

#### **SPARKLING GRAMMAR CLASS-1**

# 1. Fun with Letters

A. APPLE, DOG, EGG, BAG, HORSE, PENCIL, QUEEN, COW

B. Bb, Cc, Ee, Rr, Vv, Zz

**D.** 1. I visited Mumbai. 2. Kavita and John are friends. 3. On Sunday, our school does not open. 4. Are you going to Dehradun? 5. Manu will come on Christmas.

E. VOWELS: A, E, I, O, U

CONSONANTS: D, K, G, P, R, C, N

**F.** BOX JUG DOOR BOOK ANT TABLE IGLOO DOCTOR OX EGG PEN PAINTER

**G.** QUEEN KITE LOCK APPLE WATCH GOAT RAT ELEPHANT ROAD ZEBRA SHEEP HOUSE

H. ELEPHANT: Vowels: 3, Consonants: 5
ZEBRA: Vowels: 2, Consonants: 3
DOCTOR: Vowels: 2, Consonants: 4

COBBLER: Vowels: 2, Consonants: 5

I. FRIEND SHIP TELEVISION BOAT COAT BICYCLE BALLOON

#### 2. Words and Sentences

1. LOCK 2. FOX 3. OWL 4. SHIP 5. SHEEP 6. CHAIR 7. SMALL 8. SEVEN

9. BOAT 10. LION

**A.** 1. **×** 2. **×** 3. **√** 4. **√** 5. **√** 6. **×** 

**B.** 1. ✓ 2. ✓ 3. ✓ 4. × 5. × 6. ✓ 7. × 8. × 9. ✓ 10. ✓

C. 1. place 2. have 3. rough 4. house 5. mist 6. steward

**D.** 1. This is my computer. 2. The sky is blue. 3. She is my best friend. 4. She is going to the Mall. 5. I am reading English Grammar.

**E.** 1. (d) 2. (a) 3. (e) 4. (b) 5. (c)

**F.** Ravi is my friend. My birthday falls in May. I love Diwali. I am reading English Grammar.

# 3. Nouns (Naming Words)

**A.** 1. carpenter 2. doctor 3. cobbler 4. soldier 5. postman 6. baker 7. policeman 8. farmer

**B.** 1. table b. chair, 2. socks c. shoes, 3. needle a. thread, 4. bat e. ball, 5. bread d. butter

C. People: postman, doctor, cobbler Places: zoo, temple, CTC Mall

**Animals:** cock, giraffe, dog **Things:** bicycle, cake, aeroplane

D. Mini, Mr John, Mumbai, Taj Mahal

E. 1. October 2. September 3. May 4. August 5. January 6. December

# 4. Singular and Plural

- A. 1. Parrots 2. Cats 3. Books 4. Boys 5. Erasers
- B. 1. Brushes 2. Potatoes 3. Benches 4. Watches 5. Heroes
- C. 1. Families 2. Flies 3. Ponies 4. Ladies 5. Babies
- D. 1. Fairies 2. Puppies 3. Lorries 4. Teeth 5. Geese
- **E.** 1. stories 2. matches 3. branches 4. dishes 5. taxes 6. mangoes 7. houses 8. armies 9. pencils 10. ladies 11. torches 12. cows
- F. 1. nose 2. tongue 3. hands 4. face 5. mouth 6. eyes 7. toes 8. legs
- G. 1. watch 2. frog 3. girl 4. monkey 5. toy

# 5. Masculine and Feminine

- B. 1. girl 2. mother 3. uncle 4. hen
- C. 1. hen 2. girl 3. sister 4. grandfather 5. cow 6. aunt
- D. King-Queen, Boy-Girl, Man-Woman, Cock-Hen, Grandfather-Grandmother

#### 6. Pronouns

- A. 1. The hippo is fat. It eats a lot of food. 2. Sunil is a tall man. He is my brother's friend. 3. The cat eats fish. It likes milk too. 4. I am Gurnam. 5. Rekha is a doctor. She works in a big hospital.
- B. 1.12.13. She 4. It 5. They 6. He

# 7. Adjectives (Describing Words)

- A. 1. a slow)tortoise 2. a prettygirl 3. an old)man 4. a young boy 5. a small)dog 6. a
- (beautiful) rainbow 7. a(big) box 8. a(tall)man
- B. 1. hot 2. green 3. black 4. wise 5. good
- C. 1. old 2. foolish 3. close 4. friend 5. big
- D. 1. red 2. hungry 3. rich 4. small 5. good

# 8. Verbs (Action Words)

- A. 1. eat 2. barks 3. dance 4. covers 5. flow 6. sing 7. sits 8. likes
- B. 1. kicks 2. laughs 3. singing 4. entering 5. runs 6. enjoy
- **C.** 1. Lions-roar 2. Trains-run 3. Mothers-cook 4. Telephones-ring 5. Monkeys-climb 6. Shopkeepers-sell 7. Cows-graze
- D. 1. skips 2. swims 3. treats 4. sings 5. dancing 6. going

# 9. Articles

- A. a zebra, a flower, a table, an elephant, an owl, a nest
- **B.** 1. a, a 2. an, a 3. a 4. a 5. an 6. a, an

# 10. Use of Is, Am, Are

- **A.** 1. is 2. am 3. are 4. are 5. is 6. are 7. is 8. is
- **B.** 1. is 2. is 3. is 4. are 5. is 6. am 7. are 8. are

### 11. Use of Was, Were

- A. 1. were 2. was 3. was 4. was
- B. 1. was 2. were 3. were 4. was

#### 12. Yes, it is/No, it is not

- 1. Yes, it is. 2. No, it is not. 3. Yes, it is. 4. No, it is not. 5. Yes, it is.
- Q. Is this a pair of socks?
- A. Yes, it is.
- Q. Is that a lawyer?

- A. No, it is not.
- Q. Is this a bus?
- A. No, it is not.
- Q. Is this is a bicycle?
- A. Yes, it is.
- Q. Is that an owl?
- A. No, it is not.
- Q. Is that a mobile phone?
- A. No, it is not.

#### 13. Prepositions

- A. 1. on 2. behind 3. near 4. on
- B. 1. b 2. a 3. d 4. c C. 1. on 2. in 3. under 4. on
- D. 1. behind 2. on 3. in 4. under 5. under

#### 14. Adverbs

- A. 1. loudly 2. slowly 3. quickly 4. sweetly 5. softly
- **B.** 1. bravely 2. sweetly 3. recently 4. attentively 5. fluently 6. carefully 7. respectfully 8. sincerely
- **C.** 1. badly, softly 2. neatly, clumsily 3. softly, roughly 4. nicely, roughly 5. tastefully, tastelessly

#### 15. Conjunctions

- **A.** 1. Is that dog white or black? 2. She is a singer but a bad cook. 3. Sneha is going to Mall while her brother is going to park. 4. The man is poor but honest. 5. Varsha is rich while Divya is famous. 6. She is beautiful and smart. 7. He is going while she is coming. 8. You can speak while we can listen.
- **B.** 1. I am late because I missed the bus. 2. I was annoyed but kept quiet. 3. He is fit because he does exercise daily. 4. Vimal is rich but miser. 5. He is strong but coward. 6. She was sleeping because she was tired. 7. She is old but smart. 8. I trust her because she is my friend.
- **C.** 1. The clothes may be wet or dry. 2. Kanika is smart and intelligent. 3. Sneha is ugly but sweet in nature. 4. He does not stay here because the house is very old. 5. He worked hard but failed.

# 16. Interjections

- A. 1. What 2. Bravo! 3. Hurrah! 4. Wow! 5. Alas!
- B. 1. Hurrah 2. What 3. Alas 4. Bravo 5. Oh

# 18. Story Writing

dog, river, shadow, mouth, bone, greedy, excitement

# **SPARKLING GRAMMAR CLASS-2**

#### 1. Consonants and Vowels

- **A.** 1. aeroplane, arrow 2. elephant, eyes 3. ice cream, iron 4. owl, orange 5. umbrella, uniform
- B. 1. dog, duck 2. jug, joker 3. kite, king 4. lion, lips 5. ship, sheep

# 2. Sentence (A Set of Words)

**A.** 1. The boys are playing football. 2. Give me some water. 3. Can I have a look at it? 4. Shruti belongs to a poor family. 5. When did you buy it? 6. What a nice umbrella! 7. I have watched the Titanic movie. 8. Hurrah! We have won the

match

**B.** 1.  $\times$  2.  $\checkmark$  3.  $\times$  4.  $\times$  5.  $\checkmark$  6.  $\times$  7.  $\checkmark$ 

**C.** 1. I am stronger than you. 2. She is very arrogant. 3. My favourite colour is red. 4. He lived in a small village. 5. You are my true friend. 6. A monkey climbed over a tree. 7. Apples were kept in the basket. 8. Do not sleep on the ground. 9. Sabir bought a white cow. 10. An old woman was walking on the road.

**D.** 1. c 2. a 3. b 4. e 5. d

# 3. Capital Letters, Full Stops and Question Marks

1. What do you think Mr Gupta does. 2. One day, Mr Gupta saw the neighbour's daughter. 3. She is wearing a long golden chain. 4. He pulls off her chain and flies away. 5. She is in the garden near his house. 6. The watchman ran after Mr. Gupta. 7. Do you think Mr and Mrs Sharma are happy. 8. She calls the watchman. 9. He flies to the tree and drops the chain in the hole. 10. They are happy because their eggs are safe. 11. What does the neighbour's daughter do? 12. The guards killed the snake.

# 4. Subject and Predicate (Two Parts of a Sentence)

**A.** 1, e 2, d 3, a 4, c 5, b

**B.** 1. The cricket bat 2. He 3. The tree 4. They 5. some water.

**C**. 1. rained heavily yesterday. 2. went to school by school bus. 3. writes on the blackboard. 4. helps us to see time. 5. live in slums. 6. is a good exercise. 7. live in jungles. 8. is a river. 9. love reading story books. 10. is expensive.

# 5. Nouns (The Naming Words)

A. 1. Doctor 2. Barber 3. Cobbler 4. Teacher

**B.** 1. M.C.H. Public School 2. Sarthak 3. America 4. Marine Beach 5. Christmas Day 6. Sunday, Taj Mahal 7. English 8. Samrat Heavens 9. Neeru 10. October

#### 6. Singular and Plural

A. 1. bodies 2. branches 3. benches 4. mangoes 5. toys 6. lilies 7. fairies 8. wives

B. 2. Oxen 3. children 4. men 5. mice 6. geese

**C.** 1. The apples are on the tree. 2. The fruits are in the bag. 3. The dresses are in the almirah. 4. The teachers are in the staffroom. 5. The flowers are in the pot. 6. The boys are on the swing.

# 7. Gender (Male or Female)

**A.** 1. F 2. F. 3. M 4. N 5. M 6. M 7. F 8. N 9. C 10. F 11. M 12. N 13. C 14. M 15. N 16. C 17. F 18. F 19. F 20. F 21. C 22. C 23. N 24. M

**B.** Masculine Gender: landlord, dog, man, brother, cock, king, host, father, lad Feminine Gender: hen, landlady, aunt, peahen, princess, lady, queen, cow, milkmaid

Neuter Gender: desk, pencil, chalk, book, ring, biscuit, table file, bottle

**C.** 2. cow: bull, cow 3. vixen: fox, vixen 4. landlady: landlord, landlady 5. hen: cock, hen 6. lady: gentleman, lady 7. mare: horse, mare 8. aunt: uncle, aunt 9. daughter: son, daughter 10. duck: drake, duck

**D.** 1. cow, ox, **shed** 2. master, mistress, **zoo** 3. boy, girl, **book** 4. milkman, milkmaid, **bicycle** 5. king, queen, **throne** 6. son, daughter, **food** 

**E.** 1. A tigress has black stripes. 2. Our mistress is kind. 3. The duchess gave an award. 4. The waitress will serve us food. 5. That actress is very good. 6. The giantess ran after Jack.

#### 8. Pronouns

# (Words Used in Place of Nouns)

- A. 1. They 2. It 3. She 4. He 5. We 6. You 7. She 8. It 9. We 10. I
- B. 1. They 2. your 3. your 4. He 5. my 6. our 7. his 8. We 9. He 10. I
- **C.** 1. them 2. You, her 3. It 4. his 5. It, he 6. Those 7. its 8. It, their 9. I, them 10. They

## 9. Adjectives

# (The Describing Words)

- **A.** 2. rude, man 3. strong, coffee 4. big, balloon 5. hot, pizza 6. black, cat 7. red, wall 8. fat, boy
- B. 1. clever, funny 2. kind 3. new 4. foolish 5. heavy 6. good 7. brave 8. dark
- **C.** A lion has a thick mane. An elephant has big ears. A rhino has a long nose. A bird has soft feathers. A rabbit has a short tail. A tortoise has a hard shell.
- D. 1. cold 2. short 3. tall 4. rude 5. young

# 10. Articles (A, An, and The)

- A. 1. The 2. an 3. a 4. The 5. an 6. a, a 7. The, the
- **B.** 1. the 2. The 3. The 4. an, a 5. An 6. an 7. an, The

## 11. Verbs (Words of Action)

- A. 1. Drink 2. Write 3. Clean 4. Read 5. Eat 6. Paint 7. Play 8. Swim
- **B.** 1. grows crops 2. brings mail 3. drives a bus 4. cleans the road 5. makes pots 6. cooks food 7. sells medicines 8. bakes bread 9. mends shoes 10. fights enemy 11. flies aeroplane 12. stitches clothes 13. catches robbers 14. treats patients.
- **C.** 1. climbing 2. flying 3. driving 4. skipping 5. swinging 6. skating 7. sliding 8. building.
- **D.** 1. The bird is sitting on a rock. 2. A deer is running very fast. 3. The bird is singing a sweet song. 4. A river is flowing down the hill. 5. The birds are flying in the sky. 6. The flowers are blooming on the bush. 7. A rabbit is hopping here and there.

#### 12. Verbs-To Be

# (Is, Am, Are, Was, Were, Will be, Shall be)

- **A.** 1. They are reading the books. 2. The dogs are barking. 3. The teacher is teaching in the class. 4. Rahul and Nisha are playing.
- B. 1. was 2. was 3. were 4. were
- **C.** 1. Ritu is alone at home. 2. They were in the garden. 3. She is a good artist. 4. Garima was going to Rahul's house last Saturday. 5. I was very tired and hungry yesterday evening.
- **D.** 1. We shall be going to see the zoo. 2. Amit and Yash will be eating the food with great joy. 3. The mountains will be covered with snow tomorrow.
- E. 1. will be 2. will be 3. shall be 4. will be 5. shall be
- **F.** 1. The children are sleeping. 2. The boys are taking bath in a swimming pool.
- 3. The boy was lying on the road. 4. The spectators are watching a drama.
- G. 1. am 2. will be 3. are 4. shall be 5. are 6. shall be 7. are 8. will be

#### 13. Actions Happened Before

**A.** 1. took 2. reached 3. went 4. sang 5. wake, woke 6. saw 7. climb, climbed 8. play 9. went, brought 10. swim

**B.** 1. came, She came to me yesterday. 2. gave, He gave me a beautiful dress. 3. swam, Meena swam in the river. 4. ate, I ate the lunch. 5. spoke, She spoke the truth. 6. took, I took a cricket-set. 7. met, I met an old man. 8. danced, We danced with joy. 9. arrived, He arrived late in the evening. 10. drove, Menka drove the car. 11. brought, She brought a toy for her baby. 12. fought, They fought bitterly.

## 14. Has/Have/Had

- **A.** 1. has 2. have 3. has 4. have 5. has 6. has 7. has
- **B.** 1, have 2, have 3, have 4, has 5, has 6, had 7, have

## 15. What Is Happening?

- A. 1. talking 2. running 3. writing 4. singing
- **B.** 1. are going 2. is feeding 3. are playing 4. is giving 5. are picking 6. are eating 7. are talking
- C. 1. are helping 2. are building 3. is drinking 4. am reading 5. is riding

#### 16. Adverbs

- A. 1. patiently 2. loudly 3. neatly 4. quietly 5. slowly 6. hungrily 7. brightly
- **B.** 2. when adverb of time 3. where adverb of place 4. when adverb of time 5. where adverb of place

#### 17. Prepositions

- A. 1. in 2. on 3. between 4. behind 5. under 6. under
- B. 1. under 2. for 3. near 4. by 5. on 6. on 7. behind 8.near

# 18. Conjunctions (Joining Words)

- A. 1. but 2. and 3. but 4. and
- **B.** 1. Farhaad played the harmonium and Shiva sang a song. 2. Gurman can play football or cricket. 3. John came to see us but didn't stay long. 4. Let us meet this evening or tomorrow afternoon. 5. You can eat a chocolate or a piece of cake.

## 19. Interjections

- A. 1. Alas! 2. Oh! 3. Bravo! 4. Hurrah! 5. Ah! 6. Wow!
- B. 1. Bravo 2. Oh 3. Oh 4. Bravo 5. Ah 6. Alas

# 20. Use of Isn't and Aren't

1. No, I am not. 2. Yes, he is. 3. No, they aren't. 4. Yes, it is. 5. Yes, I am. 6. Yes, he is. 7. Yes, I am. 8. No, it isn't.

#### 24. Comprehension

- A. 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. c
- B. 1. c 2. b 3. c 4. a 5. b
- C. 1. a 2. c 3. b 4. c 5. b
- **D.** 1. c 2. a 3. c 4. b

## **SPARKLING GRAMMAR CLASS-3**

# 1. The Alphabetical Order

- A. Giraffe 4, Lion 6, Deer 2, Peacock 7, Kangaroo 5, Cow 1, Fish 3, Penguin 8
- **B.** 1. 7 2. 4 3. 5 4. 10 5. 3 6. 8 7. 1 8. 2 9. 9 10. 6
- **C.** 1. cow, parrot, ship, zoo 2. ant, helicopter, lion, train 3. barren, elephant, queen, rose 4. careful, drive, letter, sweet 5. broom, forest, umbrella, zebra 6. jungle, nest, pullover, secret 7. gallery, minaret, rainfall, storm 8. gunman, kangaroo, scooter, vase

# 2. Sentences

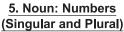
- A. 1. b 2. f 3. e 4. a 5. d 6. c
- **B.** 1. Put the banana peel into the dustbin. 2. Jack and Jill went up the hill. 3. I saw Malini in the garden. 4. There is a magic show in our school. 5. Garima is jumping in joy. 6. They sailed down the river.
- **C.** 1. It is raining outside. 2. The children are playing in the park. 3. Children are making a noise in the classroom. 4. Aunt is buying the sweets.
- **D.** 1. (.) 2. (.) 3. (?) 4. (.) 5. (?) 6. (.) 7. (?) 8. (?)
- **E.** 2. Is Amir flying a kite? 3. Is the cat sleeping in the basket? 4. Is the man looking for kangana? 5. Is the old farmer sad? 6. Is John's mother ironing the curtains? 7. Are Vipul and Anil eating ice-cream cones? 8. Are they going to Manali next week?
- **F.** 1. Where are you going right now? 2. Which school do you go to? 3. What is your address? 4. When can you come to my house? 5. When do you want a red or pink dress? 6. Who are those two ladies? 7. What colour is your new dress? 8. When is your brother coming from Mumbai?
- G. 1. Are 2. Are 3. Was 4. Is 5. Were 6. Were
- **H.** 1. Exclamatory sentence 2. Statement 3. Question 4. Statement 5. Question 6. Imperative sentence 7. Exclamatory sentence 8. Question
- **I.** 1. There are no fruits in the fridge. 2. Mrs Mathaya is not teaching Hindi. 3. She is not sleeping. 4. Shruti is not painting her room. 5. The library is not closed today. 6. I am not scared of the dark. 7. Robin is not going to Malaysia tomorrow. 8. I am not hungry.

