their boss. 5. The scientist forgot his promise which he gave to his children because he was so absorbed in his work. 6. The scientist sure of when he was late to leave the office that his wife would tell all kinds of things and the children would be unhappy with him for not keeping his word. 7. Dr. APJ Abdul Kalam was the boss of the scientists.

6. Pillars of Success

A. 1. (b) 2. (c) 3. (d) 4. (b) 5. (a)
B. 1. failures 2. experience 3. success

4. cave 5. Spirit, desire

C. 1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T 6. F

D. 1. Failures are the pillars of success. 2. Experience makes us wiser. 3. Success depends upon wisdom and self confidence. 4. The king Bruce was inspired by a spider that the spider tried for seven times, and failed all the seven times. Now, Bruce thought that the spider would give up. But no! the spider climbed up again and started to make the cobweb. 5. Effort has to be made for success. 6. We can achieve confidence and encouragement by positive thinking.

7. Mother Teresa

A. 1. (b) 2. (d) 3. (a) 4. (c) 5. (a) 6. (c)

B. 1. Skopje 2. humanity 3. slum 4. charity 5. entirely 6. action

C. 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. F 6. T

D. 1. Mother Teresa's original name was Anjeze Gonxhe Bojaxhiu was the Roman Catholic nun who worked with the poor in the Indian city of Kolkata (Calcutta). She was born on 26 August 1910 in Skopje, capital of the Republic of Macedonia. 2. Do yourself. 3. Do yourself. 4. Mother Teresa said about herself, "By blood, I am Albanian, by citizenship, an Indian, by faith, I am a Catholic nun, as to my calling, I belong to the world. As to my heart, I belong entirely to the Heart of Jesus". 5. The awards that Mother Teresa got from different countries are – the Nobel Prize for Peace in 1979, Magsaysay Award (The Philippines), Templeton Award (Britain), and India's highest Civilian Award, Bharat Ratna. 6. Do yourself.

8. Me and My Work

A. 1. (d) 2. (a) 3. (b) 4. (a) 5. (a)

B. 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. T 5. F

C. 1. second 2. probation 3. principle 4. Children 5. District collector

D. 1. Author was born in a South Indian family and belonged to rather conservative community of Tirunelveli Iyers. 2. The author's father was not allowed to take Indian Civil Service Examination. 3. The author during one- year probation at Metcalfe House in Delhi. 4. Govind Vallabh Pant was the Home Minister of India at that time. 5. Author opted for Kerala state. 6. Author was appointed to district collector.

9. Battlefield

A. 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (d) 4. (c) 5. (b) 6. (a)

B. 1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T 6. T

C. 1. admission 2. curly 3. assistant 4. friends 5. arrogant 6. Lesson

D. 1. Nutan was extremely happy because she got admission in a boarding school 'Sunshine Girls', of which she always used to dream of. 2. Mrs. Samantha seemed to be a highly sophisticated disciplined and a middle-aged woman with a smiling disposition. She wore a cream coloured sari and had short curly hair reaching the nape of her neck. 3. The three girls met with Nutan on the first by saying, "Hi! Nutan, chorused the two but the third girl, Megha, hardly respond instead she made a funny face mumbling something and continued darning her socks with great concentration. 4. The principle gave punishment to Nutan and Megha was

that Megha will stay in her room for the whole day and she will get only porridge to eat. Nutan, you too have to stay in your room for the whole day but you can have your regular meals. 5. and 6. Do yourself.

10. An Unforgettable

A. 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (b) 4. (d) 5. (a)

B. 1. visit 2. easily 3. compound 4. Glass 5. Palm leaf

C. 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. T 6. F

D. 1. The teacher gave the instructions to the students regarding their trip to the museum, "we will leave for the museum at 9 o'clock from school by the school bus and will be back at 4 o'clock in the evening and remember to bring your packed lunch and water bottle". 2. The museum was half an hour's drive far from the school. 3. Akhil gave the suggestion to the teacher at the museum, "Sir, it will be good if they could put up some tableaux of life in the prehistoric age". 4. Do yourself. 5. Sam made up his mind to make an entry of the day's events in his diary after going home.

11. The Good Goatherd

A. 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (b) 4. (d)

B. 1. feed 2. thief 3. truck 4. evidence

C. 1. F 2. F 3. T 4. T

D. 1. The sheep loved the goatherd because he loved and care them very much. 2. After returning from town, the goatherd was found that the door of the farm lying opened and all the goats were missing. 3. The goatherd asked the villagers about the lost goats but no one could help him. When he enquired everywhere, one person told

that he had seen a truck full of goats proceeding from the village towards the town. 4. The goatherd told the police man that goats can recognise me and my voice. I shall call them and if they respond by running to me, you can be sure that the goats are mine. 5. Do yourself.