# 3. Parts of a Sentence (Subject and Predicate)

- A. 1.(Dove to sing . 2. We shall go to Delhi tomorrow. 3. He cannot take any risk. 4. Tanu has no interest in sports. 5. You should do more practice. 6. The old monkey sat in the woods. 7. We should help the poor. 8. Inches make champions.
- B. 1. d 2. c 3. g 4. f 5. a 6. h 7. e 8. b

# 4. Common Nouns and Proper Nouns

- **A.** 1. camel, road 2. bicycle, park 3. aeroplane, airport 4. mobile, car 5. boy, gate, building 6. house, balloons 7. father, car 8. farmer 9. dog, table 10. city
- **B.** 1. Sunday, December 2. Tommy 3. Sia 4. Diwali, Jim Corbett 5. Abhishek, Mumbai, Juhu Beach 6. Shakespeare
- **C.** 1. Santa Claus brings us gifts on Christmas. 2. I think Sachin Tendulkar is the world's best batsman. 3. I have a pet dog called snoopy. 4. We will go to the Ansal Plaza on Sunday. 5. The Gita is the holy book of Hindus. 6. I went to Mussoorie during summer Holidays.
- D. Swarm of bees, pride of lions, bunch of keys, bouquet of flowers, herd of cows, pack of cards.
- E. 1. c 2. e 3. d 4. b 5. f 6. a
- F. 1. litter 2. herd 3. swarm 4. sheets 5. crowd 6. army 7. bunch 8. gang



- **A.** 1. balloons 2. shirts 3. desks 4. friends 5. offices 6. buildings 7. elephants 8. books
- **B.** 1. church 2. bench 3. brushes 4. dishes 5. dresses 6. potatoes 7. glass 8. boxes
- **C.** 1. matches 2. beaches 3. zeroes 4. trucks 5. heroes 6. bushes 7. benches 8. tomatoes
- **D.** 1. daisies, lilies 2. babies 3. copies 4. ladies, keys 5. cities 6. ladies 7. toys 8. donkeys
- E. 1. wives 2. wolves 3. calves 4. knives 5. leaves 6. loaves 7. thieves 8. lives
- F. 1. children 2. feet 3. teeth 4. geese 5. men
- **G.** 1. The cats ate the mice and ran away. 2. The children went to the shops with the ladies. 3. The leaves of tulsi are very useful for us. 4. My sisters ate the bananas and threw the peels into the dustbins. 5. The painters bought new brushes. 6. The bungalows had no light on. 7. The children were wearing blue shirts and white trousers. 8. The ministers met the women who donated their new clothes.
- H. 1. roofs, geese 2. pans, men 3. houses, mice 4. boots, feet 5. foxes, oxen.

#### 6. Noun: Gender

- A. 1. d 2. f 3. a 4. h 5. g 6. b 7. e 8. c
- **B.** 1. The tiger looked fierce. 2. Kamini's nephew lives in Kerala. 3. My father is my cousin's uncle. 4. The little boy was kind to the injured horse. 5. The woodcutter's daughter and son helped a little lost puppy. 6. Ulfat's mother and father are doctors. 7. The lady opened the door for the gentleman. 8. The bitch chased the vixen away from the farm.
- **C.** 1. fans 2. teacher, students 3. minister, people 4. parent, child 5. cousin, employee 6. foreigners, tourists

D.		Masculine Nouns	Feminine Nouns	Neuter Gender
	1.	man		trousers
	2.	lady		
	3.	man,		suit
		father		
	4.	dog,	mother	
		rabbit		
	5.	snake	snake	
	6.	headmistress		

**E. Common Gender:** 1. student 2. teacher 3. thief 4. wrestler 5. athlete 6. swimmer 7. friend

Neuter Gender: 1. flower 2. chair 3. box 4. cup 5. telephone

F. Common Genders: 1. Teacher 2. Doctor 3. Artist 4. Friend 5. Child

Neuter Genders: 1. Table 2. Cake 3. Tea 4. Pen 5. Bucket

G. 1. princess 2. bitch 3. lord 4. authoress

## 7. Nouns: Possession

- **A.** 1. birds' nests 2. leaders' speeches 3. men's cars 4. Karan's bat 5. cat's tail 6. lion's mane 7. Mr Razzaq's car 8. donkeys' legs 9. Reesha's book 10. brothers' friend.
- **B.** 1. Lata Mangeshkar's songs are very good. 2. The crocodile's teeth were very big. 3. Mrs Daruwalla's hair are completely white. 4. The bird's nest is full of eggs. 5. My mother's cakes are always delicious. 6. Manu's motorcycle is standing here. 7. The teacher's chair is very nice. 8. Nidhi's house is down the road. 9. The students' excuse was a poor one. 10. Disha's umbrella was very colourful.
- **C.** 1. I have seen Reena's new cycle. 2. My brother's books are in the garden. 3. The elephant's trunk is very long. 4. Rabbits' ears are very big. 5. My father's friend is coming for lunch. 6. Farhan is my sister's friend. 7. Cow's milk is good for health. 8. The child's smile is very sweet.

#### 8. Pronouns

- **A.** 1. The boys were unhappy. They had been punished. 2. Akanksha said that she had a headache. 3. Faheem told Ashraf that he would help Ashraf. 4. Sachin went to his room. He went to sleep. 5. This apple tree is very big. It has very tasty fruits. 6. This is Kiran's cycle. She bought it last week. 7. Rushali was late for school. She ran all the way. 8. Jeet found an old ball. He threw the ball away. 9. Siya and Gaurav met her in the park. They asked her to play with them. 10. The children were hungry. Mrs Gupta made dinner for them.
- **B.** 1. it, he 2. they 3. he, it 4. He 5. they
- C. 1, them, him 2, them 3, her 4, him 5, it.
- **D.** 1. Veeru had a birthday party. He got a lot of gifts. He liked the puzzle the best. It had sixteen-pieces. 2. Heena is sad. She will leave soon. She has to go to Mumbai. 3. The children went to the zoo. They ate ice-cream. They relished it. 4. Akash and Suhas went to a library. They greeted the librarian. 5. Molly and I went to watch a movie. We liked it a lot. 6. Vishal bought a doll. He gave it to Reeta. She loved it.
- E. 1. hers 2. mine 3. yours 4. ours, theirs 5. theirs 6. yours

#### 9. Articles

- **A.** a rope, a bag, a chair, an egg, a horse, an eagle, a cat, a woman, an arrow, a cow, a book, an ice-cream, a cobbler, an owl, an orange, a pencil
- **B.** 1. a 2. a 3. an 4. a 5. an 6. an 7. a 8. a 9. a 10. an 11. a 12. a
- **C.** 3. uniform 4. inkpot 5. iron 6. umpire 9. igloo 11. elf 13. oak 15. envelope 18. apple 21. hour 22. ox 23. ostrich 24. owl
- **D.** 1. an 2. a 3.a 4. an 5. a 6. an 7 an 8. an
- E. 1. an 2. The, a 3. a 4. The 5. the 6. the 7. the 8. an 9. The 10. The
- **F.** 1. The Times of India is a popular newspaper in India. 2. I can see the moon through the window in my room. 3. An honest man is respected by all. 4. Gurman is wearing a white jacket. 5. Can you please pass me the water. 6. Mr Shekhawat comes back from office at 6 p.m.

### 10. Kinds of Adjectives

- A. 1. red 2. beautiful 3. cold 4. big 5. interesting 6. big 7. fierce 8. handsome
- B. 1. funny 2. delicious 3. smart, foolish 4. huge 5. bright, black

- **C.** 1. The cruel lady wore a short shirt. 2. The coward girl crossed the shallow river. 3. The interesting lesson was very long. 4. Mahi is an ugly and short woman. 5. That silent pupil is very lazy.
- **D.** 1. much 2. many 3. many 4. much 5. many
- E. 2. sixty-nine 3. sixty 4. forty-first 5. hundred 6. nineteenth 7. seventy-three
- F. 1. three hundred, sixty-six 2. four 3. ten 4. first 5. twenty-four 6. seventh
- G. 2. low 3. noisy 4. dull 5. small 6. poor 7. old 8. awake

#### 11. Comparison of Adjectives

- **A.** 1. taller than 2. heavier than 3. more interesting than 4. higher than 5. prettier than 6. longer than 7. stronger than 8. warmer
- B. 1. longer 2. larger 3. younger 4. slowest 5. small 6. light 7. short 8. stronger
- C. 1. most 2. worst 3. better 4. more 5. worse 6. good 7. many, more 8. less, more

#### 12. Verbs

- **A.** 1. class, went, museum 2. dancer, dances, tiptoes 3. cooked, pakoras, breakfast 4. farmer, planted, rice, field 5. bikers, raced, hill
- B. 1. loves 2. play 3. buys 4. go 5. run 6. visit 7. swim 8. write
- **C.** 1. held: principal held a meeting of staff. 2. close, draw: she closed the gate and draw the curtains. 3. fell asleep: I was tired so I fell asleep. 4. flew: A bird flew into the sky. 5. travelled: He travelled to Goa. 6. kept: The mangoes are kept in the basket.
- D. 1. saw, fed 2. wrote, gave 3. chased, hopped 4. mixed, baked 5. rang, ran
- E. At home: eating, reading, sleeping, cleaning, talking

At school: writing, drawing, building, answering, studying

In the park: shouting, skating, playing, sliding, climbing

- **F.** 1. The cat chased the mouse down the room. 2. Ships sail across the sea but buses run on the roads. 3. The soldiers marched through the valley. 4. The boy kicked the football through the goal. 5. The wind blows but the rain falls.
- G. 1. are 2. is 3. is 4. am 5. are 6. was 7. was 8. are
- H. 1. have 2. has 3. had 4. has 5. had 6. have 7. have 8. has

#### 13. Adverbs

- **A.** 1. neatly 2. sweetly 3. patiently 4. greedily 5. brightly 6. lovingly 7. beautifully 8. quickly
- B. 1. today 2. yesterday 3. always 4. tomorrow 5. soon 6. now.
- C. 1. here 2. there 3. outside 4. away 5. everywhere 6. near 7. here 8. out
- **D.** 1. upstairs, Adverb of place 2. carefully, Adverb of manner 3. lovingly, Adverb of manner 4. today, Adverb of time 5. outside, Adverb of place 6. tomorrow, Adverb of time

#### 14. Present Tense

- A. 1. loves 2. watch 3. buys 4. visits 5. obey 6. visit 7. play
- **B.** 1. I do not have two pencils. 2. You don't have a ball. 3. Lavanya does not dance on the stage. 4. They don't like to watch movies. 5. Ateeq doesn't like to eat pizza. 6. Sandhya doesn't shout at her cousins. 7. We do not complete our work on time
- C. 1. Do I have many dresses? 2. Does he have a cricket bat? 3. What is the

colour of rose? 4. Where does my father swim? 5. Do I go to park daily? 6. How does Monty talk with everybody? 7. Does Kiran buy vegetables from the nearby market.

#### 15. Past Tense

- A. 1. got 2. found 3. kept 4. ate 5. chose 6. bought
- B. 1. d 2. h 3. f 4. b 5. c 6. g 7. a 8. e
- **C.** 1. They did not win the match 2. The teacher did not teach them well. 3. Arpita didn't sing a beautiful song. 4. He didn't meet with an accident. 5. He did not go to mall yesterday. 6. I didn't visit the doctor yesterday.
- **D.** 1. Did he dance well on the stage? 2. Did he go to the market yesterday? 3. Did the baby fall down on the ground? 4. Did he lose his arm in an accident? 5. Did he speak clearly? 6. Did Hearn a lesson of good manners?

# 16. Simple Future Tense

- **A.** 1. They will finish their work on time. 2. We shall go to school by bus. 3. I shall have mango shake after lunch. 4. I shall do my homework regularly. 5. Ramya and Fatima will do their homework neatly.
- B. 1. will win 2. shall score 3. will bring 4. will leave 5. shall travel 6. shall miss
- **C.** 1. I shall not purchase some books tomorrow. 2. My dad will not bring me a bicycle. 3. I will not attend my uncle's marriage. 4. Aastha will not reach the station on time. 5. I shall not go to a hill station in my summer vacations. 6. We shall not buy a new car today. 7. They will not eat burgers and sandwiches. 8. It is not raining. I will not take an umbrella.
- **D.** 1. Will I reach the station by bicycle? 2. Will Arpit not come to you? 3. Will she buy a shirt for me from the market? 4. Shall we play in the stadium? 5. Shall we go there together? 6. Will they see that movie? 7. Shall I inform you?
- **E.** 1. (i) He will abuse you. (ii) He will not abuse you. (iii) Will he abuse you? 2. (i) I shall play football. (ii) I shall not play football. (iii) Shall I play football? 3. (i) The bird will fly in the sky. (ii) The bird will not fly in the sky. (iii) Will the bird fly in the sky? 4. (i) Nisha will swim in the river (ii) Nisha will not swim in the river. (iii) Will Nisha swim in the river?5. (i) The dog will bark at the stranger. (ii) The dog will not bark at the stranger. (iii) Will the dog bark at the stranger? 6. (i) We shall read the books. (iii) We shall not read the books. (iii) Shall we read the books?

#### 17. Prepositions

- **A.** 1. at 2. in 3. at 4. in 5. in 6. in 7. in 8. on 9. in 10. in
- **B.** 1. Besides 2. beside 3. Besides 4. besides 5. beside 6. beside 7. beside 8. beside
- C. 1. in 2. over 3. up 4. behind 5. near 6. on 7. with
- D. 1. down 2. into 3. across 4. through 5. towards 6. beside 7. to
- **E.** 1. <u>from</u>, <u>(tree)</u> 2. <u>over</u>, <u>(clouds)</u> 3. <u>under</u>, <u>(tree)</u> 4. <u>across</u>, <u>(road)</u> 5. <u>in</u>, <u>(cave)</u> 6. <u>beside</u>, <u>(able)</u>

# 18.Conjunctions

**A.** 1. My mother is young and energetic. 2. The children are happy but the elders are worried. 3. John bought a bat and a ball. 4. The stars are shining but the moon is behind a cloud. 5. May is warm but December is cold. 6. Amit ate a sandwich and a pastry. 7. Feathers are soft but rocks are hard. 8. Smita likes to

read books but Meenu likes to watch movies.

- **B.** 1. The children can play outside because it has stopped raining. 2. Would you like to have a mango shake or juice? 3. Did you meet Niharika in Mumbai or Bangalore? 4. Kasim ate an orange because he was hungry. 5. Is this bag yours or Alka's? 6. Amit has gone to rest because he is very tired. 7. Would you like a dog or cat for a pet? 8. Piyush bought a packet of juice because he was very thirsty. 9. Is Claudia's birthday in January or February? 10. Leena got very good marks because she studied hard.
- **C.** 1. I can read this story book or play chess. 2. Look at the moon and the stars. 3. Is that your father or uncle? 4. Garima and Shiv went to school on Saturday. 5. We went on a picnic but we did not enjoy ourselves. 6. Vinit fell ill because he went out in the rain. 7. Meera was sad because Meera could not go to the party. 8. We can go by bus or walk.
- **D.** 1. Madhu is very upset as she has lost her position. 2. You must finish your work otherwise you will not watch the movie tonight. 3. We tried really hard but we did not win. 4. Sachin is tall and thin. 5. Please visit us on Sunday or Monday. 6. As the light was switched off, Rehan was soon asleep.
- **E.** 1. This house is hers or his. 2. A giraffe is big but a rabbit is small. 3. The bird has a beak and claws. 4. I saw Richa and Varsha on the road. 5. Rumil is fat but his sister is thin. 6. My brother is rich but my sister is poor. 7. Is your milk hot or cold? 8. The sun is a star but the earth is a planet.

#### 19. Interjection

1. Oh no! 2. Excellent! 3. Wow! 4. Wow! 5. Well done! 6. Oh no!

#### 20. Synonyms

1. He was furious. 2. Don't get perplexed. 3. She is daring. 4. It was a genuine cause. 5. It is quite necessary for him. 6. I am ignorant of the fact.

# 21. Antonyms

1. intelligent 2. minimum 3. reveal 4. criticize 5. employer 6. permanent 7. first 8. ending 9. repulsive 10. happy 11. tidy 12. defense

### 23. Who I am

1. Doctor 2. Teacher 3. Mechanic 4. Postman 5. Mason 6. Scientist 7. Tailor 8. Principal

## 24. Spell Check

2. Enemy 3. Theater 4. Receive 5. Thief 6. Valuable 7. Discipline 8. Necessary 9. Moderate 10. Already 11. Actress 12. Business 13. Speech 14. Intelligent 15. Happened 16. Lion 17. Husband 18. Correction 19. Enter 20. Garage

# 25. Story Writing

# The Test

1. Drona was the teacher of the Pandava and Kaurava princes. 2. What can you see now? 3. Drona found his replies to be equally disappointing. 4. Arjuna replied that he can see nothing but the bird's eye. 5. Power of concentration made Arjuna the most proficient archer.

# The Woodcutter And His Axe

1. Sukh Ram was a woodcutter. He lived in a village on the bank of a river. 2. The woodcutter lived with his wife and two children. 3. The woodcutter started crying because his axe fell into the river. 4. The woodcutter didn't accept the golden axe

because he was honest and his axe was made of iron. 5. The angel presented the woodcutter with both the golden and the silver axes because the angel was pleased with his honesty.

#### A Brave Boy

1. Sandeep's parents died when he was seven. 2. He earned his living by selling newspapers at the railway station. 3. There were only a few people at the railway station. 4. The two men asked Sandeep to give them a paper. 5. They left leaving behind a bag. 6. There was a powerful bomb in the bag. 7. Everyone praised Sandeep for his bravery and he was awarded.

# 28. Comprehension Tarun And his Mother

1. c 2. c 3. b 4. b 5. c

## Molly's Favourite Season

1. c2.b3.c4.c

# SPARKLING GRAMMAR CLASS-4

#### 1. Sentences

- **A.** 1. Interrogative 2. Declarative 3. Imperative 4. Imperative 5. Imperative 6. Declarative 7. Exclamatory 8. Interrogative.
- **B.** 1. The flowers, fruits 2. My sister, poems 3. Christmas, Christians 4. The Milky Way, galaxy 5. The Taj Mahal, world 6. Sachin Tendulkar and MS Dhoni, cricketers 7. Kalidas, poet 8. Farhan, car 9. Nelson Mandela, South Africa 10. Pamela, cupboard
- **C.** 1. was a great dramatist. 2. is under the chair. 3. Rajendar Prasad 4. is Sheru. 5. Shakespeare wrote a number of dramas. 6. is unable to walk. 7. A cat 8. Anu 9. The thiefs 10. are shining in the sky.
- **D.** 1. Father will not be back tomorrow. 2. Mridul did not donate for the cause of the flood victims. 3. Gaurav is not angry with Madhu. 4. Lalita does not work for the international channel. 5. I did not come in through the window.
- **E.** 1. Camels live in the desert. 2. They respect their elders. 3. I learn my lesson. 4. Renu is my sister, 5. Gehna reads story books.
- **F.** 1. Is Anita reading a book? 2. Is the driver parking the car? 3. Can you help me fix this tap? 4. Are they looking at the beautiful flowers? 5. Will the dog chew on the shoe?
- **G.** 1. Nikhil can bake a cake alone. 2. Somebody is jumping on the roof. 3. You will go to the market today. 4. You were studying in my room. 5. Molly has written the letter to her sister.
- **H.** 1. Who makes the earthen pots? 2. Who found the route to India? 3. How many hours should you sleep every day? 4. How old are you? 5. Can you swim in the river? 6. Where did you buy these things? 7. Which is the busiest ocean of the world? 8. What have I taken today? 9. Is platypus an amphibian or a mammal? 10. When did we have a birthday party.
- I.1.b2.a3.d4.b5.d6.c7.a8.c9.c10.b

#### 2. Nouns

A. Names: Kishor, Rakhi, Alaska, Karishma Places: America, Russia, Assam, Norway Animals: penguin, cow, goat, dog, whale, kitten Things: apple, papaya, soap, fork, shirt, jacket, telescope, refrigerator, basketball, truck

B. join, and, come, hurrah, but, down, few, big, across, oh, because, beg, sing

C. 1. <u>Jim Corbett National park</u> 2. <u>Aspirin, medicine</u> 3. <u>Hitler, ruler</u> 4. <u>Zee, channel</u> 5. <u>Delhi, city, India</u> 6. <u>Rameswaram, place, South India</u> 7. <u>Captain</u>

Aeron, (pilot,) (aeroplane) 8. telephone service, Vodafone 9. (neighbour,) Mr. Robert

10. Kolkata, bank, River Hooghli

D. 1. The Times of India 2. The Arabian 3. America 4. Amit 5. The star

E. 1. Tiger 2. Jan Gan Man 3. Lotus 4. Banyan 5. Mango 6. Hockey 7. Peacock 8. Vande Matram

**F.** 1. Priyanka has a pet dog named Tommy. 2. My favourite cartoon character is Goofy. 3. Sumit and I travelled to Mumbai by train. 4. My cousin Amit will arrive from New York in December. 5. Leena and Hanna are going to watch a movie. 6. Black Beauty is a novel written by Anna Sewell.

G. 1. swarm 2. crowd 3. bunch 4. shoal 5. cluster 6. choir 7. class 8. gang

H. 1. h 2. g 3. e 4. f 5. a 6. c 7. d 8. b

I. 1. swarm 2. crew 3. bundle 4. team 5. committee 6. herd

**J.** 1. glass: Glass wares are easily breakable. 2. tin: This drum is made of tin. 3. rubber: This is a rubber tyre. 4. silk: I like to wear silk sarees 5. porcelain: It is a porcelain pot. 6. flour: It is a gram flour. 7. leather: He is wearing a pair of leather shoes. 8. gold: I like to wear gold jewellery.

**K.** 1. cotton, silk 2. gold, silver 3. wood, iron 4. leather, rexine 5. iron, steel 6. glass, china clay

**L.** 1. creativity, imagination 2. decision 3. information 4. Charitability 5. youth 6. happiness 7. pity 8. Respect 9. determination 10. Kindness

# 3. Nouns: Countable and Uncountable

1. plenty of 2. a few 3. little 4. plenty of 5. many 6. many 7. much 8. many 9. some 10. Many

#### 4. Nouns: Gender

**A.** 1. man, son, flowers 2. Manika, chocolates, pastries 3. goose, egg 4. niece, friend 5. uncle, daughters 6. principal, student 7. Rafeeq, wife, electrician 8. doctor, patient

Masculine: 1. man 2. son 3. uncle 4. principal 5. Rafeeq

Feminine: 1. Manika 2. niece 3. daughters 4. wife 5. goose

Common: 1. friend 2. student 3. electrician 4. doctor 5. patient

Neuter: 1. flowers 2. chocolates 3. pastries 4. egg 5. office

**B.** 1. monk 2. uncle 3. host 4. bachelor 5. wizard 6. poet 7. fox 8. author 9. brother-in-law 10. nephew

**C.** 1. The benefactress met my uncle. 2. The writeress patronized her work. 3. The cow was yoked to the cart. 4. The girl played the role of a queen in the play. 5. My uncle was a salesman when he was young. 6. The prince fell off the horse. 7. The nun visited Rome on an errand. 8. My sister is a very talented actress. 9. The queen is in a meeting with her ministers. 10. The lioness lay alone in the den.

D. 1. C 2. C 3. N 4. N 5. C 6. N 7. N 8. N 9. C 10. C 11. N 12. C

E. 1. brother-in-law 2. bachelor 3. bride 4. duck 5. witch 6. shepherdess 7. Monks 8. lioness

#### 5. Pronouns

- **A.** 1. Don't touch the iron. It is hot. 2. He went to a garden. He went there with his brother. They had a great time! 3. She is sleeping. She is wearing a night suit. It is red. 4. He has not come yet. He is always late. It must talk to him today.
- **B.** 1. You, him 2. him 3. you 4. they 5. us 6. you 7.18. her.
- C. 1. it 2. I, you 3. She, it, They 4. He 5. They 6. He, her 7. I, it 8. We.
- **D.** 1. ours 2. theirs 3. hers 4. his 5. mine 6. his 7. ours 8. mine 9. yours 10. yours.
- **E.** 2. Those demonstrative, They personal 3. I personal, You personal, yours possessive 4. That demonstrative, It personal 5. These demonstrative, They personal, mine possessive 6. It personal, mine possessive 7. our possessive, ours possessive, we personal, it personal 8. These demonstrative, They personal.
- F. 1. RP 2. EP 3. RP 4. RP 5. RP 6. RP 7. EP 8. EP
- **G.** 1. Whom 2. Who 3. Where 4. Which 5. What 6. What 7. Whom 8. Where 9. Whom 10. What.

#### 6. Verbs

- A. 1. will be going 32. was studying 23. will be repairing 34. are 15. are going 2
- **B.** 1. c 2. d 3. a 4. e 5. b 6. g 7. f
- **C.** 1. are, helping verb 2. were, helping verb 3. were, main verb 4. is, helping verb 5. am. main verb
- **D.** 1, has 2, has 3, have 4, had 5, have
- E. 1. was 2. are 3. is 4. was 5. is 6. is 7. has 8. is
- F. 1. are 2. was 3. were 4. are 5. is 6. is 7. has 8. has
- **G.** 1. explains, Transitive 2. drive, Transitive 3. sleep, Intransitive 4. got, Transitive 5. live, Transitive 6. seem, Intransitive 7. come, Intransitive 8. need, Transitive 9. disagree, Intransitive 10. find, Transitive
- H. 1. busy 2. with joy 3. happy 4. kites 5. stamps 6. fiercely 7. a letter 8. charming

#### 7. Adjectives

- A. 1. rainy 2. loud 3. dangerous 4. dry 5. happy
- B. 1. helpful 2. clever 3. soft 4. hard 5. hot, cold 6. grateful 7. huge
- **C.** 1. first, Adjective of number 2. millions of, Adjective of number 3. some, Adjective of quantity 4. some, Adjective of number 5. four, Adjective of number 6. few, Adjective of number 7. a lot of, Adjective of quantity 8. little, Adjective of quantity
- D. 1. Some 2. Which 3. These 4. seven 5. a little 6. useful 7. Several 8. first
- **E.** 1. bolder 2. rich, richest 3. more beautiful 4. noisiest 5. redder, reddest 6. brighter 7. strong, strongest 8. colourful, more colourful 9. prettier, prettiest 10. useful, more useful
- **F.** 1. hottest 2. longer 3. slow 4. more careful 5. smallest 6. harder 7. large 8. fastest 9. more beautiful 10. harder
- **G.** 1. colder 2. taller 3. more useful 4. lighter 5. mightier 6. better 7. worst 8. tall 9. largest 10. cleverest 11. dearer 12. wise 13. greatest 14. greater

# 8. Adverbs

- A. 1. happily 2. swiftly 3. quickly 4. angrily 5. regularly
- **B.** 2. Soldiers fight bravely to protect the country. 3. The children are playing and laughing happily. 4. Manu is very tired. He is sleeping soundly. 5. The baby is hungry. It is crying loudly. 6. Simi had a music performance. She sang very sweetly.
- **C.** 1. Mrs Vats keeps her house shabbily. 2. The deer hopped over the rocks easily. 3. My neighbour spoke to my father angrily. 4. The wrestler held his opponent tightly 5. She looked at her daughter receiving the award proudly. 6. The boss left the meeting suddenly.
- D. 1. later, still 2. tomorrow 3. recently 4. early 5. soon 6. Yesterday
- E. 1. outside 2. abroad 3. around 4. here 5. nearby 6. here
- **F.** 1. usually 2. seldom 3. seldom 4. Usually 5. seldom 6. seldom 7. usually 8. seldom
- G. 1. very 2. really 3. quite 4. enough 5. hardly 6. highly
- H. 1. incorrectly 2. slowly 3. seldom 4. politely 5. quickly 6. sadly

#### 9. Articles

- A. 1. a 2. an 3. a 4. a 5. an 6. an 7. a 8. an 9. a 10. a
- **B.** 1. an, the 2. the 3. x 4. An, a 5. an 6. a 7. an, a 8. x, x
- C. 1. The, a 2. an 3. An, a 4. An 5. a 6. the 7. an 8. The

#### 10. Present Tense

- A. 1. wake 2. sets 3. teaches 4. drinks 5. drive 6. like 7. play 8. bakes
- **B.** 1. This book belongs to me. 2. The children go to sleep by 9 o'clock. 3. Arif and Akriti like to eat noodles. 4. I do not play football. 5. Mrs Sen works in this office. 6. Mr. Sunil goes for a walk every evening.
- **C.** 1. is hiding 2. is combing 3. is getting 4. is cooking, is helping 5. are enjoying 6. are working 7. is writing 8. is examining
- **D.** 1. Ritu is feeding her pet dog. 2. Mr Ahmad is chopping the vegetables. 3. The teacher is smiling at Shravan. 4. Kripal is helping Faiza with her homework. 5. Srishti is playing tennis with her friends. 6. I am going to the temple near my house.
- **E.** 1. The soldiers have gone on a mission. 2. They have played in the garden. 3. Gurleen has met her teacher. 4. They have done their homework completely. 5. Mridul has watered plants in the garden.

#### 11. Past Tense

- A. 1. entered 2. jumped 3. lost 4. got 5. took 6. threw 7. lived 8. bought
- **B.** 1. They won every match they played in school. 2. I went to play football with my friends. 3. Ravindra watched television. 4. When we put water in the freezer, it freezed. 5. I was very tired after playing cricket. 6. The teacher in a red saree taught us English. 7. My mother got fruits from the nearby shop. 8. Sachinand took lessons to play the guitar.
- **C.** 1. were wiping 2. was hiding 3. was talking 4. was reading 5. was painting 6. was smiling 7. was practising 8. were studying
- **D.** 1. The mouse was looking at the cheese greedily. 2. They were swimming in the pool at the hotel. 3. I was writing an essay about wildlife. 4. Jim was watching the final match of the tournament. 5. Zameel was playing badminton in the park

behind his school. 6. Nipun was coming from his piano lessons.

E. 1. had started 2. had gone 3. had not seen 4. had planned 5. had taken 6. had not mentioned 7. had not parked 8. had bought

# 12. Future Tense

- **A.** 1. will clean 2. will become 3. will win 4. will break 5. will go 6. shall watch 7. shall begin 8. shall cross
- **B.** 1. Kanha will go to watch a movie. 2. The movie will begin at 10 p.m. 3. They will buy clothes from a famous shop. 4. Shikha will also eat a burger. 5. After the school, they will go for a movie. 6. Perizad shall sing in the show.
- **C.** 1. will be waiting 2. shall be watching 3. will be studying 4. shall be washing 5. will be playing 6. will be writing 7. will be sleeping 8. will be arriving
- **D.** 1. Shall have finished 2. will have studied 3. will have cooked 4. will have arrived 5. shall have received 6. shall have taken

#### 13. Prepositions

- A. 1. behind 2. of 3. under 4. off 5. inside
- B. 1. on 2. By 3. on 4. at, in 5. in, in
- C. 1. with 2. in 3. at 4. in 5. about 6. by 7. with 8. to
- D. 1. near 2. on 3. to, through 4. by 5. among 6. behind 7. over 8. with

#### 14. Conjunctions

- A. 1. or 2. or 3. and 4. and 5. because 6. and 7. or 8. so 9. so 10. and
- **B.** 1. neither, nor 2. so, that 3. Before 4. that 5. as 6. Either, or 7. neither, nor 8. whether, or
- **C.** 1. I at two pizzas because I was hungry. 2. Vinod is poor but honest. 3. He fell off the stairs and hurt his leg. 4. Her English is good but her Hindi is bad. 5. She was crying because she lost her pet. 6. He was angry so he shouted at him. 7. The river dried because there were no rains. 8. He is my friend so I will help him. 9. Would you like to have coffee or tea? 10. He and I are best friends.

#### 15. Animals and Their Young Ones

1, C 2, a 3, e 4, f 5, b 6, d

#### 16. Animals and Their Shelters

1. f 2. a 3. g 4. b 5. h 6. d 7. e 8. c

#### 17. Animals and Their Sounds

1. f 2. a 3. e 4. h 5. c 6. d 7. b 8. g

# 18. Synonyms

1. annoy 2. inclination 3. last 4. slang 5. sign 6. calculating

#### 19. Antonyms

1. departure 2. sharp 3. troubled 4. exit 5. strong 6. innocent 7. tenant 8. follower

#### 21. Writing Skills

**Ans** 1. John is celebrating a party. 2. The celebration is on December 8, at 6:00 p.m. at McDonald's in PVS Mall. 3. The guests will be served burgers, french fries and cokes. 4. I desire to go to John's party with my parents.

# 24. Comprehension

1

1. The whole passage is about the life and invention of Thomas Alva Edison. 2. Thomas's great inventions were the light bulb, the phonograph, the moving

camera and sewing machine. 3. Thomas's mother taught him reading, writing and arithmetic. 4. Edison is most famous for the invention of the electric light bulb. 5. Inventions of Thomas Alva Edison.

2

1. Everything around us is made of matter. 2. The three forms of matter are solid, liquid and gas. 3. The word 'vibrate' means moving back and forth. 4. Solid has a definite shape. Liquid changes its shape in different containers. 5. The Structure of Matter.

3

1. d 2. c 3. c 4. Apricot, the cat was making the strange sounds. 5. Scary Sounds in the Darkness.

4

1. An endangered species is a certain kind of animal that does not have enough members of its kind to survive unless it is protected. 2. There are over 600 different varieties of eucalyptus tree. 3. It is the Koala's habit by birth that it is so choosy about eucalyptus leaves. 4. The koala is a particular eater of eucalyptus trees, they will die of starvation. Kindly save them. 5. The koala: A Specific Eater

#### **SPARKLING GRAMMAR CLASS-5**

#### 1. Kinds of Sentences

**A.** 1.12. D 3.14. D 5.16.1

**B.** 1.!! 2.? 3.!! 4... 5... 6... 7... 8.? 9... 10...

- **C.** 1. Did he remember his grandfather's advice? 2. Where does Mrs Khatri live? 3. Are Jason and John twins? 4. When will my mother be visiting our school? 5. When do I take dinner?
- **D.** 1. Rabindranath Tagore was a great poet. 2. Vivekananda delivered a famous speech in Chicago. 3. Lord Mahavira was the founder of Jainism. 4. Beethoven was deaf. 5. You have taken your lunch. 6. He told you where he was going 7. Tendulkar is a world class cricketer. 8. The child cries at night. 9. Mimme Mouse is a creation of Walt Disney Productions. 10. The students were playing in the school.
- **E.** 1. The Taj Mahal is in Agra. 2. Lotus is our national flower. 3. My favourite animal is rabbit. 4. I help my parents at home with household works. 5. My hobby is gardening. 6. No, my house is not near a bridge. 7. Yes, I have visited the Water Park in Mumbai. 8. My school begins at 8.00 a.m. every day.
- **F.** 1. We do not like to play tennis. 2. She does not write neatly. 3. His name is not Nitin. 4. Shruti is not in England. 5. It does not cost a lot of time and energy. 6. Gautam did not buy flowers from the florist. 7. This house was not built by my grandfather. 8. I am not ten years old. 9. My brother does not play cricket. 10. I am not feeling tired. 11. The maid does not wash the dishes. 12. Don't put your books on the table. 13. He has not played football. 14. Karan did not reach home late. 15. Miss Seema does not teach English.
- **G.** 1. The soldiers were not kind to the enemies. 2. The cat was not grinning 3. She is not choosing a dress for her. 4. I am not going to read The Harry Potter. 5. My friends will not lend this car to me. 6. I shall not buy a bungalow.
- **H.** 1. They had not finished dinner when we reached. 2. The children have not collected money for the trip. 3. Kamini hasn't brought her new pen. 4. Rohan has not volunteered to do social work. 5. Mili has not returned from the official tour.

I. 1. Does she cook well? 2. I am not very excited about our holiday plans. 3. Were they buying new curtains for the house? 4. How happy Neena is! 5. How well Parul and Jane sing! 6. They do not play only on weekends. 7. What a lovely cake mother has baked for Raju! 8. Is my sister singing a song at the party? 9. Is Shashank from France? 10. Malti did not lose her purse.

## 2. Question Tags

- **A.** 1. The children are playing, aren't they? 2. The school is closed, isn't it? 3. They will have left by now, won't have they? 4. My sister is left-handed, isn't she? 5. You have visited the Taj Mahal, haven't you? 6. He has helped her, hasn't he? 7. The show has ended, hasn't it? 8. The movie was exciting, wasn't it?
- **B.** 1. The clock was running fast, wasn't it? 2. The horse is in its stable, isn't it? 3. Rehan plays the piano, doesn't he? 4. We will go to Shimla in the holidays, won't we? 5. He shouldn't be disobedient, should he? 6. The weather is hot and humid, isn't it? 7. She doesn't listen to her parents, does she? 8. We aren't bored of learning maths, are we?

# 3. Subject and Predicate

A. 1. The waiter is serving tea. 2. The water bottle is half empty. 3. My car has a broken fender. 4. Rachit is my best friend. 5. Mother lost her diamond necklace in the party. 6 Kabir who lives near my house plays billiards at the club. 7. The sun is a big star. 8. Carpenters make furniture. 9. The river is flowing down the mountains. 10. The hungry cows are grazing in the mountain.

B.	Subject	Predicate
	1. You	Go away.

2. A parrot There is in the cage.

3. You Have a good time at the fair.

4. You Lend me your car.
5. A small rabbit There is on the table.
6. You Go to your room!
7. You Keep your mouth shut.

8. A full moon Yesterday there was in the sky.

C. Do yourself.

# 4. Nouns

- **A.** 1. teacher 2. student 3. chemist 4. astronaut 5. pianist 6. sailor 7. librarian 8. actress 9. comedian 10. editor
- **B.** 1. Paris is the capital of France. 2. William Shakespeare is a famous English author. 3. 'War and Peace' was written by Leo Tolstoy. 4. Daniel's two dogs are named Rover and Boxer. 5. Suez Canal joins the Red Sea and the Mediterranean Sea. 6. Republic of Liberia is on the west coast of Africa. 7. Nick is the lead singer of Backstreet Boys. 8. The Himalayas is the highest mountain range in the world.
- **C.** 1. lions 2. people 3. dancers 4. sailors 5. grapes 6. ships 7. stars 8. steps 9. rooms 10. pearls
- **D.** 1. experts 2. cows 3. sand 4. directors 5. wolves 6. trucks, robbers 7. collection 8. class

- E. 1. patience 2. gentleness 3. courage 4. kindness 5. laziness
- **F.** 1. intelligence 2. Honesty 3. advice 4. wisdom 5. patriotism 6. Pride 7. boredom 8. strength
- **G.** 1. length, breadth 2. Hatred 3. permission 4. excitement 5. arrival 6. freedom 7. childhood 8. amazement
- **H.** 1. Three boys' bikes were parked in the driveway. 2. My father's office is near the hospital. 3. Where is Riyaz's spectacles? 4. The women's dresses were very expensive even after the discount. 5. Mother is packing Renu, Gehna, Gunjan's lunch. 6. I put on Gautam's hat by mistake. 7. The boy's kite flew high in the sky. 8. The children's toys were left out in the rain.