12. Animals in Prison

A. 1. (c) 2. (d) 3. (a) 4. (b) 5. (c) 6. (b)

B. 1. Prime Minister, 2. cell, 3. grass, 4. animals 5. Prison

C. 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. T 6. T

D. 1. Jawaharlal Nehru was kept in Dehradun Central Jail for fourteen and a half month. 2. Nehru saw the various animals and insects that came his way during his daily walk 3. and 4. Do yourself 5. Squirrels were found in plenty if trees were around.

BE GOOD LIVE GOOD-8

1. Modesty

A. 1. (b) 2. (d) 3. (a) 4. (c) 5. (a) 6. (d)

B. 1. careful 2. failure 3. Mother Teresa 4. "name of the poor"

C. 1. F 2. F 3. T 4. T

D. 1. Success effects in many ways in our life as it bring with it a sense of achievement and satisfaction at having done your work well. It leads to happiness, confidence in your abilities and a justified feeling of pride. But you should be careful that success does not go to your head. 2. Ferdinand de Lesseps, who had achieved success, fail after on because success had gone to his head. He was over-confident and believed that nothing could stop him from

repeating his achievement. 3. In order to remain modest a person can accept the praise gracefully but he should never allow it to go to his head. 4. Mother Teresa remained humble in spite of great success by accepting the prize in the name of the poor and continued her work as before.

2. Manners

- A.** 1. (d) 2. (b) 3. (a) 4. (c) 5. (b) 6. (b)
B. 1. blessing 2. examined 3. two 4. express 5. customer
C. 1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T
D. 1. The doctor said to Tarun after examining, "Tarun, to be honest, there is nothing wrong with you, you are physically fit. Your problem is personal. You are heading for a depression. 2. Tarun's friend advised him, "You know Tarun, I visit a Saint in Rishikesh. Why don't you come along with me? Perhaps he can help you." 3. The saint said after hearing the Tarun's problem, "you are very self-centred. Your problem is you think what you have is because of you." 4. Two simple words "Sorry and Thank you" changed the life of Tarun. 5. Do yourself.

3. Jagdish Chandra Bose

- A.** 1. (a) 2. (b) 3. (d) 4. (c) 5. (b)
B. 1. deputy magistrate 2. suffering 3. English 4. distinction
C. 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. T
D. 1. 30th November 1858 2. St. Xavier's School 3. 1880 4. 1920 5. 1937
E. 1. St. Xavier's was an English medium school but Jagdish could not

speak English and this made things even more difficult in his strange new surroundings. 2. When Jagdish Chandra returned to India, he joined the staff of Presidency College, Calcutta. But there another struggle began for him. In those days Indian teachers were paid one-third of the salary paid to the British teachers. 3. Jagdish was not interested in patenting his discoveries because he was not interested in making money from his inventions. He felt that knowledge was not anyone's personal property; it was meant to be shared for the good of mankind. 4. J.C. Bose was awarded by the Fellow of the Royal Society in 1920.

4. Panch Parmeshwars

- A.** 1. (c) 2. (d) 3. (a) 4. (a) 5. (b) 6. (d)
B. 1. affection 2. kitchen 3. settle 4. delighted 5. revenge
C. 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. T
D. 1. Jumman 2. Khalajaan 3. Ramdhan Mishra 4. Khalajaan 5. Alagu
E. 1. Jumman was a staunch Muslim. 2. Alagu sold second bullock to Sanjhu Saha with a letter agreed to pay in month's time. 3. Alagu and Jumman were the fast friends. 4. Jumman gave justice in favour of Alagu choudhary because he had realized that for a 'Panch', enmity and friendship are not significant; what matters is truth and justice.

5. Do Your Duty

- A.** 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (d) 4. (b) 5. (c)
B. 1. gold 2. palace 3. verandahs 4.

gardener 5. questions 6. shoulder

C. 1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T 6. F

D. 1. The best thing for man in life is to serve others. 2. Do yourself. 3. Gardener loved his job and wants to do his duty in life, never depending on others and can find a way to keep on doing their work, at one place or another, were the qualities in the gardener that made him the best servant, in the palace. 4. Do yourself 5. The questions asked by the prime minister were "Why do you work here?" and "What would you do if you were expelled from your job right now?" 6. The gardener took away a bag of gold coins to the home.