#### 5, Noun: Number

- **A.** 1. The children took part in the debate. 2. Rabbits have short tails. 3. I don't remember where your photographs are. 4. The policemen were running after the thieves. 5. Oxen are ploughing the field. 6. The knives are blunt.
- **B.** 1. The monkeys ate tomatoes, mangoes and bread. 2. My trousers are tight. 3. I am combing my hair in the latest fashion. 4. Billiards is played by champions like Geet Sethi. 5. My cousin's father-in-law is coming from Delhi. 6. The furniture in the bedroom is being moved. 7. The thieves used knives to threaten the children. 8. The scientist used different apparatus to do his experiments. 9. The headmaster gave us good advice. 10. His step-daughters are buying jewellery.
- **C.** 1. The mare gave birth to a foal. 2. The glass has broken. 3. The deer was attacked by the wolf. 4. You must change your brush every month. 5. The woman wore traditional dress for the school function. 6. My son-in-law is very helpful. 7. The pony was tired after the journey uphill. 8. There is a mouse in the mousetrap.
- **D. Countable nouns:** 2. mangoes, bag 3. teacher, books 4. strand 5. biscuits 6. monkey, bananas, nuts 8. glass

Uncountable nouns: 1. hair 4. hair, soup 5. milk 7. food, water 8. water

E. 1. much 2. much 3. any 4. a little 5. some 6. a loaf

#### 6. Noun: Gender

# A. 1. F, M 2. C, N 3. M, N 4. M, C 5. C, C, N 6. F, N, N 7. F, F 8. M, N

- **B.** 1. The mother has two nephews who live in Bangkok. 2. My brother has appointed a salesman at his shop. 3. The landlady scolded her man-servant. 4. The count met the prince in the court. 5. The hostess welcomed the gents with a big smile. 6. There are five women living in the hostel at present.
- **C.** 1. The she-goat belonged to the landlord. 2. The fisher-woman caught a drake for her husband. 3. The daughter of washerwoman was adopted by the emperor. 4. The priestess sat beside the queen at the meeting. 5. The witch turned the bridegroom into a horse.

#### 7. Pronouns

- A. 1. me 2. me 3. she 4. me 5. me 6. her 7. 18. him 9. us 10. me
- **B.** 1. Mansi said that she had to go meet her friend soon. 2. The boy told his friend to get an ice-cream for him. 3. Firoz's mother asked him to clean the bookshelf. 4. Arun and I stopped when we felt tired. 5. Mr. Rehaan met Monica and Teena. He shook hands with them. 6. Lata took the watch out of her pocket.

She looked at it. 7. Sarita is a nice girl. She helps me with my studies. 8. Nikunj promised that he would look after his grandparents.

- **C.** 1. myself 2. herself 3. himself 4 herself 5. themselves 6. ourselves 7. himself 8. yourself 9. herself 10. herself 11. themselves 12. himself 13. yourself 14. himself 15. myself
- D. 1. whom 2. who 3. that 4. who 5. who 6. whose 7. whom 8. whose
- E. 1. that 2. who 3. who 4. that 5. who 6. who 7. who 8. which
- F. 1. theirs 2. yours 3. mine 4. hers 5. ours 6. his 7. its
- G. 1. yours 2. yours 3. theirs 4. his 5. ours 6. his 7. its
- H. 1. Those 2. These 3. This 4. That 5. those 6. this 7. those
- I. 1. Who 2. Who 3. What 4. Whom 5. Who 6. What 7. Where 8. whom

#### 8. Kinds of Adjectives

- **A.** 1. naughty, loud 2. Heavy 3. delicious 4.cool, light 5. open, ripe 6. good 7. thirsty, old 8. huge
- **B.** 1. Forty(N) 2. any (Q)3. first (Q)4. twenty-three (N) 5. two, some(N) 6. much(Q) 7. tenth(Q) 8. second, third (Q)
- C. 1. That 2. Those 3. those 4. These, those 5. that 6. those 7. this 8. These
- **D.** 1. Which 2. Which 3. Whose 4. What 5. Which 6. Which 7. What 8. Whose 9. Which 10. Which
- E. 1. My, my 2. our 3. our 4. Your 5. its 6. their 7. your 8. her
- F. 1. mine 2. hers 3. your 4. them 5. their 6. my 7. yours 8. her 9. my 10. my

# 9. Degrees of Comparison

- A. 1. loud 2. slower 3. longer 4. best 5. kindest 6. loudest 7. funniest 8. honest
- **B.** 1. The sun is brighter than the moon. 2. Apple is the reddest fruit. 3. A bag full of sugar is heavier than one full of cotton. 4. June is the best month to visit Kashmir. 5. Eating home cooked food is better than eating street food.

#### 10. Verbs

- **A.** 1. Intransitive 2. Transitive 3. Transitive 4. Transitive 5. Transitive 6. Transitive 7. Transitive 8. Transitive
- **B.** 1. (will get), (cross) the road, (disobeying) traffic rules 2. (can fix) a computer, (is) repairing laptop 3. (is,) my birthday (have thrown a party 4. (found) a coin, (kept) 5. (climbed up) the trees, (plucked) many apples, (threw) them. 6. (lives) in a tree house are many arboreals

C.	Subject	Verb	Object
1.	The eagle	swooped down,	the rabbit
		carried away	
2.	The lion	hid	the hunter
3.	My mother	baked	a delicious cake
4.	The principal	gave	me, a pretty flower
5.	Varsha	slept	her waterbed
6.	Karan	got	a gold medal

- **D.** 1. is 2. loves 3. is 4. is 5. is 6. am 7. gave 8. loves 9. are shining 10. Do
- **E.** A car and a bike are my means of transportation. 2. No change 3. Excitement, as well as nervousness, is the cause of her shaking. 4. Neither Richa nor the others are available. 5. My aunt or my uncle is arriving by train today. 6. Either

Karina or Vibha has participated in the competition. 7. The politician, along with the newsmen, is expected shortly. 8. Each of the girls sings well.

## 11. Kinds of Adverbs

- **A.** 1. naughtily 2. quietly 3. patiently 4. loudly 5. beautifully 6. affectionately 7. angrily 8. happily
- **B.** 1 (late), reached 2 (tomorrow), will attend 3 (tonight) is 4 (Earlier), know 5 (today), will give
- C. 1. outside 2. everywhere 3. there 4. indoors 5. somewhere
- **D.** 1. almost 2. fully 3. most 4. very 5. extremely 6. nearly 7. completely 8. absolutely 9. quite 10. really.
- **E.** outside, adverb of place 2. fairly, adverb of manner 3. wonderfully, adverb of degree 4. very, adverb of degree 5. tomorrow, adverb of time 6. there, adverb of place 7. fluently, adverb of manner 8. absolutely, adverb of degree
- **F.** 1. annually 2. seldom 3. always 4. rarely 5. always 6. always 7. seldom 8. never **G.** 1. tomorrow 2. outside 3. everywhere 4. monthly 5. still 6. never 7. extremely 8. playfully

### 12. Articles

- **A.** 1. An, a, a 2. a, a 3. a, an 4. a, an 5. an, a 6. a
- **B.** 1. The sun 2. The girl 3. The Titanic 4. The staple, fish curry 5. The German, French 6. The food 7. Gold 8. the most
- **C.** 1. the, the 2. The, the 3. The, the, the 4. a 5. The, the, The, the 6. The, the 7. a, an 8. an, a 9. a, a 10. the
- **D.** 1. He lives in Chandni Chowk near the Red Fort. 2. It waits for the trainer till he finishes his work. 3. The dog is a faithful animal. 4. She gave me a useful book. 5. The sun gives us heat and light. 6. I am an honest boy. 7. Always speak the truth. 8. The orange you ate was ripe. 9. The Nile is the longest river. 10. Her parents come in an auto-rickshaw.

# 13. Simple Tenses: Present, Past and Future

- **A.** 1. contains 2. speaks 3. wash 4. rings 5. give 6. love 7. drink 8. wants 9. teaches 10. gets
- **B.** 1. ate 2. wrote 3. lost 4. drank 5. spoke 6. repaired 7. drove 8. talked 9.paid 10. came
- **C.** 1. shall stay 2. will be 3. shall cook 4. will finish 5. shall think 6. shall open 7. shall answer 8. will visit 9. will return 10. shall ask

# 14. Continuous Tense: Present, Past and Future

- **A.** 1. are swimming 2. is listening 3. am cleaning 4. is acting 5. are leaving 6. is watching 7. is washing 8. is baking 9. is digging 10. is setting
- **B.** 1. The old man is sitting on the wooden bench in the park. 2. The cat is jumping over the wall. 3. The musician is playing before the crowd on the road. 4. Some Canadian candidates are participating in the Indian Idol. 5. The teacher is showing the students how to behave with others. 6. The children are gathering at the mall to go for the movie. 7. Kashif and Abhishek are buying tickets to watch the magic show. 8. The minister is speaking at the opening ceremony.
- **C.** 1. Kanishk is writing a book. 2. The children are playing outside. 3. Mihir is driving a car to office today 4. I cannot find my car. I am looking for it. 5. The cook is on leave. So we are going out to eat. 6. Next month, we have a party at our home. We are preparing for it.
- D. 1. gives 2. am talking 3. is painting 4. arrives 5. plans 6. are dancing

- **E.** 1. were dancing 2. was tieing 3. were crawling 4. was winning 5. were beginning 6. was training
- **F.** 1. was burning 2. stamped 3. was wearing 4. forgave 5. was posting 6.promised **G.** 1. will be leaving 2. will be returning 3. will be watching 4. shall be going 5. will be coming 6. will be training 7. will be conducting 8. will be performing.
- **H.** 1. are going to complete 2. is going to clean 3. is going to play 4. am going to call 5. are going to learn 6. is going to be

## 15. Perfect Tenses: Present, Past and Future

- **A.** 1. have gone 2. have lost 3. has arrested 4. has broken 5. have, eaten 6. has worked 7. has written 8. have told
- **B.** 1. Spectators have gathered to watch the monkey show. 2. Urvashi has gone to the gym for her morning exercises. 3. People have heard the news about the earthquake. 4. Tapas has brought the goods to his house. 5. They have drunk water from a polluted well. 6. Naushad has given his parents a bouquet of flowers on their marriage anniversary. 7. Bharat has represented his school in the interstate competition. 8. An elephant has arrived at the gate of my school.
- **C.** 1. had, read 2. had, eaten 3. had, entered 4. had, risen 5. had woven 6. had died 7. had cut 8. had written
- **D.** 1. missed, had gone 2. wanted 3. forgot, had called 4. received, had scored 5. called, had left 6. arrived, had, started 7. had spent, wanted 8. sang, had played **E.** 1. will have packed 2. will have visited 3. will have arrested 4. shall have done 5. will have left 6. shall have fulfilled 7. will have written 8. will have discussed

#### 16. Modals

- **A.** 1. Would 2. would 3. could 4. should 5. would 6. should 7. should 8. should 9. could 10. should
- **B.** 1. must 2. should 3. may 4. must 5. must 6. may not 7. would 8. must 9. can 10. could

# 17. Prepositions

- **A.** 1. behind, preposition of place 2. beside, preposition of place 3. to, preposition of movement 4. on, preposition of time 5. under, preposition of place 6. in, preposition of time 7. around, preposition of place 8. in, preposition of time
- B. 1. between 2. by 3. at 4. into 5. on 6. across 7. over 8. with
- **C.** 1. instead of © 2. to § 3. with § 4. behind § 5. in front of © 6. because of © 7. in § 8. next to ©
- D. 1. fight with 2. afraid of 3. pleased with 4. good at 5. rude to 6. kind to
- E. 1. in 2. of 3. from 4. at 5. with 6. from 7. on 8. in 9. below 10. behind
- **F.** 1. She's a very selfish person who doesn't show any consideration for others. 2. In our school, the teachers' basic hourly rate was increased by 5%. 3. There's a fine of 5 rupees a day overdue for library books. 4. In the beginning of his career, he had very little success. 5. He forgot to consider the rise of the cost of living. 6. This ticket entitles you for a free meal at our new restaurant. 7. The botanist discovered some new specimens of flowers on that island. 8. I can't understand people who are cruel to animals. 9. He is good at playing chess. 10. Are you afraid of him?

# 18. Conjunctions

- A. 1. if 2. or 3. but 4. because 5. and 6. but 7. if 8. and 9. or 10. because
- B. 1. Although 2. but 3. because 4. hence 5. when 6. otherwise
- C. 1. I eat chocolates because I love them 2. The new car is fast and efficient 3.

Though he ran very fast, he missed the bus. 4. They will not forgive you unless you apologise. 5. I will take you to the movie if you behave well. 6. We were tired after the long trek so we stopped to take rest. 7. They are rich so they can afford to go for expensive holidays. 8. He is fat so he can't run fast.

**D.** 1. The old man was poor yet he was happy. 2. Neeti did not go to school because she had fever. 3. Father scolded Madhu as she was being naughty. 4. You cannot go out till you finish your homework. 5. Please get me a pair of socks because all my socks are torn. 6. Swati and Vikas went to the market. 7. As the water was warm, I didn't go swimming. 8. The gold is hidden at the beach or by the lakeside.

**E.** 1. No sooner, than 2. neither, nor 3. either, or 4. not only, but also 5. Hardly, when 6. No sooner, than 7. both, and 8. Hardly, when

#### 19. Synonyms

1. annoy 2. inclination 3. last 4. slang 5. sign 6. calculating

#### 20. Antonyms

1. departure 2. sharp 3. troubled 4. exit 5. strong 6. innocent 7. tenant 8. follower **21. One Word Substitution** 

Ans: d, b, b, c, c, a, d, a, d, d

# 24. Comprehension

1

1. Natural resources are the things that are useful and come from the earth. They include rocks, stones, water, plants, animals, etc. 2. There is fertile soil with sufficient rains and water that are helpful for industry and trade. 3. Deserts are long distances through hot and dry places that are difficult to travel. 4. It will depend on my occupation but I shall prefer a place with sufficient natural resources. 5. Renewable resources are those that can be replenished or replaced easily. For example, sun, wind, water and trees. 6. Uses of Natural Resources.

2

1. Self-reflection means to stop the mad rush of activity and thus calm the brain to evaluate the input received till now. 2. When I complete a unit of study, I note down what new things I learned. 3. It helps to self-evaluate. It helps to remember. It helps to make connections that help to retrieve the new information whenever needed. 4. I am willing to begin the process of self-reflection in the subject of English Grammar and Science. Thus, I shall be able to self-evaluate, remember and retrieve their contents. 5. The Skill of Self-reflection.

3

1. Galileo Galilei was born in the year 1564 in the town of Pisa, Italy. 2. Math was the only subject where Galileo was doing well. 3. Galileo became an inventor because he wanted to earn money by selling his inventions. 4. Galileo discovered that the moon was not smooth. It was covered in bumps and craters. 5. The Experiments of Galileo Galilei

4

1. Octopuses have learned a few tricks to get away from their predators. 2. Both of them can change the colour of their skin to match the surroundings. 3. The ink forms a cloud that hides the octopus and it swims away or hide in the sand or small spaces between the rocks. 4. The lost arm of the octopus grows back. 5. The Intelligence of the Octopuses.



(Teacher Manual)

Class-6 to 8

#### SPARKLING GRAMMAR CLASS-6

#### 1. The Sentence

- **A.** 2. Tanya is an intelligent girl. 3. I love chocolates. 4. This site is very beautiful. 5. They are poor people. 6. His head is bleeding. 7. We are going to the market today. 8. She is wearing a yellow frock.
- **B.** 2. How are you feeling now? 3. I am coming today. 4. We are going to meet Mr. Sharma. 5. She is a good girl. 6. She lives near Delhi. 7. The Taj Mahal is very beautiful. 8. God is great.
- **C.** 1. (i) My birthday falls in July. (ii) My birthday does not fall in July. 2. (i) I go to market by cycle. (ii) I do not go to market by cycle. 3. (i) Yes, I study Sanskrit at school. (ii) No, I do not study Sanskrit at school. 4. (i) Yes, I saw the movie Harry Potter. (ii) No, I did not see the movie Harry Potter. 5. (i) Yes, I like strangers. (ii) No, I don't like strangers. 6. (i) Yes, I like watching cartoon films. (ii) No, I don't like watching cartoon films. 7. (i) I shall go to Delhi tomorrow. (ii) I shall not go anywhere tomorrow. 8. (i) Yes, I like to visit fairs. (ii) No, I don't like to visit fairs.
- **D.** 1. Please give me a glass of water. 2. Just do your work quietly in the exam. 3. You should write your complete address on an application form. 4. Go and change your school uniform. 5. Take the right position. 6. Do not drink cold water. 7. Shut the door tightly, 8. Please help me in the kitchen to prepare a dish.
- E. 1. When will you go to meet him? 2. How long is it? 3. Why can't you go there? 4. Who is his team's captain? 5. Whom does this book belong to? 6. Is this answer very complicated? 7. Is there whole family in the photograph? 8. Is this an old edition of this book? 9. Will this train reach Delhi in the morning? 10. Have they gone to buy some fruits and vegetables?
- **F.** 1. How beautiful she is! 2. What a confused person you are! 3. How smelly the rotten fruits are! 4. What a wonderful player Sachin Tendulkar is! 5. How dangerous it is to play with fire! 6. How beautiful the rain is! 7. What a poor student she is! 8. What a dangerous place it is!

#### 2. Subject and Predicate

- **A.** 1. You 2. The young painter 3. The students 4. The black shirt 5. Wajid 6. Priya 7. Shyam 8. the stone
- B. 1. They 2. Rakesh 3. Aboy 4. The meeting 5. Naina 6. Mona 7. Yash 8. We
- **C.** 1. She is a very naughty girl. 2. All of them were confused. 3. He is not coming today. 4. Salman looked happy. 5. Don't make a noise. 6. I went to Rajasthan with my family. 7. The baby is crying badly. 8. She is very angry.
- **D.** 1. d2. e3. a4. b5. c6. h7. f8. g
- E. My friend, He, He, My friend, he, He, The door of the house, The lock, My friend, He

# 3. Formation of Interrogatives

- **A.** 1. Yes, I go to school. 2. Yes, I have done my homework. 3. No, I shall not come today. 4. Yes, I am happy. 5. Yes, I help my parents. 6. No, I am not feeling sleepy. 7. Yes, I love my brother and sister. 8. Yes, I like ice-cream.
- B. 1. What 2. What 3. Where 4. Who 5. When 6. Which 7. Why 8. When
- C. 1. You are going to meet her, aren't you? 2. She is still very strong, isn't she?
- 3. The minister will come next month, won't he? 4. You will be attending her function,

won't you be? 5. You will join the club next week, won't you? 6. The plane has reached the airport, hasn't it? 7. I should add more sugar to this pudding, shouldn't I? 8. They are going to attend the wedding, aren't they?

**D.** 1. Do you eat two apples every morning? 2. Would it be better to go there in the evening? 3. Did she do her task well? 4. Did you receive my mail? 5. Where are the girls? 6. Does he look like Tom Cruise? 7. How are you? 8. How is the day today? 9. How many rupees did you pay for it? 10. How many brothers or sisters do you have?

### 4. Nouns

**A.** Sachin, America, March, Christmas, Sahara Airways, Pawan, National Geographic Channel, Mt Everest, Sunday, Spain, Yellow.

**B.** 1. f2. g3. b4. h5. d6. c7. e8. a

**C.** 1. army 2. team 3. bunch 4. bouquet 5. library 6. flock 7. gang 8. band 9. troupe 10. class

**D.** 1. decision 2. Loyalty 3. vacancy 4. Silence 5. Justice 6. failure 7. cleanliness 8. childhood 9. perfectness 10. population.

# 5. Nouns : Number

- **A.** 1. garages 2. thieves 3. chalks 4. boys 5. butterflies 6. heroes 7. benches 8. mosquitoes
- **B.** 1. matches 2. wives 3. mangoes 4. boys 5. piano 6. baby 7. chalks 8. inches 9. studio 10. scarf
- **C.** 1. This pair of scissors is not sharp. 2. The deer is grazing in the field. 3. Where are my socks? 4. This pair of binoculars is very old. 5. He wears spectacles. 6. The cattle are coming back. 7. Her hair is brown. 8. He won the match today. 9. These black trousers are very smart. 10. They are their men-servants.
- **D.** 1. peons 2. preys 3. chefs 4. sisters-in-law 5. bases 6. close-ups 7. cattle 8. deer 9. scissors 10. boys

## 6. Nouns: Gender

- **A.** 1. The duchess wanted to learn painting from the mistress. 2. The waiter welcomed the man into the restaurant. 3. The shepherdess asked the landlady to lend her some money. 4. The tigress ate the son of the washerman. 5. The empress announced her heiress. 6. The mare kicked the man badly. 7. Mrs Rawat and Mrs Goyal went for shopping. 8. The hero of the movie was very beautiful. 9. His wife was out of station. 10. The girls were playing with a peahen.
- **B.** 1. sir, Masculine 2. wife, Feminine 3. priest, Masculine 4. tiger, Masculine 5. heroine, Feminine 6. horse, Masculine 7. washerwoman, Feminine 8. bull, Masculine

C.1. N2. C3. F4. C5. C6. M

D. 1. He 2. herself 3. duchess 4. father 5. lion 6. He 7. guests 8. It

# Comprehension Earth Day

**A.** 1. c 2. b 3. d 4. a

B. 1. Earth 2. Automobiles 3. resources 4. environment 5. friendly

# 7. Pronouns

**A.** 1. us 2. I 3. He 4. she 5. she 6. you 7. he 8. We 9. I 10. him

B. 1. your, mine 2. her 3. its 4. him 5. your 6. our, my 7. his 8. their

**C.** 1. himself 2. themselves 3. ourselves 4. itself 5. himself 6. herself 7. themselves 8. themselves

D. 1. that 2. those 3. this 4. that 5. those 6. These 7. This 8. This, that z

E. 1. Either 2. each 3. Each 4. Each 5. Either 6. Neither 7. Neither 8. Each

F. 1. What 2. Where 3. Who 4. Who 5. Where 6. What 7. Whom 8. Who 9. Who 10. What

- **G.** 1. That is the boy who met me on the road. 2. She is the lady whose daughter plays with me every day. 3. This is the confectionery that prepare delicious cakes. 4. She is the teacher whom I want to meet. 5. I am studying mathematics which is very difficult. 6. I went to the company that is very big. 7. These are the red apples which are very sweet. 8. That is the woman who is jealous of me.
- **H.**1. some 2. no one 3. Something, nothing 4. Many 5. little 6. a few 7. anyone 8. Someone 9. No one 10. Everybody

#### 8. Adjectives

- A. 1. bright 2. intelligent 3. big 4. old 5. blue 6. naughty 7. wise 8. beautiful
- **B.** 1. Many 2. any 3. a lot 4. some 5. any 6. much 7. some 8. any
- C. 1. third 2. two 3. hundred 4. All 5. second 6. four 7. three 8. two
- D. 1. These 2. That 3. This 4. these 5. That 6. that 7. this 8. This 9. these 10. Those
- E. 1. my 2. my, your 3. own 4. their 5. my, yours 6. my 7. Its 8. Our
- **F.** 1. hard-working 2. many 3. all 4. some 5. What 6. Whose 7. my 8. famous 9. All 10. interesting

#### 9. Comparison of Adjectives

- A. 1. better 2. more difficult 3. tallest 4. more useful 5. fittest 6. happiest 7. worst 8. safest
- **B.** 1. bolder, boldest 2. more suitable, most suitable 3. neater, neatest 4. happier, happiest 5. deeper, deepest 6. tastier, tastiest 7. hotter, hottest 8. poorer, poorest 9. stronger, strongest 10. more wonderful, most wonderful 11. more, most 12. richer, richest 13. more, most 14. sweeter, sweetest 15. worse, worst 16. cleverer, cleverest 17. softer, softest 18. bigger, biggest 19. sooner, soonest 20. more careful, most careful
- **C.** It is the largest building of all. 2. The tortoise is the slowest animal. 3. It is the most joyful moment of our life. 4. It is the most wonderful day. 5. I have read the most of books. 6. He is the best actor. 7. It is the worst situation. 8. He is the ablest man of all. 9. It is the heaviest of all. 10. She is the nicest girl of all.
- **D.** I have three friends. All friends study in my class. Their name is Akshat, Yash and Rishabh. Akshat is a lazy boy while Yash is hard-working. On the other hand, Rishabh is a clever boy.

#### 10. Adverbs

- A. 1. nicely 2. quickly 3. easily 4. heavily 5. gladly 6. badly 7. curiously 8. early
- B. 1. high 2. beside 3. everywhere 4. nowhere 5. away 6. here 7. far away 8. there
- C. 1. today 2. yet 3. once 4. soon 5. early 6. early 7. ago 8. nowadays
- D. 1. very 2. just 3. very 4. almost 5. entirely 6. very 7. really 8. almost.
- **E.** 1. daily 2. sometimes 3. always 4. everyday 5. occasionally 6. usually 7. Sometimes 8. always
- **F.** 1. really, Adverb of Degree 2. before, Adverb of Time 3. often, Adverb of Frequency 4. sometimes, Adverb of Frequency 5. carefully, Adverb of Manner 6. now, Adverb of Time 7. here, Adverb of Place 8. above, Adverb of Place
- **G.** 1. loudly 2. skillfully 3. friendly 4. stridently 5. gladly 6. merrily 7. urgently 8. motherly 9. noisily 10. happily 11. usually 12. satisfactorily 13. highly 14. excitedly

# 11. Comparison of Adverbs

- **A.** 1. less, least 2. more, most 3. worse, worst 4. farther, farthest 5. more carefully, most carefully 6. doubler, doublest 7. slowlier, slowliest 8. more happily, most happily 9. sooner, soonest 10. more loudly, most loudly
- **B.** 1. tightly 2. bravely 3. latest 4. far 5. more brightly 6. hardest 7. well 8. early 9. angrily 10. fast

#### 12. Articles

**A.** 1. a 2. An 3. A 4. an 5. a 6. an 7. an  $\overline{8. a 9. a 10.}$  an

**B.** 1. He bought a dozen bananas. 2. I want to buy an ink pen. 3. He is a great man. 4. A lot of people appreciated him. 5. She is a nice girl. 6. Some people met with an accident. 7. Please give me an orange to eat. 8. She is a teacher.

C. 1. the 2. an 3. An 4. The, the 5. The 6. an 7. The 8. the

# Comprehension Christopher Columbus

1. d 2. a 3. b 4. c

#### 13. Prepositions

**A.** 1. on 2. at 3. at 4. from 5. into 6. before 7. of 8. for

B. 1. Time 2. Place 3. Place 4. Place 5. Time 6. Place 7. Time 8. Time

**C.** 1. She is fond of songs. 2. The class will start at 10.00 o'clock. 3. Share your lunch with others. 4. The aeroplane flew above the buildings. 5. Sunny went into the room. 6. The leopard sprang upon the rabbit. 7. He is out of danger now. 8. You should do according to the teachings of your parents. 9. It is on behalf of me and my family. 10. Go along with your friends.

**D.** 1. to 2. from 3. with 4. at 5. since 6. for 7. in 8. at

# 14. Conjunctions

- **A.** 1. The moon was bright but not bright as the sun. 2. The food was not tasty because it was spicy. 3. Wait till I come back. 4. Though the team played well, they did not win the match. 5. Do you know his house number or phone number? 6. The sun had set but it was still light outside. 7. I was not happy still I kept smiling. 8. I know him for eight years. 9. She has her faults still we all love her. 10. He gave the interview although he was late. 11. We will watch the movie when he comes. 12. They were having food when he came.
- **B.** 1. We decided to take part as we were good dancers. 2. They lost a lot of money but they are still rich. 3. The market will open if the rain stops. 4. He was on a good position still he was not happy. 5. He is as sincere as his sister. 6. We walked on the beach and the children swam in the sea. 7. Come back as soon as possible. 8. We must exercise daily otherwise we will become lazy.
- **C.** 1. He is rich but unhappy. 2. Is it black or white? 3. If weather is fine, we will play. 4. We got home and went straight for breakfast. 5. You can go on bike or take a bus. 6. He was ill but cheerful. 7. He worked hard still he failed in exam. 8. When we arrived, the film had started.
- **D.** 1. No sooner did I entered the house than my cat pounced on me. 2. Either read it properly or stop coming to the class. 3. As she ran very fast, I fell behind. 4. He is neither hard-working nor sincere. 5. Not only you can go home but also your sister can come home. 6. It is not only shameful but also highly illegal.

#### 15. Verbs

- **A.** 1. plays 2. runs 3. loves 4. bursted 5. eating 6. brings 7. paint 8. brought 9. switch 10. eating
- **B.** 1. Transitive 2. Intransitive 3. Intransitive 4. Intransitive 5. Transitive 6. Intransitive 7. Transitive 8. Intransitive
- C. 1. needs 2. Could 3. must 4. should 5. shall 6. ought to 7. Can 8. May
- **D.** 1. He sat on a chair. 2. I bought a shirt. 3. I saw a girl. 4. She asked me a question. 5. Ajay had a bike. 6. The police caught a thief.

#### 16. Direct and Indirect Speech

**A.** 1. Maggie said that she was sorry for her behaviour. 2. I told my mother that I wanted to eat rice. 3. She told Rima that she was leaving for the station then. 4. Megha said that their relatives were waiting for them. 5. The girl exclaimed with fear

that there was a snake under the carpet. 6. She said that she would give her brother a treat. 7. She said that she had bought a computer from Delhi. 8. Piya said that her brother was sleeping.

- **B.** 1. Mother said, "Jaya, you are a good girl." 2. He said to me, "What is your name." 3. Tarun said, "Amit, I shall defeat you." 4. She said to her, "You can dance very well." 5. The teacher said, "You have done well." 6. She says, "I am hungry." 7. He said, "The sun sets in the west." 8. Rekha said, "I love to play."
- C. 1. am, now 2. Is 3. will 4. said 5. told 6. told 7. Hurrah 8. asked
- **D.** 1. She said to me, "I will help you." 2. He said that he would phone him. 3. She said to the daughter, "Clean the doors." 4. You said to them, "I will help you." 5. She says, "I am recording the programme." 6. "Listen carefully," said the teacher. 7. They said, "We shall not go to the park today."

# 17. Active and Passive Voice

- **A.** 1. Active 2. Passive 3. Passive 4. Passive 5. Active 6. Active 7. Active 8. Passive
- **B.** 1. This book was written by Mr. Seth. 2. A song will be presented at the event by Alka. 3. Lunch is being cooked for the guests by Reema. 4. The plane was being flown by the pilot. 5. The house is being decorated by the aunts. 6. A story was told to the grandchildren by grandmother. 7. A card was given to the teacher by the students. 8. A chair is made by the carpenter.

#### 18. Subject-Verb Agreement

- **A.** 1. is 2. were 3. shine 4. were 5. plays 6. are 7. are 8. is 9. is 10. like
- **B.** 1. die 2. is 3. is 4. is 5. is 6. are 7. are 8. are 9. is 10. are 11. is 12. is 13. is 14. has 15. are
- C. 1. is 2. are 3. have 4. has 5. was 6. is 7. is 8. is 9. is 10. is

# Comprehension

#### Honesty

1. The hidden treasure was an iron box filled with valuable ornaments made of gold and diamond. 2. The peasant at once went to the person from whom he had bought the land and showed him the treasure. 3. The previous owner said that the treasure had been hidden in the plot by his ancestors. As the peasant had found it, is belongs to him. 4. This story teaches that we should be honest and not greedy. 5. Yes, the people today are greedier than the characters in this story.

# Comprehension Trees: Our Life

- 1. Trees not only provide us things such as fuel, fodder, gum and wood, but also maintain the oxygen-carbon dioxide balance on earth.
- 2. Trees help in reducing the pollution by maintaining the oxygen-carbon dioxide balance on earth. 3. Trees provide us fruits and medicine and a habitat to wildlife. 4. Human will survive on the planet only as long as trees are there. 5. Man should grow more and more trees as they are beneficial for mankind.

# 19. Punctuation

- **A.** 1. What a delightful time I had last week! 2. Ajit, Amit, Charu and Ravi went to the market. 3. I was sitting in the room with Radha and Sheeba. 4. You haven't read a letter, have you? 5. Have you gone to Amritsar? 6. Rajat said, "I want to eat mango." 7. Yes, I remember him. 8. What a place! 9. The soldiers have gone. 10. Do you want to have lunch?
- **B.** 1. How far is Delhi from Goa? 2. Please call these students: Naveen, Surbhi, Priya and Nargis. 3. I saw a programme on Dr. Stephen Hawking on the BBC. 4. What an amazing picture! 5. Did you like the song? 6. Dr. Singh is a famous person. 7. "Stop there," ordered the policeman. 8. Nimisha asked, "Where is your house?".

9. "The view of these hills from here is beautiful," Anil exclaimed. 10. Vikram Seth and Shobha De are famous Indian writers. 11. Mumbai is an expensive city. 12. Did you like the film "Taare Zameen Par." 13. I am going to Australia. 14. Johny said, "I like ice-cream." 15. Get me these: "milk, sugar, coffee and coco powder."

### 21. Present Tense

- A. 1. is 2. use 3. lives 4. live 5. drink 6. goes 7. comes 8. reads.
- **B.** 1. The sun is not a star. Is the sun a star? 2. A mango does not taste better than a pineapple. Does a mango taste better than a pineapple? 3. We do not use plastic bags. Do we use plastic bags? 4. Smoking does not damage our health. Does smoking damage our health? 5. The milkman does not come on a bicycle. Does the milkman come on a bicycle? 6. Anuj, Abhay and Ambuj do not study in class. 7. Do Anuj, Abhay and Ambuj study in class 7?
- **C.** 1. is shining 2. is singing 3. is exercising 4. is watering 5. is crying 6. is waiting 7. are serving 8. is working
- **D.** 1. have read 2. have cleaned 3. have eaten 4. has broken 5. has bought 6. has taken 7. have decided 8. has brought
- **E.** 1. Ramesh has not written two letters. Has Ramesh written two letters? 2. Two readers have not appreciated it. Have two readers appreciated it? 3. Rehaana has not completed her course. Has Rehaana completed her course? 4. I have not seen many live performances. Have I seen many live performances? 5. Our relatives have not shifted to Goa. Have our relatives shifted to Goa? 6. All of us have not had our dinner. Have all of us had our dinner?
- **F.** 1. has been reading 2. has been teaching 3. has been painting 4. have been waiting 5. has been attending 6. has been preparing 7. have been trying 8. has been coming
- **G.** 1. My grandmother has not been suffering from headache. Has my grandmother been suffering from headache? 2. Aditi and her brother have not been playing in the park since 7 o'clock. Have Aditi and her brother been playing in the park since 7 o'clock? 3. We have not been watering the trees. Have we been watering the trees? 4. I have not been advising him about his studies. Have I been advising him about his studies. 5. Param has not been trying to pass the exam. Has Param been trying to pass the exam? 6. Shivam has not been driving himself. Has Shivam been driving himself? 7. The girl has not been laughing. Has the girl been laughing? 8. We have not been waiting for her for three hours. Have we been waiting for her for three hours?

### 22. Past Tense

- A. 1. sew, came 2. agreed 3. attended 4. spoke 5. ate 6. agreed 7. wore 8. went
- **B.** 1. The glass did not break. Did the glass break? 2. The bird did not fly. Did the bird fly? 3. Sachin did not play well. Did Sachin play well? 4. She did not sing a Hindi song. Did she sing a Hindi song? 5. The police did not catch the thief. Did the police catch the thief? 6. The train did not leave. Did the train leave?
- **C.** 1. was helping 2. was watching 3. was asking 4. was working 5. was sitting 6. were trying 7. were flying 8. was walking
- **D.** 1. She was not speaking to herself. Was she speaking to herself? 2. Ashima was not playing with her doll when her mother arrived. Was Ashima playing with her doll when her mother arrived? 3. Sanjay was not sleeping during the seminar. Was Sanjay sleeping during the seminar? 4. They were not running to catch a bird. Were they running to catch a bird? 5. The rest of us were not pretending to laugh. Were the rest of us pretending to laugh? 6. The teacher was not looking only at the students in the front row. Was the teacher looking only at the students in the front row?
- E. 1. had killed 2. had managed 3. had played 4. had gone 5. had dropped 6. had left

- 7. had given 8. had stood
- **F.** 1. I had not finished my homework by 5 p.m. Had I finished my homework by 5 p.m.? 2. I had not hoped that I would get the job. Had I hoped that I would get the job? 3. The plane had not left the terminal before I reached. Had the plane left the terminal before I reached? 4. She had not stitched the frock before her daughter came back from market. Had she stitched the frock before her daughter came back from market? 5. They had not left home before I reached. Had they left home before I reached? 6. The teacher had not finished the course before the exam. Had the teacher finished the course before the exam?
- **G.** 1. had been selling 2. had been cleaning 3. been playing 4. had been singing 5. had been waiting 6. Had, been sitting 7. had been preparing 8. had been watching **H.** 1. We had not been playing in the park for two hours. Had we been playing in the park for two hours? 2. My aunty had not been cleaning the room since morning. Had my aunty been cleaning the room since morning? 3. I had not been eating since one hour. Had I been eating since one hour? 4. The children had not been walking to the garden when the owner saw him. Had the children been walking to the garden when the owner saw him? 5. Ramesh had not been sleeping when the manager entered. Had Ramesh been sleeping when the manager entered? 6. Reena had not been arranging the room when she heard the doorbell. Had Reena been arranging the room when she heard the doorbell?

#### 23. Future Tense

- A. 1. shall open 2. shall meet 3. will prepare 4. will buy 5. shall meet 6. will, join 7. shall give 8. shall dance
- **B.** 1. Suresh will not like this dish. Will Suresh like this dish? 2. He will not join us tomorrow. Will he join us tomorrow? 3. We shall not take part in the competition. Shall we take part in the competition? 4. The police will not run after the thief. Will the police run after the thief? 5. She will not invite her friends at her birthday party. Will she invite her friends at her birthday party? 6. I shall not do my homework tomorrow. Shall I do my homework tomorrow?
- **C.** 1. shall be giving 2. will be reading 3. will be resting 4. will be cooking 5. will be playing 6. shall be doing 7. will be seeing 8. will be coming
- **D.** 1. Gitika will not be following her friends to the garden. Will Gitika be following her friends to the garden? 2. You will not be driving at that time. Will you be driving at that time? 3. Sumit will not be having lunch at the restaurant. Will Sumit be having lunch at the restaurant? 4. Nitin will not be exercising to reduce his weight in the morning. Will Nitin be exercising to reduce his weight in the morning? 5. Aman's cousins will not be coming tomorrow. Will Aman's cousins be coming tomorrow? 6. I shall not be having dinner at 10 o'clock. Shall I be having dinner at 10 o'clock?
- **E.** 1. shall have done 2. will have gone 3. will have taken 4. shall have lived 5. will have learnt 6. will have gone 7. will have left 8. will have slept
- **F.** 1. I shall not have finished the novel by next week. Shall I have finished the novel by next week? 2. You will not have submitted your project by that time. Will you have submitted your project by that time? 3. The Principal will not have delivered his speech before I reach the school. Will the Principal have delivered his speech before I reach the school? 4. I shall not have completed your painting by then. Shall I have completed your painting by then? 5. By 9 a.m. tomorrow, he will not have reached the camp. Will he have reached the camp by 9 a.m. tomorrow? 6. I shall not have finished the work by noon tomorrow. Shall I have finished the work by noon tomorrow?
- **G.** 1. will have been decorating 2. will have been preparing 3. will have been solving 4. will have been seeking 5. will have been studying 6. will have been overflowing 7. will have been packing, 8. will have been studying.