6. Believe in yourself

A. 1. (a) 2. (c) 3. (d) 4. (b) 5. (c) 6. (a)

B. 1. precipitous 2. stand 3. parallel 4. stupid 5. dumb

C. 1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T 6. T

D. 1. The work of big steam engine was given to the little steam engine and he reacted as felling uneasy and apprehensive. 2. Do yourself. 3. Do yourself. 4. The big steam engines had called the little engine 'stupid' and 'dumb' but the another little engine that found him smart! by this he felt a surge of confidence. 5. Do yourself

7. Don't Abuse Your Freedom

A. 1. (c) 2. (b) 3. (a) 4. (d) 5. (c) 6. (a)

B. 1. flowers 2. gracious
3. Permission 4. tears 5. beautiful 6. go free

C. 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. T 5. F 6. T

D. 1. In the beautiful garden of the

palace, wonderful flowers were to be seen and to these silver bells were tied, which rang, so that nobody should pass by without noticing the garden. 2. The travellers came to admire the palace because there is a beautiful garden in the palace. 3. The little girl told about the wonderful nightingale that I hear its sing and it can sing gloriously. It is just as if my mother kisses me, so soothing and nice. 4. Do yourself. 5. After the Emperor put the Nightingale in a cage, its song was not so beautiful as before. 6. Do yourself.

8. The Miserly Old Woman

A. 1. (c) 2. (d) 3. (d) 4. (c) 5. (c) 6. (a)

B. 1. paisa 2. house 3. bundle 4. ill 5. pillow 6. Old woman

C. 1. T 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. F

D. 1. The old woman was so mean and miser because she would not spend a paisa of her money if she could help it. 2. Old woman had no friends and no family because she trusted no one. Even she said herself, 'they are after my money!' and her family fed up of her miserly ways so they all had moved away. 3. The old woman hid her money the pillow. 4. The young man heard the villagers talking amongst themselves about the rich old woman. 5. The young man made himself indispensable by saying he would fetch and carry, cook and clean, and do anything that the old woman asked.

9. The Emperor's New Clothes

A. 1. (d) 2. (b) 3. (a) 4. (c) 5. (d) 6. (b)

B. 1. soldiers 2. looms 3. town 4. honest 5. swindlers

C. 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. F 6. T

D. 1. The king was fond of the new clothes. 2. The emperor sent his honest old minister to the weavers. 3. The swindlers said to the old minister kindly come near to approve the excellent pattern and the beautiful colours of the cloth. 4. The old minister thought about the cloth in his mind that basically he couldn't see anything because there was nothing to see. "Heaven have mercy," he thought. "Can it be that I'm a fool? I'd have never guessed it, and not a soul must know. Am I unfit to be the minister? It would never do to let on that I can't see the cloth." 5. The entire town was talking about the splendid cloth, and the Emperor wanted to see it for himself while it was still in the looms.

10. A Club

A. 1. (c) 2. (a) 3. (b) 4. (a) 5. (b) 6. (a)

B. 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. T 6. F

C. 1. finger 2. singing 3. conclusion 4. table 5. Believe 6. people

D. 1. When the king started following the singing, he saw that one of the servants was singing and had a very contented look on his face. 2. The servant replied to the king, "Your Majesty, I am nothing but a servant, but I make enough of a living to keep my wife and children happy. 3. The reason for the happiness of the servant as per the chief minister's opinion was that the servant has not been made part of The 99 Club. 4. When the

servant was stepping out of his house, he saw a bag at his doorstep. 5. The servant called his wife because he wanted to her gold coins. 6. The servant count the coins again and again because he thought it was an odd number of 99 coins and after that he began to search his entire house, looked around his backyard for hours, not wanting to lose out on that one coin to completed the 100 coins.

11. A Hero

A. 1. (d) 2. (a) 3. (b) 4. (a) 5. (c)

B. 1. T 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T 6. F

C. 1. strong 2. flight 3. elephant 4. control 5. ghosts

D. Text matter is not complete in chapter so answers of 'D' cannot be provide.....

12. The Missile man of India

A. 1. (d) 2. (a) 3. (b) 4. (d)

B. 1. country 2. financial 3. St. Joseph's College 4. political

C. 1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T

D. 1. We call Abdul Kalam as 'The Missile man of India' because numerous projects were headed by him such as launch of the Rohini-1, Project Valiant, developing missiles (under missions Agni and Prithvi), etc. 2. The financial conditions of his family was little poor so he started supporting his family financial-ly in his early age. He started earning money to support his family however never gave up on his education. 3. The journey of education of Kalam was that he completed his graduation in

1954 from Saint Joseph's College, Tiruchirappalli and aerospace engineering from Madras Institute of Technology. After his graduation, he joined Aeronautical Development Establishment of Defense Research and Development Organization (DRDO) as a chief scientist. 4. The name of Kalam's inspirational books are "India 2020", "Ignited Minds", "Mission India", "The Luminous

Sparks", "Inspiring Thoughts", etc. 5. Inspirational quotes are—

- "We will be remembered only when we give our young generation a prosperous and secure India, which results in economic prosperity with civilized heritage."
- "Climbing the power of the top demands, whether it is at the top of Mount Everest or at the top of your career."