**H.** 1. Ritu's aunt will not have been inviting her to her house for quite sometime. Will Ritu's aunt have been inviting her to her house for quite sometime? 2. He will not have been buying all the gifts today. Will he have been buying all the gifts today? 3. Rehaan will not have been leaving for Mumbai tonight. Will Rehaan have been leaving for Mumbai tonight? 4. Carlos will not have been discovering a new island next year. Will Carlos have been discovering a new island next year? 5. By the end of the month, he will not have been taking treatment for one year. Will he have been taking treatment by the end of the month, for one year? 6. We shall not have been reaching Nainital by then. Shall we have been reaching Nainital by then? 7. I shall not have been reading the book at 6 p.m.? Shall I have been reading the book at 6 p.m. 8. When you plan to visit our city, I shall not have been visiting Paris for several days. Shall I have been visiting Paris for several days, when you plan to visit our city?

#### 26. Homophones

1. weak 2. weight 3. steal 4. peace 5. aloud 6. advice 7. hare 8. check 9. air 10. Here

# 27. Synonyms

**A.** 1. hard, coarse 2. damp, wet 3. exhilarated, zestful 4. helpless, infirm 5. decline, rot 6. ignore, shun 7. agree, grant 8. genial, merry 9. lean, thin 10. challenge, defy **B.** 1. He is a very cheerful person. 2. She was very angry at that moment. 3. The atmosphere appeared to be gloomy. 4. They are sitting unoccupied. 5. It is a mix of sweet and sour. 6. This is called real bliss. 7. The clothes are still wet. 8. This is my design. 9. You should be courteous with others. 10. My father is very bold. **C.** 1. j 2. i 3. h 4. g 5. f 6. e 7. d 8. c 9. b 10. a

## 28. Antonyms

**A.** 2. departure, **arrival**: We apologize for the late arrival of the train. **departure**: The departure time of Mumbai Rajdhani Express is 5:00 p.m. from Delhi. 3. forward, **backward**: They moved backward 3 kilometres. **forward**: The army marched forward 4. incapable, **capable**: He is capable of lifting this weight. **incapable**: She is incapable of doing it. 5. supply, **demand**: I cannot complete your demand. **supply**: Please supply me one sack of sugar. 6. wise, **foolish**: Amita is a foolish girl. **wise**: Sarthak is a wise boy. 7. mean, **generous**: He is quite generous. **mean**: Sunil is so mean. 8. proud, **humble**: she is quite humble. **proud**: I am proud of him. **B.** 1. e 2. f 3. h 4. b 5. i 6. g 7. j 8. a 9. c 10. d

# **SPARKLING GRAMMAR CLASS-7**

### 1. The Sentence

**A.** 1. He is an intelligent boy. 2. Will you come with me to the party? 3. What a lovely building this is! 4. Everybody was present in the class. 5. Hurry up or we will miss the match. 6. Sohan is unable to move. 7. The little bird was chirping in the nest. 8. Leena laughed loudly. 9. This purse is made of leather. 10. Do you like this cake?

	Subject	Predicate
1.	She	is going to a camp for the summer vacations.
2.	Rita	ate her lunch before we arrived.
3.	We	won the badminton match.
4.	The big black dog	belongs to Miss Anne.
5.	She	swept all the broken pieces of vase.
6.	The flowers	are smelling sweet.
7.	Farmers	face many problems due to lack of rain.
8.	Bad habits	are not easy to change.

- C. 1. A, AS 2. A, AS 3. A, NS 4. A, NS 5. Im 6. A, AS 7. A, NS 8. I 9. Im 10. E
- **D.** 1. She does not attend the college regularly. 2. We have time to waste. 3. Ankit will not attend the party. 4. The man is honest in his work. 5. I have seen the Taj Mahal. 6. Manisha cannot speak English fluently. 7. They are not good friends. 8. I will go to the park today. 9. She is feeling well. 10. I am not very hungry.
- **E.** 1. Have they completed their work? 2. Did Mrs Rao go to the market? 3. Will they come later? 4. Is Rekha a singer? 5. Did Mr. Ram teach us English? 6. Do I like cricket? 7. Should we obey our elders? 8. Does Akshita cook quite well?
- **F.** 1. Surekha is coming with us for the party, isn't she? 2. They took a car loan from the bank, didn't they? 3. You do not live near our shop, do you? 4. Ramesh has finished his project, hasn't he? 5. Kapil runs a departmental store, doesn't he? 6. Rekha resigned from the school and started her own coaching classes, didn't she?
- **G.** 1. Well done! Anju is presenting the show very well. 2. Aha! My father has a designer watch. 3. Oh! You are late for the training session. 4. What a great moment that was! 5. Indeed! Sameer is a very good boy. 6. How fast can Arpana write! 7. How beautiful the earth is! 8. How lovely the flower is! 9. How interesting this book is! 10. How beautiful this house is!

#### 2. Phrases and Clauses

- **A.** 1. eating cherries. 2. To be an engineer is 3. to ride a scooter 4. a big house 5. drinking milk 6. to buy her a computer 7. Creating a drama at the party 8. to watch movie 9. the way to railway station 10. To solve this question.
- **B.** 1. He is a man with a kindly nature. 2. I have a beautiful sari made of silk. 3. This is a window made of glass. 4. I have a sweater made of wool. 5. I like jewellery made of silver. 6. She is a star of great fame. 7. She is a girl full of beauty. 8. He is a teacher full of experience.
- **C.** 1. They reached home a short time ago. 2. Radha spoke with care. 3. I want to complete this work at this moment. 4. My brother studied out of the country. 5. The horse ran at a high speed. 6. She solved the question with easiness. 7. He was a stranger in that place. 8. It all happened all of a sudden.
- **D.** 1. at that time, Adverb phrase 2. in the morning, Adverb phrase 3. a man of jolly nature, Adjective phrase 4. in the praise of God, Prepositional phrase 6. in the conference, Prepositional phrase 7. in every place, Adverb phrase 8. like a born artist, Prepositional phrase 9. Having arrived in time, Adverb phrase 10. watching news in the evening, Gerund phrase
- **E.** 1. I am reading my book. 2. She is a beautiful girl. 3. Time and tide wait for none. 4. You should help them to lift the heavy bag. 5. Shining brightly in the sky, the stars attract us. 6. Ajay gave a ring made of gold to his wife. 7. It is not the way to treat an old man. 8. The horse is standing under the tree.
- F. 1. P 2. C 3. P4. C5. P 6. P 7. P 8. P
- **G.** 1. If you work hard 2. If I make a promise 3. till I return 4. If you do not hurry 5. because I choose to 6. where I am 7. where he lived 8. as others are fool
- **H.** 1. who is your sister 2. that just passed 3. which was gifted by her husband 4. that you can see here 5. that I was wearing yesterday 6. which you presented me 7. who work hard 8. that is left 9. whom I saw yesterday 10. who belongs to Raman
- **I.** 1. what do you want? 2. whatever I like. 3. that I shall fail 4. who she is. 5. that the door was open. 6. what had happened. 7. how you do this. 8. that it would be a fine day.

#### 3. Nouns

**A.** 1. The Times of India 2. 'War and Peace' 3. Red Cross 4. Indian 5. Ganga 6. Dr. Rajendra Prasad 7. Ramayana 8. Akbar 9. Sally 10. Sunday

- **B.** 1. clump 2. swarm 3. shoal 4. school 5. string 6. litter 7. pride 8. fleet 9. herd 10. series 11. flock 12. bouquet 13. range 14. bunch 15. band
- **C.** 1. She is a beautiful girl. 2. My father is a doctor. 3. I have many books of science. 4. Here is a table. 5. This is a month of March. 6. These mountains are so high. 7. He is an intelligent boy. 8. My aunt is a clever woman.
- **D.** 1. freedom 2. decision 3. strength 4. truth 5. hardships 6. justice 7. friendship 8. activity 9. timidity 10. privacy
- E. 1. Chair 2. mango 3. butterfly 4. duck 5. rabbit 7. orange 8. cow.
- F. 1. plastic 2. marble 3. iron 4. wood 5. cotton 6. flour 7. steel 8. wool 9. glass 10. china clay
- G. Person 2: an essay, Person1: a computer, essays
- Person 2: hours, Person 1: many, money, food
- Person 2: much
- Person 1: a job, some, a few
- Person: 2 pictures

#### 4. Nouns: Number and Gender

- **A.** 1. The beggar asked the rich man for alms. 2. The women were looking beautiful. 3. He is a brave man. 4. I need some advice from you. 5. Where are my trousers? 6. I have a lot of information. 7. I have no furniture in my house. 8. She bought four dozen of bananas. 9. The train covered two hundred miles. 10. This is a bad news.
- **B.** 1. Masculine, Masculine 2. Feminine, Feminine 3. Common 4. Masculine, common 5. Masculine, Common 6. Masculine, Common 7. Common, Common 8. Neuter

#### 5. Pronouns

- A. 1. her 2. He, she 3. me 4. you, him 5. it, it 6. It 7. They 8. He, his 9. her 10. They
- **B.** 1. His, mine 2. theirs 3. his, hers 4. theirs 5. yours, mine 6. theirs 7. hers 8. his 9. ours 10. theirs
- **C.** 1. These are the mugs my mother gave me. 2. That is Neha's friend. 3. These are your books. 4. That is my house. 5. All those are the people who danced at the function. 6. Remove the mats. These are dirty. 7. Look at the clothes here. These are imported from London. 8. That is the Red Fort.
- **D.** 1. himself 2. myself 3. ourselves 4. himself 5. itself 6. myself 7. myself 8. herself 9. themselves 10. ourselves
- **E.** 1. Who ate the cake? 2. Who is knocking at the door? 3. Where do you want to live in? 4. Who watched the match? 5. What do you like? 6. Who is he and where does he work? 7. Who inaugurated the function? 8. Who has written this beautiful poem?
- F. 1. Either 2. Each 3. Each 4. either 5. Either 6. each 7. Neither 8. Either 9. Neither 10. Each
- **G.** 1. anyone 2. All 3. Someone 4. everyone 5. anybody 6. everything 7. anything 8. Nobody 9. Everyone 10. Nobody
- **H.** 1. This is the boy who has lost his bag. 2. Shreyas who does the work well is doing the work. 3. This is the lady who talks too much. 4. This is the dog that is very faithful. 5. Here is the girl whom I was searching for. 6. He is the man who helped me. 7. This is the house that belongs to Raman . 8. This is the plant which is full of red flowers. 9. This is the bag which I found on the road. 10. This is the horse that won the race.

#### 6. Finite and Non-Finite Verbs

- A. 1. Stop 2. tried 3. comes 4. speaks 5. tried 6. help 7. wake up 8. asked
- **B.** 1. She went to Delhi to visit the Red Fort. 2. It is a good deed to help the needy. 3. Every team has a coach to set the pace of the team. 4. Reema has gone to England to attend the meeting there. 5. I went to the exhibition to buy some statues. 6. I opened the purse to look into it. 7. The family went to the restaurant to have lunch

there. 8. They use no oil to cook their food.

- **C.** 1. He picked up his book running into the room. 2. I saw some very beautiful birds. 3. Being hurt, the girl was hospitalised. 4. Opening the door, Roma went into the garden. 5. Seeing a lion, he ran for his life. 6. Alighted from the train, I looked for my mother.
- **D.** 1. singing 2. riding 3. don't like crying 4. is surprising 5. wants dying 6. Cycling 7. Hunting 8. warming 9. dancing 10. Singing

# Comprehension

#### **Tomato Ketchup**

1. Only dark red coloured tomatoes are selected for manufacturing tomato ketchup.
2. Hygiene-conscious manufacturers require the fruits to be soaked for about five minutes and this is followed by spraying. 3. If you have tried detaching the flimsy skin of the tomatoes from the flesh, you will appreciate the intricacy of the process involved. 4. Time is a crucial factor from the moment tomatoes are heated to the time they are pulped as peeled tomatoes may loose their bright red colour if exposed to air for too long. 5. In the pulper, seeds, coarse fibres and the remaining fragments of skin are removed speedily, Glass or stainless steel banks are used for storing the tomatoes to ensure that the peeled tomatoes do not come in contact with iron. 6. Manufacturers have their own recipes for producing their own brand of tomato ketchup.

#### 7. Transitive and Intransitive Verbs

- **A.** 1. attend, Transitive 2. stopped, Transitive 3. avoid, Transitive 4. know, Transitive; guide, Transitive 5. playing, Intransitive 6. gone, Intransitive 7. lived, Transitive 8. overlook, Transitive 9. studied, Intransitive; failed, Intransitive 10. left, Transitive; needed, Transitive
- B. 1. laughed 2. slipped 3. coughed 4. blushed 5. bled 6. arrived
- **C.** 1. Her confidence had now completely evaporated. 2. He is yawning. 3. God exists. 4. She is shivering. 5. His uncle died. 6. He screamed. 7. Tanya is sleeping. 8. She fainted. 9. A child is crying. 10. The young girl blushed. 11. Nisha is weeping. 12. He slipped. 13. She sighed with fear. 14. Proud decays. 15. The train has arrived.

# 8. Determiners

- **A.** 1. A woman is standing there. 2. He bought an elephant. 3. The pen he bought is red. 4. The king is very kind to the people. 5. She is a beautiful girl. 6. The sweater is knitted by my mother. 7. The book is very interesting. 8. A boy is standing under a tree.
- **B.** 1. These 2. That 3. Your 4. Which 5. Whose 6. This 7. your 8. Those 9. My 10. These
- **C.** 1. These is some tea in the jar. 2. Which movie is your favourite? 3. That building is beautiful. 4. My car is of white colour. 5. Take any of two apples, both are red. 6. Sonu is a good friend of mine. 7. Those girls are my seniors. 8. Which way are you going? **D.** 1. Many 2. Form 4. Every 5. Fither 6. Food 7. Many 2. Source 10. little
- D. 1. Many 2. Few 3. Some 4. Every 5. Either 6. Each 7. Many 8. Several 9. little 10. Each

# 9. Adjectives

- **A.** 1. big 2. beautiful 3. honest 4. best 5. wise 6. gracious. 7. big 8. poor 9. sweet 10. naughty
- B. 1. some 2. little 3. much 4. lot 5. a lot of 6. much 7. great 8. little 9. much 10. any
- **C.** 1. first 2. few 3. five 4. first 5. first 6. All 7. two 8. many 9. Few 10. first 11. five 12. Few 13. any 14. second 15. one
- ${\bf D.}$  1. That 2. That 3. These 4. Certain 5. Such 6. such 7. these 8. That 9. These 10. These

- E. 1. What 2. Which 3. What 4. Which 5. Whose 6. Whose 7. Which 8. Whose 9. Which 10. What
- **F.** 1. Every, Distributive numeral adjective 2. few, Indefinite numeral adjective 3. Which, Interrogative adjective 4. that, Demonstrative adjective 5. several, Adjective of number 6. next, Adjective of number 7. first, Adjective of number 8. last, Adjective of number 9. Either, Distributive numeral adjective 10. enough, Adjective of quantity
- G. 1. own 2. own 3. very 4. very 5. own 6. own 7. complete 8. very 9. own 10. very
- **H.** 1. accessible 2. adversary 3. wonderful 4. picturesque 5. wooden 6. innermost 7. latest 8 whitish 9. older 10. dependent 11. trustworthy 12. preferable

#### 10. Comparison of Adjectives

- **A.** 1. tallest 2. more 3. as, as 4. smallest 5. smallest 6. more, than 7. so, as 8. most 9. louder 10. as, as
- B. 1. some 2. any 3. many 4. a few 5. some 6. little 7. any 8. a little
- C. 1. later 2. latest 3. last 4. next 5. last 6. latter 7. elder 8. later
- **D.** 1. better, best 2. fatter, fattest 3. more popular, most popular 4. worse, worst 5. wealthier, wealthiest 6. more intelligent, most intelligent 7. less, least 8. older, oldest 9. uglier, ugliest 10. more courageous, most courageous 11. whiter, whitest 12. funnier, funniest

#### 11. Articles

- **A.** 1. an 2. an 3. a 4. a 5. a 6. an 7. a 8. an 9. a 10. an
- **B.** 1. The, the 2. The 3. The, a 4. The, the 5. a 6. The, the 7. The, a 8. an 9. The, the 10. An, a 11. The, the 12. the
- **C.** 1. Dinner is ready. 2. Apples are good to eat. 3. When do you have breakfast? 4. This is the article which she published. 5. Gold is a precious metal. 6. An aeroplane flies in the sky. 7. Have you had lunch yet? 8. I have worked hard all day and now I am tired.

## 12. Adverbs

- **A.** 1. there 2. there 3. here 4. there 5. everywhere 6. downstairs 7. anywhere 8. somewhere
- B. 1. quickly 2. slowly 3. neatly 4. easily 5. sweetly 6. gladly 7. loudly 8. skilfully
- C. 1. I always stood first. 2. I go to school daily. 3. She often comes here.
- 4. He seldom goes there. 5. I go to market once a month. 6. He is very happy. 7. He frequently forgets his mobile. 8. Sanyam never tells a lie.
- D. 1. absolutely 2. a lot 3. so 4. so 5. very 6. almost 7. very 8. almost 9. very 10. very
- E. 1. tomorrow 2. never 3. soon 4. yesterday 5. soon 6. now 7. soon 8. never
- **F.** 1. She will certainly come here 2. Therefore I cannot do it. 3. Hence she is not happy. 4. Hopefully she went to Mumbai. 5. She unexpectedly asked him. 6. She will surely come. 7. However she is not sure. 8. She is probably very hungry.
- G. 1. When 2. much 3. Why 4. Where 5. How 6. many 7. When 8. When
- H. 1, where 2, why 3, when 4, when 5, when 6, where 7, why 8, why
- **I.** 1. I am often late for office, 2. I only asked for a glass of water. 3. She has almost finished the homework. 4. He usually drives to school. 5. She seldom disagrees with me. 6. We shall certainly meet them soon. 7. He did fairly well in the match. 8. I rather like the cloth that I bought yesterday.
- **J.** 1. just 2. highly 3. hard 4. short 5. nearly 6. Lately 7. highly 8. rightly 9. justly 10. late
- **K.** 1. My suitcase was packed tight. This shirt is tight. 2. Meetings take place at fortnightly intervals. The committee meets fortnightly 3. Employees are paid weekly. This is a weekly magazine. 4. Don't hit it so hard. She had a hard life. 5. She opened her eyes wide. The road was wide enough. 6. The Sun just came out. It was a just decision. 7. They went long. This road is so long. 8. Please be here at 9 o'clock

sharp. His mind is so sharp. 9. I prefer to deal with him direct. It is a direct object. 10. The sun was low in the sky. They are low caste people.

## Comprehension Harmful Mosquitoes

1. b 2. d 3. d 4. a 5. b 6. d

## 13. Direct and Indirect Speech

- **A.** 1. She said that they were late that day. 2. My mother told me that she had been waiting for me since evening. 3. He told his friend that he had lost his shirt the previous day. 4. She told at the concert that they hadn't heard that song before. 5. The teacher told the students that apples are red. 6. Puneet asked where the bike was. 7. My younger sister told me that I could sing well if I tried seriously. 8. She told her brother that she would attend the meeting.
- **B.** 1. Hina inquired of me if I was going to the exhibition. 2. The landlord asked whether he really felt comfortable there. 3. He asked if he would return his bike immediately. 4. The master asked angrily why he had disturbed him. 5. Sneha asked who was that boy. 6. The shopkeeper asked whether I would get him that design. 7. The man asked if he knew where the school was. 8. The stranger asked me if I could tell him my name.
- **C.** 1. I requested Raj to help me in solving that sum. 2. The parents advised the children not to go out in the dark. 3. Her brother suggested her to work hard. 4. He requested me not to scold him. 5. I asked my friend if he could make a cup of tea for me. 6. My mother told me that in that way I would lose all my money. 7. My friend asked if I would like to go for a movie. 8. She said that they shifted there a month before.
- **D.** 1. He said to Rekha, "Is it permitted?" 2. Ketan said to him, "Will you take part in dance?" 3. She said to children, "Can you draw?" 4. The stranger said, "Is here a bus stop?" 5. He wanted to know, "How is he injured?" 6. He said, "Where do they live?" 7. She said, "Is someone here?" 8. Ram said to Mansi, "I am right and you are wrong."

## 14. Simple Tenses

- **A.** 1. ran to open the door. 2. wants to collect coins. 3. likes to work in the garden. 4. love to dance in the parties. 5. went to play in the park. 6. sat to read a newspaper. 7. love to watch television. 8. learns to speak Spanish and Russian. 9. needs to like coffee. 10. love to listen to music.
- B. 1. jogged, walk 2. read, resolved 3. take 4. extended, promised 5. studies, works, sleeps 6. get, shall sleep 7. drinks, will eat 8. will, do 9. will enjoy 10. will, find, shall submit

## 15. Continuous Tenses

1. She was walking so fast that she was becoming breathless. 2. My uncle will be selling the old house and buying a new one. 3. They are tieing his hands and feet and holding him fast. 4. She will be leaving for Chennai. She will be taking a new job. 5. The police will be guarding the roads. 6. I am reading an article about what the government is planning to achieve in the field of education in five years. 7. I shall not be receiving any information from him. 8. They are coming to my house to tell me what is happening. 9. He is pushing and jostling in the crowd. 10. The dog is happily chasing its own tail for hours.

## 16. Perfect Tenses

**A.** 1. The movie will have begun when you reach the theatre. 2. The director has just arrived for the function. 3. We have known her for a while. 4. The girl had injured before the police arrived. 5. We shall have reached the airport around then. 6. The book stall had closed when we reached. 7. I had worked for four hours when she

- arrived. 8. The game will have begun when you reach the stadium. 9. I had watched TV. 10. I have completed my training by noon.
- **B.** 1. spoke, Simple Past Tense 2. rises, Simple Present Tense. 3. is singing, Present Continuous Tense 4. has eaten, Present Perfect Tense 5. had done, Past Perfect Tense 6. shall have completed, Future Perfect Tense 7. will have completed, Future Perfect Tense 8. will have announced, Future Perfect Tense 9. will have reached, Future Perfect Tense 10. had left, Past Perfect Tense
- **C.** 1. have done 2. had sunk 3. will have heard 4. has departed 5. had finished 6. had written 7. will have left 8. will have completed 9. have lived 10. have known

## 17. Perfect Continuous Tenses

- **A.** 1. has not been feeling 2. has been giving 3. have been reading 4. have been going 5. have not been coming 6. has been playing 7. have been waiting 8. Has, been raining 9. has been visiting 10. have been watching
- **B.** 1. has been crying 2. had been playing 3. has been playing 4. had been working 5. had not been studying 6. will have been sitting 7. had been knowing 8. had been living 9. had not been practising 10. had been teaching
- **C.** 1. will have been visiting 2. will have been winning 3. shall have been completing 4. will have been leaving 5. shall have been meeting 6. will have been 7. will have been flying 8. will have been costing 9. shall, have been inviting 10. will not have been permitting

## 18. Subject-Verb Agreement

- **A.** 1. is 2. is 3. has 4. is 5. is 6. plays 7. have 8. is 9. was 10. is 11. are 12. have 13. is 14. is 15. are
- **B.** 1. Slow and steady wins the race. 2. Some of the girls are sick. 3. The pair of trousers is his. 4. She and I are leaving the job. 5. Five million rupees is a lot of money. 6. Each of the criminals was arrested. 7. Some of the milk has curdled. 8. Many of the peaches were sour. 9. Much of the wheat was saved from pests. 10. The news is shocking.

## Comprehension Journey

1. b 2. a 3. c 4. a 5. b

## 19. Prepositions

- A. 1. since 2. on, at 3. for 4. by 5. in 6. on 7. till 8. on 9. in 10. by
- **B.** 1. under 2. on behalf of 3. without 4. under 5. because of 6. within 7. along with 8. in front of
- C. 1. about 2. in 2. of 4. to 5. at 6. into 7. along 8. before
- **D.** 1. around, Preposition of Place 2. into, Preposition of Motion 3. over, Preposition of Place. 4. with, Preposition of Cause 5. for, Preposition of Purpose 6. by, Preposition of Source 7. with, Preposition of Source 8. from, Preposition of Cause 9. off, Preposition of Motion 10. upon, Preposition of Motion
- E. 1. on 2. after 3. in 4. on 5. with 6. of 7. from 8.by 9. since 10. on

## 20. Conjunctions

- **A.** 1. You must walk fast otherwise you will miss the bus. 2. Do your work properly or leave the job. 3. He was found stealing, so he was arrested. 4. I could not come to school yesterday for I had a backpain. 5. The rabbit was fast but the tortoise was steady. 6. God made the man and man made the country. 7. He is neither my brother nor my friend. 8. They knew she will not come, still they were waiting for her. 9. Tell the truth otherwise you will be punished. 10. You must obey the rules or leave the school.
- **B.** 1. No sooner I entered the house than my father shouted at me. 2. Not only my present job is good but also my earlier job was good. 3. English is neither boring nor

- difficult. 4. No sooner Aman reached the office than the rain started. 5. I like fruits as well as nuts very much. 6. As he drove very fast, so I was left behind. 7. He must improve his eating habits as well as his health. 8. The athlete was not only fined but also expelled. 9. I informed all the members as well as the chairman about the meeting. 10. Either do your work carefully or stop attending the lectures.
- **C.** 1. He lost not only his suitcase but also his papers. 2. He was punished because he had committed forgery. 3. She is very old, still she enjoys good health. 4. He works hard in order that he may earn fame. 5. The question was easy, still many boys failed to solve. 6. The maid neither could not read nor write. 7. I will come with you if you desire it. 8. All will respect you as you are sincere. 9. No more money is available, so the work has been stopped. 10. The road was bad, so all the traffic was diverted

## 21. Active and Passive Voice

- **A.** 1. had caused, Active Voice 2. was gifted, Passive Voice 3. drank, Active Voice 4. opened, Active Voice 5. obeyed, Active Voice 6. was achieved, Passive Voice 7. will be delivered, Passive Voice 8. was prepared, Passive Voice 9. lined, cheered, Active Voice 10. picked up. Active Voice
- **B.** 1. This book was written by a famous writer. 2. The dogs are fed by Amit. 3. Rajat was invited to the party by Ria. 4. Sacred trees were often prayed by ancient people. 5. Your work must be completed today by you. 6. My hall is being decorated by Kavya. 7. Was this article written by you? 8. The blind man was helped by Sneha.
- **C.** 1. I was allowed to use their table by them. 2. Slogans were shouted by the labourers. 3. They were told to write a letter of apology by him. 4. The prizes will be given away by the minister. 5. The food is cooked by the servant. 6. By whom will those ministers be disciplined? 7. A new building will be constructed near the road by them. 8. His new car was driven by Shubham. 9. His old house has been sold by him. 10. The sum was solved easily by the student.
- **D.** 1. By whom was the final charge taken? 2. Lunch is being had by the workers. 3. Books are issued from this library by the students. 4. Their candidate should be reconsidered by them. 5. A new house is being made by the labourers. 6. The hall was built in 1955 by them. 7. The project was started last year by her. 8. The contracts were prepared last year by the company. 9. A reasonable deadline has been set up by them. 10. A new road will be started by them.
- **E.** 1. You are requested to shut the door. 2. Let the police be informed. 3. Let the doctor be called. 4. Let the fan be switched off. 5. Let not the flowers be plucked. 6. Let the students be punished. 7. Let not the school be bunked. 8. Let the time never be wasted.
- **F.** 1. By whom has this been done? 2. What is contained in this pocket? 3. When will the office be shifted by them? 4. Has the painting been completed by you? 5. By whom was this lovely ring presented to you? 6. How is a useful medicine made by this plant? 7. By whom were such tricks as these taught to you? 8. Why are we shouted at by you?
- **G.** 1. Shruti is painting three paintings. 2. That child broke the blue bulb. 3. My aunt has knitted this cardigan. 4. They praised the performance. 5. Someone has pulled down the old building. 6. I expect summer showers. 7. Columbus discovered America. 8. The court has found the man guilty. 9. Shut the door. 10. Please wait outside.

## 22. Simple, Compound and Complex Sentences

- **A.** 1. The broken table, bear 2. Mahi and Mani, played 3. We, went 4. She, has 5. He, opened 6. Sohan, leads 7. She, come 8. He, lives 9. Rohan, plays 10. He, works
- B. 1. She felt sorry for she was punished. 2. Though she was not very well educated,

yet she led a comfortable life. 3. You must leave now or you will be late. 4. She was intelligent, therefore she won the trophy. 5. They are not rich but they are happy. 6. She not only works in a college but also manages her shop. 7. Hardly had they reached home when it began to rain. 8. As he is a good boy, he helps people. 9. She is not only sincere but also punctual. 10. She is my neighbour, so she plays with me.

**C.** 1. No one came to school as it was a holiday. 2. That is the park where I played. 3. She always carries a torch at night because she is scared of dark. 4. He failed in the competition because he did not study. 5. The dog saw the bread that was on the table. 6. Rekha was happy when she reached Delhi. 7. We expect that they will win the match. 8. There was a boy who wanted to be the king. 9. Although he is very tired, he will come. 10. Since you lied him, he is angry.

## Comprehension A Trip

1. b 2. a 3. c 4. b 5. c 6. c

## 23. Synonyms

1. long 2. sad 3. fruitful 4. insane 5. free 6. size 7. love 8. following 9. true 10. follow 11. reward 12. word 13. control 14. success 15. polite

## 24. Antonyms

- **A.** 1. opaque 2. compulsory 3. public 4. untidy 5. student 6. genuine 7. captivity 8. exit 9. reveal 10. defense
- **B.** 1. expand 2. admit 3. distract 4. internal 5. timid 6. easy 7. depart 8. static 9. descend 10. reserved

#### 25. Proverbs

1. Eating an apple everyday is good for health. 2. Those who speak much often work less. 3. Corrective measures are always good. 4. A person who has a bad experience once always dreads to initiate. 5. The more one hurries in any work, the less is likely to be his speed in doing the work. 6. One should think and plan before speaking as words once spoken cannot be taken back. 7. It's difficult to teach something new to a grown-up person. 8. Those people who talk a lot and are always teaching others usually do not do much work.

## **SPARKLING GRAMMAR CLASS-8**

## 1. The Sentence

**A.** 1. How tense the young girl looks! **2.** I will reach late. **3.** How hot the day is! 4. Am I not right? 5. He does not sell vegetables. 6. Did the train get late? 7. Is she not an artist? 8. It is an unsatisfactory reply. 9. You should not break rules. 10. How sweet the song is!

В.	1.	! E	2	R	3 R	4. ! E	5. ? Q
	6.	. R	7	С	8. ? Q	9 S	10. ! E

- **C.** 1. He bought an expensive car last year that he sold. 2. He wanted the money and he got it. 3. I can prove it that he is a liar. 4. The girl was too weak to walk. 5. He carelessly lost his documents. 6. He bought a house which belonged to his uncle. 7. He is honest therefore he is respected by all. 8. Reena is a girl who is an excellent cook. 9. She is sure about her success. 10. He borrowed a pen yesterday but he had lost it.
- **D.** 1. Complex 2. Complex 3. Simple 4. Compound 5. Compound 6. Complex 7. Compound 8. Complex 9. Complex 10. Complex
- E. 1. is 2. is 3. come, take 4. had 5. is 6. accepted 7. is 8. hope 9. spotted 10. is.

#### 2. Nouns

- **A.** 1. Akshay Kumar 2. Red Fort 3. stick 4. lunch, friend 5. boy 6. child 7. house 8. Gandhiji 9. table 10. orphan
- **B.** 1. poverty 2. agreement 3. merriment 4. entertainment 5. education 6. absence 7. heroism 8. difference 9. improvement 10. bravery
- **C.** 1. A pride of lions attacked the enemy. 2. I need to buy a stack of tables. 3. A flush of ducks gathered near the gate. 4. I bought a bouquet of flowers. 5. A float of crocodiles were visible at a distance. 6. The team of players won the game. 7. They saw a colony of frogs. 8. The flock of sheep is grazing in the field. 9. The faculty of class was coming. 10. The bench of judges judged the case.
- **D.** 1. wood 2. gold 3. clay 4. bricks, stones 5. iron 6. flour 7. graphite 8. silver 9. stone 10, rubber.
- **E.** 1. sympathy 2. sorrow 3. darkness 4. Idleness 5. companionship 6. dangerous 7. Honesty 8. wisdom 9. Kindness 10. love.

#### 3. Gender

- **A.** 1. girl 2. washerwoman 3. grandmother 4. milkwoman 5. aunt 6. mare 7. cow 8. wife 9. bitch 10. bride.
- **B.** 1. tiger 2. prince 3. god 4. king 5. peacock 6. grandfather 7. bachelor 8. brother 9. man 10. cock.
- C. Common genders: cousins, parents.
- Neuter genders: market, books, stationery, pencils, pens, books, table, home
- **D.** 1. a 2. b 3. a 4. b 5. c 6. c 7. a 8. c 9. c 10. b 11. b 12. d.

#### 4. Number

- **A.** 1. have 2. is 3. are 4. is 5. belongs 6. were 7. is 8. were 9. is 10. is
- **B.** 1. troubles 2. glass 3. wheat 4. news 5. cattle 6. scenery 7. shoes 8. people 9. sheep 10. alphabet

## 5. Pronouns

- **A.** 1. he, Anshul 2. It, dog 3. her, Dina 4. he, Jai 5. its, medicine 6. He, Aman 7. It, dress 8. he, Raman 9. you, Pooja 10. they, children.
- **B.** 1. he 2. us 3. them 4. mine 5. me 6. yours 7. yours 8. yours 9. yours 10. mine.
- C. 1. What 2. Which 3. These 4. Which 5. this 6. that 7. these 8. This 9. Who 10. Whom.
- **D.** 1. Reflexive 2. Emphatic 3. Reflexive 4. Reflexive 5. Reflexive 6. Emphatic 7. Reflexive 8. Reflexive 9. Emphatic 10. Emphatic.
- **E.** 1. Each 2. Everything 3. nothing 4. Someone 5. each other 6. each other 7. One 8. Each 9. Neither 10. either.
- F. 1. who 2. that 3. anyone 4. anyone 5. all 6. who 7. whose 8. who 9. whom 10. any.

## Comprehension

## **Your Amazing Brain**

1. c 2. d 3. c 4. d 5. a.

### 6. Adjectives

- **A.** 1. blackish 2. careful 3. terrifying 4. preferable 5. beautiful 6. handy 7. wordless 8. reddish 9. countless 10. woollen.
- **B.** 1. electric, car 2. favourite, Italian, dishes 3. university, bookstore, available, chemistry.
- **C.** 1. long yellow 2. tall thin 3. excellent farming 4. big red 5. young intelligent 6. ten US 7. great new 8. long camping 9. big blue cotton 10. three empty water 11. small English tea 12. flimsy green cardboard 13. big brown German 14. boring old philosophy.

- **D.** 1. little 2. much 3. many 4. few 5. many 6. some 7. few 8. many.
- E, 1, These 2, those, my 3, Your, her 4, this, my 5, That, this 6, their 7, that 8, Her,
- F. 1. Whose 2. Which 3. Which 4. What 5. Which 6. What 7. Which 8. Whose.

## 7. Comparison of Adjectives

- **A.** 2. Akbar was greater than any other king in the world. 3. The USA is richer than any other country in the world. 4. Lead is heavier than any other metal. 5. The sword is not as mighty as the pen. 6. Mumbai is larger than any other city in India. 7. London is larger than any other city in England. 8. The Times of India has larger circulation than any other newspaper in India. 9. I have not seen any other taller building than this. 10. No other metal is as useful as iron.
- **B.** 1. worse, worst 2. much, most 3. little, less 4. happier, happier 5. hot, hottest 6. sad, sadder 7. redder, reddest 8. farther, farthest 9. bad, worst 10. proper, more proper 11. more courageous, most courageous 12. dry, driest.

## 8. Adverbs

- **A.** 1. very 2. already 3. daily 4. yesterday 5. today 6. joyfully 7. very 8. How 9. gladly 10. bravely.
- **B.** 1. I teach carefully. 2. He pronounces the English language well. 3. Rajat studies brilliantly. 4. Sheena does not learn fast. 5. She takes revenge quickly. 6. Work very hard. 7. She rises early. 8. Mrs. Bansal approaches the subject for less artistically. 9. The patients of malaria have been increased rapidly. 10. She behaves more courteously than him.
- **C.** 1. well 2. hard 3. later 4. faster 5. cheerfully 6. better 7. best 8. slowly 9. worst 10. neatly.
- **D.** 1. Is Ramesh already there? 2. Kanika is still very intelligent. 3. She wrote a letter carefully. 4. Nothing ever appears by chance. 5. She has just started a school. 6. She kept her view quite cleverly. 7. They often have been told that. 8. She rarely makes any mistake. 9. She had almost died of choking smoke. 10. They always come here to stav

## 9. Determiners

- A. 1. my 2. Which 3. my, my 4. your 5. a 6. A 7. the 8. a 9. an 10. my
- **B.**1. Whose, Interrogative 2. How much, Interrogative 3. This, Demonstrative 4. any, Quantifier 5. five, Determiner of Number 6. Most, Quantifier 7. his, Possessive 8. first, Determiner of Number, his, Possessive 9. Those, Demonstrative 10. The, the, Article
- **C.** 1. The French are artistic. 2. I do not put any water. 3. I waited several hours for them. 4. Which book they are reading? 5. Put the book in your bag. 6. This bag is heavier than that. 7. These mangoes are sweet. 8. Can you lend me some sugar? 9. The people turned up for the meeting. 10. Some houses are being built in that area.

## 10. Articles

- **A.** 1. He has a metal ring. 2. He wants to become an engineer. 3. What a shot! 4. What a wonderful building! exclaimed Chetan. 5. A goat and a monkey were friends. 6. An African and a European were the members. 7. Only a few people attended the meeting. 8. Shiraz is a manager. 9. There are a dozen bananas. 10. Harshit is an architect.
- **B.** 1. a 2. an 3. a 4. an 5. a 6. an 7. a 8. a 9. an 10. an
- C. 1, a 2, an 3, the 4, the 5, an 6, an 7, the 8. The 9, the 10, the
- **D.** 1. an 2. × 3. × 4. × 5. an 6. the 7. × 8. × 9. × 10. a
- **E.** 1. an 2. The 3. × 4. × 5. the 6. the 7. × 8. × 9. An 10. a. 11. The 12. × 13. an 14. The 15. a, a

#### 11. Non-Finite Verbs

- **A.** 1. Give me something to drink. 2. She arrived early to watch us play. 3. He started to read the lesson when teacher arrived. 4. The pages torn when he tried to turn them. 5. He has two kids to look after. 6. She went back home to relax. 7. He has some loan to pay. 8. Work is not to be neglected. 9. Remember to keep the books on the top shelf. 10. She began to enjoy the work she is given.
- **B.** 1. She is going to college to teach. 2. He is too ill to continue work right now. 3. Did you remember to pay the money? 4. He is very poor to afford the food. 5. I was sorry to hear of his loss. 6. This is her greatest desire to help old people. 7. I advised her to drink more milk. 8. Call me immediately not to stop the work. 9. He stopped at the restaurant to have some food. 10. She stopped the work to attend the guests.
- **C.** 1. Having finished, Perfect Participle 2. no Participle 3. weeping, Present Participle 4. no, Participle 5. Having borrowed, Perfect Participle 6. Learned, Participial Adjective 7. chirping, Present Participle 8. Beaten, Past Participle 9. transferred, Past Participle 10. Drawing, Present Participle, advanced, Past Participle
- **D.** 1. Speaking 2. shining 3. Making 4. Forgetting 5. Weeping 6. Talking 7. screaming 8. Shouting
- **E.** 1. collecting 2. Walking 3. Planning 4. Reading 5. Writing 6. Making 7. Running 8. sleeping 9. Listening 10. Putting
- **F.** 1. Hearing, she, Participle 2. watching, Gerund, object 3. dancing, learning, Gerund, object 4. Jumping, cat, Participle 5. being, Gerund, used after preposition 6. visiting, Gerund, used after preposition 7. earning, Gerund, used after preposition 8. making, clown, Participle, 9. singing, Gerund, object 10. Walking, Gerund, subject

### Comprehension

## **Marketing Strategy**

1. consumers 2. exception, identifiable 3. significantly 4. demographic

#### 12. The Present Tense

- **A.** 2. drives, is driving 3. rains, rains 4. carry, am carrying 5. run, are running 6. is ringing, rings 7. is doing, does 8. smokes, is smoking 9. watch, am not watching 10. are working, work 11. is waiting, is waiting 12. rides 13. am going, go 14. am learning, am learning 15. plays, is playing 16. helps 17. clean 18. is reading, is reading 19. is running, wants 20. am chatting 21. are waiting 22. go 23. is doing 24. contains 25. visit
- **B.** 1. been learning 2. cut 3. been running 4. eaten 5. been cleaning 6. finished 7. has been calling 8. been visiting 9. been living 10. finished
- **C.** 1. have been watering 2. have been staying 3. have, been doing 4. Have, been waiting 5. has been writing 6. have been waiting 7. has been working 8. have been playing 9. have been watching 10. has been raining.

## 13. The Past Tense

- **A.** 1. was leading, had 2. was reading, came 3. called, was watching 4. bit, was eating 5. fell, was hanging 6. were watching, danced 7. tried, was jogging. 8. was taking, called 9. were watching, came 10. hurt, was hitting 11. was having, went 12. was sleeping, entered
- **B.** 1. had adopted 2. had lived 3. had gone 4. had not gone, had not attended 5. had married 6. had got, had remarried, had not got 7. had owned 8. had given 9. had worked 10. had worked, had not worked, had been
- **C.** 1. had finished, checked 2. had been, heard 3. had been eating 4. had eaten, arrived 5. got, had missed 6. had not listened 7. had been drinking 8. had been playing 9. had been jumping 10. had been trying

#### 14. The Future Tense

- **A.** 1. will teach 2. shall give 3. shall, be sailing 4. will be staying 5. will go 6. will tell 7. will be 8. will, come 9. will be crossing 10. will go 11. will be 12. will be sleeping 13. will, be raining 14. will attend 15. will, put
- **B.** 1. shall have been living 2. will have written 3. will have been writing 4. will, have finished 5. shall have been marrying 6. shall have been. 7. will she have been 8. will have painted 9. shall, have finished 10. will have eaten

#### 15. Modal Auxiliaries

- **A.** 1. Can 2. should 3. Would 4. need to 5. Shall 6. can 7. ought to 8. might 9. can 10. may
- **B.** 1. You may walk through this boundary. 2. Do you think she could still sing. 3. I may gave him permission to come by bike. 4. Perhaps it might not be going to work. 5. Do you think she could be planning a party? 6. I may gave him permission to submit the file tomorrow. 7. You can use the ticket. 8. Perhaps it might be Sneha who leaked out the surprise.
- C. 1. will 2. will 3. shall 4. will 5. shall 6. will 7. shall 8. will 9. Shall 10. shall
- **D.** 1. would 2. should 3. Would 4. should 5. Would 6. Should 7. should 8. Would 9. would 10. would
- **E.** 1. needn't 2. must 3. ought to 4. must 5. ought to 6. must 7. mustn't 8. need to 9. must 10. ought to be
- F. 1. may 2. ought to 3. May 4. should 5. may 6. can 7. must 8. may
- **G.** 1. May God bless you! 2. I can do it. 3. I could swim well once upon a time. 4. Pranav might come to school tomorrow. 5. I shall buy this shirt. 6. She will get the result next week. 7. One should always be practical. 8. One shouldn't tell a lie. 9. Would you like dosa? 10. Wouldn't you do me a favour? 11. You ought to obey your teachers. 12. You must follow the rules. 13. You don't need to be worried about it. 14. I dare to face the situation. 15. One mustn't play on the road. 16. You needn't be worried for anything. 17. She has to do it. 18. I have to go there. 19. Richa daren't face the problem. 20. You oughtn't bunk the class.

## 16. Active and Passive Voice

- **A.** 1. The extra department has been decided to be closed by the office authorities. 2. Curd is made from cow's milk by us. 3. These rooms were decorated by those talented children. 4. Neena was scolded for her rude behaviour by her mother. 5. This work was done expertly by her. 6. He is looked after by me. 7. Her children are looked after very well by her. 8. The ball was caught easily by the captain. 9. A new bridge will be constructed over the river by them. 10. The letter is being typed by the clerk.
- **B.** 1. Was the thief caught by them? 2. Will the new bridge be inaugurated by the king? 3. Are the cars in Korea made by them? 4. Why has the film been banned by the government? 5. When was the plane hijacked by them? 6. Was the child killed by the bull? 7. Has the body been found by the police? 8. Is our complaint being looked into by you? 9. Has the mail been delivered by the postman? 10. Has this beautiful picture been drawned by her? 11. How were you treated by your host family? 12. By what was the accident caused?
- **C.** 1. The quality of your work delighted us. 2. Are the children making a noise? 3. The storm damaged the building. 4. The director eagerly listened to the narrative. 5. Who has committed this crime? 6. She teaches us French. 7. Can you repair it? 8. Fire struck the school. 9. The doctor attended the child. 10. Have they carried out my orders?
- D. 1. Let the television be turned off. 2. Let the work be completed. 3. Let I be given a

glass of water. 4. Let it be brought home. 5. Let not the dog be beaten. 6. Let we be gone for a walk. 7. Let your lesson be learned. 8. Let your book be revised. 9. Let the needy be helped. 10. Let your room be cleaned. 11. Let not the noise be made. 12. Let not your dog be teased.

## Comprehension

### From Nomad to Farmer

1. 'Ice bridge' theory is reasonable because the earth was experiencing an Ice Age thousands of years ago. 2. Benefits of living life as a nomad was gathering plants growing in the wild. 3. Other uses may be watering the crops, bathing, etc. 4. Because they had to adapt to the climate and resources of that area. 5. The Great Plains would be most suitable because of agriculture, availability of water and transport.

### 17. Prepositions

- **A.** 1. for 2. in 3. due to 4. off 5. about 6. in 7. into 8. to 9. in 10. In spite
- B. 1. in 2. On 3. after 4. at 5. in 6. before 7. in 8. on 9. at 10. under
- C. 1. into 2. over 3. across 4. through 5. round 6. to 7. towards 8. across

## 18. Conjunctions

- **A.** 1. He was ill, so he went to the doctor. 2. She is not intelligent, yet she writes well. 3. He is a doctor but he likes music. 4. I will come with you but you have to promise me. 5. The restaurant was expensive but the food was not good. 6. Our trip was cancelled, so we watched the movie. 7. I was angry but I did not reveal my feelings. 8. She likes tea and coffee. 9. I was exhausted, so I had to go for a long drive. 10. Jai helps in my work, for Jai cares for me.
- **B.** 1. She finished her work first though she started late. 2. He is as quiet as me. 3. My brother is faster than you. 4. The girl sang while the children danced. 5. She is leaving, so that we are giving her farewell. 6. Karan is as clever as his brother. 7. You will not get anything unless you reach early. 8. If you wish, it shall be done. 9. As they were not there, I spoke to their guard. 10. Because you are careless, you have to face loss.
- **C.** 1. So, that 2. not only, but also 3. not only, but also 4. so, that 5. as well as 6. Both, and 7. as if 8. not only, but also 9. Both, and 10. as well as

## 19. Interjections

- A. 1. Hurrah 2. Hush 3. Wow 4. Hello 5. Ugh. Oh 7. Wow 8. Shh
- **B.** 1. Huh! What a giant animal. 2. Hurrah! We have won the match. 3. Hey! What is you name? 4. Well done! You have received a promotion. 5. Ah! I lost my keys. 6. Wow! What a beautiful place. 7. Alas! She failed. 8. Oops! You broke the vase. 9. Ah! I am very tired. 10. Phew! The work is complete.
- C. Do yourself.

## 20. Direct and Indirect Speech

- **A.** 1. Prem said that he was hungry. 2. The boys said that they had played hockey. 3. Sanchi asked her friend if he remembered the lady they were talking about. 4. Grandfather said that he was tired. 5. Jaya requested Deepa to lend her watch to her for some time. 6. The teacher instructed his students to locate the fertile regions on the map of India. 7. Mother said that Anil would go to the market. 8. The boy said that he was sorry for breaking the window. 9. Rohit asked his friend if they were leaving that day. 10. We said that we were happy.
- **B.** 1. The participant enquired when the show would begin. 2. Gagan asked who would be the next coach of their team. 3. I asked Jatin if he was sure they would leave next week. 4. I asked him if he would come for dinner. 5. My aunt asked if I would like a cup of coffee. 6. Dina asked me dearly what she would do for my relatives. 7. Raman asked when I expected to finish that book. 8. I enquired of my brother if he was happy with his decision. 9. I asked if he would accompany me to the market. 10. My friend

asked the child where his sisters were.

- **C.** 1. denied 2. suggested 3. assured 4. complained 5. wished 6. ordered 7. commanded 8. suggested
- D. 1. Leena said, "How intelligent I am!" 2. She said, "I am glad to be here for the party." 3. Karan said to Kapil, "Wait for me here." 4. She said to me, "Please pass the rice." 5. They said to me, "Do you feel sorry for him?" 6. Naman said, "I prefer juice to coffee." 7. He said, "The earth moves round the sun." 8. He said to me, "Will you accompany me?" 9. She said, "Is her name not Shalu?" 10. She said to Rajat, "Go with him." 11. I said to them, "Be silent." 12. The girl said, "I shall go with you." 13. They said to me, "What do you want?" 14. I write, "I will visit her tomorrow." 15. He said, "Alas! I am undone."

## 21. Punctuation

- **A.** 1. Hurrah! They have won the match. 2. O dear! You are injured badly. I think we need to call Dr. Sharma. 3. What a relief! 4. I read "Alice in Wonderland" last week. 5. "Why did you purchase so many vegetables?" I asked him. 6. Well, this is indeed a pleasant surprise. 7. She said, "I am not feeling well." 8. Can I visit him tomorrow? 9. Men and women, young and old, enjoyed the show. 10. We bought pens, pencils, papers and crayons.
- **B.** 1. There is an interesting information in this book about the habits of animals. 2. She was born in India, but grew up in America. 3. Yes, you will be in-change of the team. 4. I need an intelligent person for my research. 5. The people left for Mumbai on 14 March, 2008. 6. Large crowds gathered outside Buckingham Palace, hoping to catch a glimpse of Queen Elizabeth. 7. He is a good person. 8. Rahul, sit down. 9. She is going to the market. 10. I have costly jackets, coats, mufflers and trousers.

# Comprehension Extreme Weather

- A. 1. condensation 2. moisture 3. Lightning 4. tornado 5. hurricane
- **B.** 1. Severe storms happen in low-pressure weather systems. 2. Lightning has enough energy to heat the air all around it. This sudden burst of heat is what causes the noise we know as thunder. 3. A tornado is a spinning mass of air over land that can destroy virtually everything in its path, while a hurricane is the most powerful storm known of Earth. Forming over warm ocean waters off the coast of the tropics, they can become gigantic swirling mixtures of air and water. 4. People can become lost in the snow and freeze to death. 5. Blizzard would be the most difficult weather to face because homes can be covered over with snow, trapping people indoors and freeze to death.

## 22. Phrases and Clauses

- **A.** 1. made of silk 2. from a village 3. in great problem 4. in time 5. in need 6. with a bad temper 7. of one of the criminal groups 8. of great courage 9. woman of sense 10. made of gold 11. with blue eyes 12. with a smile on it 13. of great wealth 14. built of wood 15. with no writing on it
- **B.** 1. into the playground 2. on his face 3. on the road at night 4. at any price 5. to my great profit 6. for a while, on the bench, in the park 7. at home 8. in a beautiful style 9. In her car, 10. at the top of his voice
- **C.** 1. going to the park 2. to win the game 3. Buying a building in this city 4. with waiting for an increment 5. to buy a house 6. exercising in the morning 7. Working for the needy 8. To smoke 9. a panoramic view of the site 10. Flying around the world with family
- D. 1. If I like the sculpture (SC) I shall buy it (MC) 2. Jatin likes painting (MC) but I prefer

crafting (CC) 3. The life of a butterfly is brief (MC) but it is very active (CC) 4. As you are sick (SC) you should not go to play (MC) 5. I am fond of mangoes (MC) but I do not like fruits (CC) 6. He left yesterday (MC) and he has not called since (CC) 7. The article was written by someone (MC) who has a thorough knowledge of the topic (SC) 8. The lady knitted her sweater (MC) while she waited for her son (SC) 9. He took juice (MC) that he might get well soon (SC) 10. She will come (MC) after she gets the permission (SC)

- **E.** 1. that is blue, car 2. that we lived in, building 3. that you gave me, reason 4. who is in the cabin, man 5. who laughs last, He 6. we kept before them, demand 7. that flow down from the Himalayas, rivers 8. that my uncle gave me, chair 9. that bites, dog 10. where I studied, school 11. with a broken handle, umbrella 12. that goes in and out with me, shadow 13. who lives in London, friend 14. whom I admire, painter 15. which leads to the zoo, road
- **F.** 1. as if he was tired, Adverb clause of Manner 2. If I had a million rupees, Adverb clause of Condition 3. in case you feel sick, Adverb clause of Condition 4. as Lata Mangeshkar does, Adverb clause of Manner 5. unless you have a ticket, Adverb clause of Condition 6. wherever you want, Adverb clause of Place 7. though she began late, Adverb clause of Contrast 8. because it is dark outside, Adverb clause of Reason 9. since you repent, Adverb clause of Reason 10. provided I get them at a discount, Adverb clause of Condition 11. The more you have, Adverb clause of Extent 12. as she was told, Adverb clause of Manner 13. lest you should fall down, Adverb clause of Purpose 14. because we made a mistake, Adverb clause of Reason 15. when they saw the gardener coming towards them, Adverb clause of Time
- **G.** 1. why you are angry, object 2. what the soldier did, subject 3. if she will come today, object 4. why he is happy, object 5. that they will perform well, object 6. his grandfather is not well, object 7. that he may be allowed to quit, object 8. That she will come, subject 9. what she says, object of a preposition 10. that he may not be successful, subjective complement

## 23. Synthesis of Sentences

- **A.** 1. Hurting her leg, she stopped running. 2. Feeling tired, he laid his work aside. 3. Gold is a very expensive, golden, bright and beautiful metal. 4. We saw a very fine piece of sculpture. 5. Having a good record, she is impossible to be doubted. 6. He is too fat to run. 7. Getting tired of play, she sat down to rest. 8. To educate her son, she sent him to England. 9. Here goes my friend Rahul. 10. Jawaharlal Nehru, the first Prime Minister of India, died in 1964. 11. Being weak, she came to me to leave. 12. He amused us very much by cracking a joke.
- **B.** 1. The place was dark and dirty. 2. The players as well as the coaches were tired. 3. Not only the journey was long but also the wind was cold. 4. Getting up, I looked about everywhere but could not find my bag. 5. You as well as sumit may go to the party. 6. He was punished for he was stubborn. 7. Seeing an old woman in the street, we stopped to help her and gave her some money. 8. Gita cannot study for she is poor. 9. It is very dark, so I cannot see. 10. I am in the right but you are in the wrong. 11. I was angry but I kept quiet. 12. He is a cheater as well as a thief. 13. Come here and have some fruits. 14. I like neither milk nor coffee. 15. We were not only weak but also lazy.
- **C.** 1. Always remember that you are the head boy of the school. 2. He told me that he paid the money to a guard. 3. The robber who robbed banks, was caught. 4. I went to the park because I needed some refreshment. 5. The boy who fell on the road, hurt his hand that began to bleed. 6. It is a mystery that I cannot solve. 7. Although he was a noted poet, he gave up writing. 8. The girl who has just joined the school lives in Kanpur. 9. The man carried luggage with heavy bags and the station was crowded.

10. Bring me the book that is on the first shelf. 11. I like to visit the zoo because I like animals. 12. She helped her mother whom she loved very much.

## 24. Transformation of Sentences

- **A.** 1. Honesty is better than any other policy. 2. Earlier she was not feeling as good as now. 3. He is one of my best friends. 4. His friend is more handsome than him. 5. This question is easy as any other question. 6. This movie is more popular than most other movies. 7. I have not seen any girl as beautiful as she is. 8. Her brother is cleverer than her. 9. He is the richest man. 10. He is better than all other actors.
- **B.** 1. The girl is not short. 2. Only the coward would say so. 3. The king was not a foolish man. 4. She did not succeed to keep her promise. 5. The woman said everything. 6. India is not a dirty country. 7. No sooner had the principal arrived, the function began. 8. China is the most populated country. 9. She is too honest to cheat people. 10. Everybody accepts the truth.
- **C.** 1. There is no place like home. 2. Isn't she eligible for the job? 3. Doesn't anyone like to be praised? 4. Would anyone like to visit such a place? 5. Everyone likes to be rich. 6. Everyone loves his parents. 7. Who can please easily? 8. Who can repay your help and kindness? 9. Don't waste time. 10. The earth is round.
- **D.** 1. Everyone likes freedom. 2. Oh! You lost your purse. 3. How rich he is! 4. We are very tired. 5. It is a very silly question. 6. It is very sad that this poor beggar is dead. 7. The dance was so wonderful. 8. How cunning she is! 9. Who doesn't like to be appreciated? 10. Man is not immortal. 11. I wish that I could see my mother once. 12. We are very hungry.

## 25. The Same Words Used as Different Parts of Speech

1. Adjective 2. Noun 3. Verb 4. Verb 5. Conjunction 6. Noun 7. Adjective 8. Preposition 9. Verb 10. Conjunction 11. Noun 12. Adjective 13. Adjective 14. Noun 15. Preposition 16. Adjective 17. Preposition 18. Adjective 19. Preposition 20. Adjective 21. Verb 22. Verb 23. Adverb 24. Adjective 25. Conjunction

## Comprehension Public Education

- A. 1. schooling 2. Thomas Jefferson 3. graduate 4. construction
- **B.** 1. The government of other nations often limit education to primary school because parents who want their children to continue their schooling above primary school level, have to pay expensive fees. 2. Vocational training is learning physical jobs like carpentry, plumbing, mechanics, and other practical skills rather than continuing with academics. 3. Some people wanted to give educational opportunities to everyone. This motivated Horace Mann Henry Barnard to care so much about public education. 4. High school graduation rates would not drop if attendance was not required because working persons will also be able to study and appear for graduation exam. 5. This locally based educational system affects our schools a lot. Schools are under specific laws and regulations of its own local state. Thus the education imparted by them differs in level.

26. Synonyms

1. h 2. f 3. e 4. c 5. d 6. b 7. q 8. a

27. Antonyms

1. c 2. b 3. h 4. f 5. g 6. e 7. d 8. a

Comprehension Panama Canal

1. c 2. d 3. b